

UNIT 1. APPEARANCE

1. Verbs

1. 2) looks; 3) don't; 4) look; 5) doesn't; 6) look; 7) Does; 8) Do; 9) looks.
2. 2) lives; 3) live; 4) don't believe; 5) don't believe; 6) hear; 7) are; 8) have; 9) make; 10) likes; 11) likes; 12) is; 13) leave; 14) is.
3. 2) Is ... playing; 3) are ... doing; 4) aren't talking; 5) am getting; 6) is wearing; 7) are ... running; 8) aren't crying, are laughing.
4. 1) isn't wearing; 2) Are you watching; 3) is going, go; 4) am growing; 5) helps; 6) are you putting; 7) doesn't play; 8) is smiling.
5. a) ~~are having~~ — have; ~~is showing~~ — shows; ~~is looking~~ — looks; ~~is hating~~ — hates; ~~is resembling~~ — resembles.
b) Students' own answers.
6. Students' own answers.
7. a) 1) Last week; 2) Now; 3) yesterday; 4) Usually; 5) some years ago; 6) Just look at him; 7) the other day.
b) 1) Every week they watch interesting films. 2) Then we lived in the country. 3) Does your brother take pictures every day? 4) Last year I didn't have freckles. 5) Ann has long curly hair now. 6) Last time I saw him he looked so handsome. 7) I'm not at my grandparents' every Sunday.
8. a) 1) won't be, 'll try, won't wear, 'll have; 2) won't be, 'll be, 'll begin, 'll have, 'll become; 3) 'll have, 'll have to, won't wear, 'll be, won't lose.
b) Students' own answers.
9. a) 2) Are; 3) Did; 4) Were; 5) Does; 6) Is; 7) Will; 8) was; 9) do.
b) Students' own answers.
10. 2) appeared; 3) use; 4) am working; 5) will catch ... will eat; 6) describe; 7) depends; 8) is telling; 9) looks; 10) resembles.

2. Nouns. Articles. Adjectives

11. **Singular countable:** appearance, ponytail, man, character, smile, celebrity, beard, moustache, forehead, fringe. **Uncountable:** beauty, love, money, ice cream, make-up. **Plural:** children, freckles, glasses, braces, lips, women, people, teeth, eyebrows, wrinkles, cheeks.
12. 2) —; 3) an; 4) a; 5) The; 6) —; 7) —; 8) The; 9) a; 10) —; 11) the.
13. 2) the tallest; 3) paler; 4) most popular; 5) more handsome; 6) more important; 7) slimmer, better; 8) uglier, uglier; 9) best, the worst; 10) taller.
14. 2) happier; 3) a bit; 4) a lot; 5) slightly; 6) a bit; 7) young; 8) slightly; 9) slimmer; 10) very.

3. Prepositions and Particles

15. 2j; 3a; 4e; 5b; 6g; 7c; 8i; 9d; 10h.

16. **Look like:** a boy, Harry Potter, a model, a sheep. **Look:** angry, handsome, lovely, tired, ugly.
17. 2) like Harry Potter; 3) tired; 4) like a model; 5) angry; 6) handsome; 7) like a sheep; 8) ugly; 9) like a boy; 10) lovely.
18. 1) with; 2) in; 3) like, —; 4) after, in; 5) like; 6) between; 7) In, —; 8) to; 9) to.

4. Word-building

19. 2) messy; 3) skinny; 4) lovely; 5) Wrinkly; 6) friendly; 7) sunny; 8) motherly; 9) curly.

Progress Test 1

1. 1) × (didn't wore — didn't wear); 2) ✓; 3) × (far ugly — very); 4) ✓; 5) × (much more slimmer); 6) × (Did you were — Were you).
2. 1) —; 2) A; 3) —; 4) an; 5) a; 6) —; 7) a; 8) —; 9) —; 10) the; 11) a; 12) the.
3. 1e; 2a; 3f; 4b; 5d; 6c.
4. 1) are you going; 2) looks; 3) want; 4) saw; 5) loved; 6) will look.
5. Students' own answers.

UNIT 2. CHARACTER

1. Verbs

1. 2, 5, 7, 9.
2. 3) didn't use to; 4) used to; 5) used to; 6) didn't use to; 7) used to; 8) didn't use to; 9) didn't use to.
3. 1) OK; 2) used — use; 3) going — go; 4) OK; 5) use — used; 6) not used — didn't use; 7) grew — grow; 8) OK; 9) doesn't — didn't.
4. 2) used to believe; 3) use to be; 4) used to fight; 5) use to like; 6) used to help; 7) used to write; 8) used to pretend.
5. 1) I used to eat a lot of fast food. 2) I used to be very fat. 3) I didn't use to look fit. 4) My hair didn't use to be straight / used to be curly. 5) I used to look pale. 6) My skin didn't use to look healthy. 7) I used to wear glasses. 8) I didn't use to have many friends.
6. 1) Did McDonalds use to be your favourite place to eat? 2) Did your dad use to collect stamps? 3) Did your brother use to write and draw his own comic books? 4) Did your mum use to know a lot of Marshak's poems by heart? 5) Did you use to love horror films? 6) Did your granny use to watch a lot of musicals? 7) Did your grandpa use to live in the country? 8) Did you use to tell people you wanted to be a pilot?
7. 1) Did Jack use to have freckles? — Yes, he used to have freckles. 2) Did Rosie use to like straight hair? — No, she didn't use to like straight hair. 3) Did Kris use to play sports? — No, he didn't use to play sports. 4) Did Ann use to be an ideal sister? — Yes, she used to be an ideal sister. 5) Did they use to enjoy horror films? — Yes, they used to enjoy horror films. 6) Did Sarah use to live in a big city? — No, she didn't use to live in a big city. 7) Did Kate use to wear a ponytail? — Yes, she used to wear a ponytail. 8) Did Jeff use to look handsome? — Yes, he used to look handsome.

8. 2) wear; 3) use; 4) used; 5) use; 6) Did; 7) didn't; 8) used.
9. 2) What did Alice use to get each day of December? — D. 3) Why did your Dad use to call you *Bandarella*? — E. 4) How did Oscar use to draw? — H. 5) When did you use to read comics? — G. 6) What did Sylvester's mother use to feed him with? — B. 7) Where did Jack use to work? — F. 8) Who used to dislike her curly hair? — A.
10. 2b; 3b; 4a; 5c; 6b; 7a; 8b; 9a; 10c.

2. Nouns. Pronouns. Articles. Adjectives

11. 2) ✓; 3) ✗ Kate's got a long hair. 4) ✓; 5) ✓; 6) ✗ I don't usually wear an eye make-up. 7) ✗ Time flies when you're having a fun. 8) ✓; 9) ✓; 10) ✗ What an attractive houses!
12. 1) a, —; 2) —, —; 3) A, a, a; 4) —; 5) an, a; 6) —; 7) —; 8) a, —, a; 9) a, —; 10) a, —.
13. 1) hairs; 2) —; 3) much; 4) Those; 5) hair, looks, it; 6) —; 7) these; 8) the, —; 9) little, them; 10) —.
14. 1) far more confident; 2) a lot more sociable; 3) a bit lazy; 4) slightly more self-centered; 5) a little arrogant; 6) much more selfless, a lot wittier; 7) a bit stubborn, really bossy; 8) a little more open-minded.

3. Prepositions and Particles

15. 1) about; 2) with; 3) about; 4) to; 5) with; 6) to; 7) of; 8) to; 9) As, of; 10) for.
16. 2e; 3h; 4b; 5d; 6c; 7f; 8a.

4. Word-building

17. 2) good-looking; 3) cold-hearted; 4) hard-working; 5) well-built; 6) quick-witted; 7) absent-minded; 8) green-eyed; 9) easy-going; 10) thick-skinned.
18. 2) un-; 3) in-; 4) in-; 5) un-; 6) im-; 7) dis-; 8) un-.

Progress Test 2

1. 1) ✓; 2) ✗ (A beauty); 3) ✓; 4) ✗ (much — many); 5) ✗ (used — use); 6) ✗ (friendly to — with).
2. 1) a; 2) —; 3) a; 4) a; 5) a; 6) the; 7) a; 8) a; 9) the; 10) the; 11) the; 12) a.
3. 1) many; 2) very; 3) —; 4) that; 5) a; 6) are.
4. 1) Cinderella didn't use to have beautiful dresses. 2) She used to wear dirty clothes. 3) She used to sweep the floor. 4) She didn't use to go to the balls. 5) She didn't use to live in the palace. 6) She used to live with her stepmother and ugly sisters.
5. Students' own answers.

UNIT 3. SHOPPING

1. Verbs

1. 2) bought; 3) gone; 4) chosen; 5) sold; 6) had; 7) done; 8) spent; 9) worn.
2. 1) always, just, yet; 2) already, still, never, ever.

3. 1) Have you seen the new shoes collection yet? 2) They have already built a new department store. 3) I have never worn such expensive trainers. 4) Has Collin ever bought anything at the newsagent's? 5) They haven't sold all the LEGO sets for girls yet. 6) Liz has had only flat shoes so far. 7) Kate hasn't shopped for clothes for ages. 8) How long has this old chemist's been around?
4. 1, 3, 6.
5. 1) Jack hasn't been playing computer games recently. 2) How long have you been waiting for me? 3) Jack hasn't been reading for an hour. 4) What has Ann been trying on for so long? 5) They have been shopping for three hours. 6) My dad has been working here for ages. 7) Have you been playing chess since 9 o'clock? 8) My aunt has been travelling since Easter. 9) The baby hasn't been sleeping for 2 hours.
6. 2) has been running; 3) have been eating; 4) has been crying; 5) have been sitting; 6) have been playing; 7) have been doing; 8) has been reading.
7. 2) ~~is tidying up~~ — has been tidying up, OK; 3) ~~are you doing~~ — have you been doing, ~~are trying on~~ — have been trying on; 4) ~~am looking~~ — have been looking, OK; 5) OK; 6) OK, OK, ~~am waiting~~ — have been waiting; 7) OK, ~~are you making~~ — have you been making.
8. a) 1) 2 stories; 2) since morning; 3) since yesterday; 4) 5 postcards; 5) for half an hour; 6) 3 rooms; 7) 3 mice; 8) since 11 o'clock; 9) all his shirts.
b) 1) has been reading; 2) has washed; 3) have packed; 4) has been writing; 5) have drawn; 6) have been tidying up; 7) has been eating; 8) have played; 9) has been ironing.
9. 2) S; have you been; 3) A; has Jack been playing; 4) A; have been laughing; 5) S; have known; 6) A; has been travelling; 7) S; have wanted; 8) S; hasn't had; 9) A; has been cooking; 10) A; have been talking; 11) S; have they loved.
10. 2a; 3b; 4c; 5a; 6c; 7b; 8c; 9a; 10b; it used to be the symbol of chemists.

2. Nouns. Pronouns. Articles. Adjectives

11. 2) don't; 3) are; 4) this; 5) are, them; 6) it; 7) are, is; 8) are; 9) are; 10) is.
12. 2) —; 3) a; 4) —; 5) —; 6) an; 7) —; 8) —; 9) an; 10) —.
13. 2a; 3b; 4a; 5a; 6a; 7b; 8a; 9b.
14. 2) too young; 3) too hot; 4) not old enough; 5) old enough; 6) too pale; 7) not slim enough; 8) too expensive; 9) big enough / not big enough.
15. 2) ~~old too~~ — too old; 3) ~~tight enough~~ — too tight; 4) ~~too~~ — enough; 5) ~~expensive enough~~ — too expensive; 6) ~~I'm~~ — I'm not; 7) ~~too comfortable~~ — comfortable enough; 8) ~~is~~ — isn't; 9) ~~too~~ — enough.
16. 1) a bigger; 2) the best, cheap enough; 3) smart enough, a bit old-fashioned, more fashionable; 4) really nice, too expensive.

3. Prepositions

17. 1) Since; 2) Since, For; 3) For, Since; 4) Since, For; 5) For, Since.
18. 1) Jack hasn't visited the department store since last month. 2) I haven't been to the toy shop for 2 years. 3) We have bought 2 magazines since last week. 4) Frank has been to 3 shops since morning. 5) Jess hasn't bought anything at the chemist's since

last winter. 6) They haven't been to the supermarket for ages. 7) I haven't bought bread for 2 days. 8) We haven't eaten sweets for a week.

19. 1) OK; 2) for — since; 3) OK; 4) for — since; 5) since — for; 6) OK; 7) for — since; 8) OK; 9) OK; 10) since — for.
20. 2) for; 3) On; 4) in; 5) at; 6) since; 7) on; 8) at; 9) in; 10) Since.

4. Word-building

					¹ f	u	n	n	y					
					² b	a	g	g	y					
³ c	h	e	m	i	s	t	'	s						
				⁴ s	h	o	p	p	e	r				
		⁵ s	t	r	i	p	e	d						
⁶ c	o	m	f	o	r	t	a	b	l	e				
	⁷ c	h	a	n	g	e	a	b	l	e				

Progress Test 3

- 1) × (since — for); 2) × (are they — is it); 3) ✓; 4) ✓; 5) × (has been snowing); 6) ✓.
1. 1) a; 2) —; 3) a; 4) —; 5) a; 6) a; 2. 7) a; 8) —; 9) the; 10) a; 11) The; 12) —.
- 1f; 2c; 3a; 4b; 5d; 6e.
- 1) are wearing; 2) have always wanted; 3) looks; 4) have you had; 5) bought; 6) have been wearing.
- Students' own answers.

UNIT 4. FRIENDSHIP

1. Verbs

2. a) haven't read; b) have been reading; 3. a) has already had; b) have been having; 4. a) have been eating; b) haven't eaten.
- 1) has he won, has taken, has won; 2) have changed, have been doing, have lost, have been, haven't lost.
- 1) have been playing, Has Mike always lived, has lived / has been living; 2) has been drinking, has taken, haven't washed, have been.
- 2) is; 3) does; 4) is; 5) is; 6) is; 7) is; 8) Do; 9) does; 10) have; 11) have; 12) Has; 13) has; 14) have.
- 2c; 3a; 4b; 5c; 6a; 7a; 8b; 9c; 10b; 11b; 12b; 13a; 14b; 15c.
- A. 2) have been spending; 3) were; 4) have fallen out; 5) have always made up; 6) have travelled; 7) walk; 8) have been walking; 9) hasn't been feeling; 10) has been walking.

- B.** 1) feels / is feeling; 2) wants; 3) isn't; 4) has been lying; 5) has just called; 6) haven't been; 7) celebrated; 8) is getting; 9) is putting on / has put on; 10) bought; 11) found; 12) has already put.
- 7.** 2) have been; 3) have passed; 4) have always wanted; 5) have been going; 6) moved; 7) has worked / has been working; 8) is; 9) has got / gets; 10) has taught; 11) took; 12) won; 13) am working; 14) Are you; 15) Have you made; 16) have you been playing; 17) play; 18) was; 19) lost; 20) gave it up; 21) don't regret; 22) prefer.
- 8.** 1) didn't answer, were you doing, was doing; 2) happened, was riding, crashed, fell, Did he hurt, pulled.
- 9.** 1. 2) rang; 3) was; 4) was wearing; 5) asked; 6) was getting; 7) was looking; 8) shouted; 9) put on; 10) left.
2. 1) were playing; 2) was; 3) were losing; 4) was running; 5) fell; 6) flew; 7) was looking; 8) hit; 9) sent; 10) became; 11) scored; 12) won.

2. Pronouns

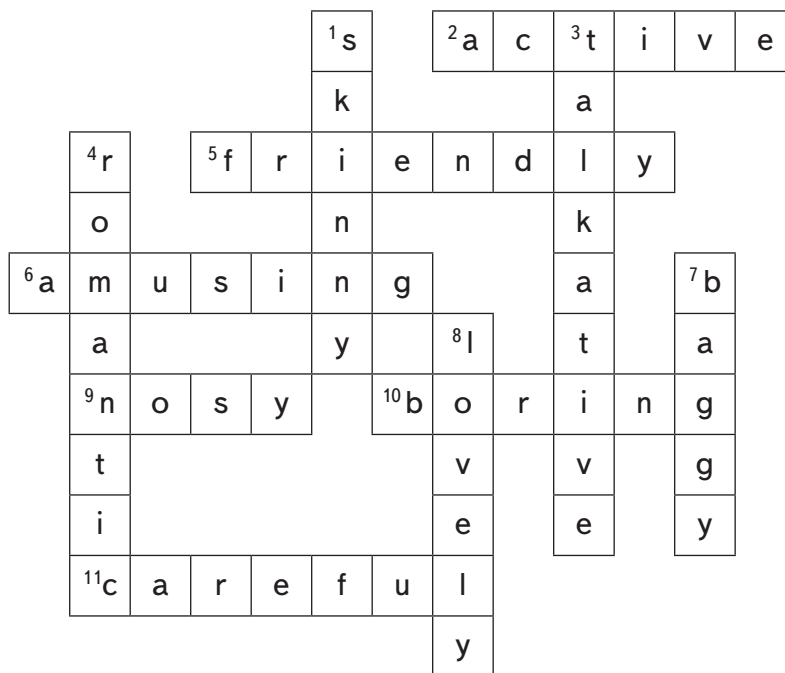
- 10.** 1) All of them have got curly hair. 2) Neither of them was / were at school yesterday. 3) All of them spend their holidays abroad. 4) Neither of them used to have a house. 5) None of them get / gets on with their parents. 6) Both of us enjoy riding horses. 7) None of us have / has seen our neighbours so far.
- 11.** 2) all; 3) some of; 4) Both of; 5) no; 6) both; 7) all; 8) either of; 9) Any.
- 12.** 2) either, both; 3) Neither; 4) both; 5) Either; 6) any; 7) all, none.

3. Prepositions and Particles

- 13.** a) 1) in; 2) for; 3) up; 4) in; 5) at; 6) on; 7) up; 8) about; 9) up.
b) Students' own answers.
- 14.** 2) with; 3) for; 4) at; 5) at; 6) out; 7) after; 8) on; 9) of; 10) of; 11) out; 12) back. Adele went back to France.
- 15.** a) 2) up, out; 3) up; 4) on, in; 5) for; 6) for; 7) away; 8) on, up.
b) Students' own answers.
- 16.** 2) got; 3) fell; 4) make; 5) gave; 6) went; 7) got; 8) worried; 9) break; 10) looked; 11) looked; 12) took; 13) wait; 14) 'll be. It's a friendship story.
- 17.** 2) × (waiting for); 3) ✓; 4) × (in Maths — at); 5) × (off — out); 6) ✓; 7) ✓; 8) × (since — for); 9) × (from — on).

4. Word-building

18.



19. a) 2) responsible; 3) sociable; 4) cheerful; 5) loyal; 6) forgetful; 7) sensitive; 8) punctual; 9) generous; 10) imaginative; 11) reliable; 12) supportive.
b) 2) forgetful; 3) supportive; 4) reliable; 5) loyal; 6) cheerful, sociable; 7) punctual; 8) sensitive; 9) respectful; 10) responsible; 11) imaginative.

Progress Test 4

- 1) ✓; 2) ✗ (fell — fallen); 3) ✗ (since — for); 4) ✗ (Either — Both); 5) ✓; 6) ✗ (don't/ neither — either).
- 1) both, any; 2) after, Neither; 3) at, any; 4) all, on; 5) up, up; 6) since, for.
- 1) have been watching; 2) were you doing, called; 3) have known; 4) Did Maria meet; 5) haven't done.
- 1) Neither of them is / are fond of sport. 2) None of them wear / wears glasses. 3) Neither of them went to school yesterday. 4) All of them like giving advice. 5) Neither of them can stand loud music. 6) Both of them get on well with their parents.
- Suggested answers:** Stacy and Glenn have a lot in common. They have been friends for seven years. They met at the Art School and they have been painting together since then. Both of them are serious and shy. Neither of them like / likes active games.

UNIT 5. SPORTS

1. Verbs

- Students' own answers.
- a) 1) Her sister likes doing gymnastics. 2) They are afraid of diving in the sea. 3) My friends are good at skiing. 4) Tom prefers swimming to playing games. 5) I went dancing yesterday.
b) Students' own answers.

3. 2) skate; 3) skating; 4) to become; 5) practise; 6) skating; 7) doing; 8) practising; 9) do; 10) standing; 11) going; 12) to see; 13) to practise; 14) moving.
4. 2) are given; 3) are usually held; 4) is done; 5) aren't scored; 6) isn't called; 7) are broken.
5. a) 2) are held; 3) is called; 4) is lit; 5) is brought; 6) are organised; 7) is based; 8) is also chosen; 9) are given; 10) are covered.
b) 1) What is the city where the Olympic Games take place called? — The "host city". 2) Where is the Olympic torch lit before the Games? — In Olympia, Greece. 3) Who is the Olympic torch brought by to the host city? — By runners. 4) Who are the Olympic Games organised by? — By the IOC. 5) Where is the IOC based? — In Switzerland. 6) What medals are given to the athletes? — Gold, silver and bronze. 7) What are gold medals covered with? — With a thin layer of gold.
6. 2) is bounced; 3) is played; 4) try; 5) are allowed; 6) is made up; 7) lasts; 8) throws; 9) tries; 10) is called; 11) scores; 12) wins; 13) score; 14) is; 15) is played; 16) scores.
7. 1. 2c; 3a; 4b; 5b; 6c; 7a; 8b; 9a; 10b; 11b; 12c; 13c; 14a.
2. 1b; 2a; 3c; 4a; 5b; 6c; 7c; 8a; 9b; 10a; 11b; 12b; 13c; 14a.
8. 2) either; 3) too; 4) So; 5) nor; 6) neither; 7) too; 8) Neither.
9. **Suggested answers:** 1) Neither am I. / I am. 2) So did I. / I didn't. 3) Neither do I. / I do. 4) So am I. / I'm not. 5) So was I. / I wasn't. 6) So does my mum. / My mum doesn't. 7) Neither have I. / I have.
10. 1) So did my friend. 2) Neither do I. 3) So do my parents. 4) So has Fred. 5) Neither can I. 6) So were my cousins. 7) Neither am I.

2. Nouns. Pronouns. Articles

11. 2) it; 3) is; 4) is, It, improves; 5) helps; 6) was; 7) was; 8) discovers; 9) is.
12. **A.** 2) the; 3) —; 4) the; 5) the; 6) a; 7) the; 8) a / the; **B.** 1) —; 2) the; 3) the; 4) —; 5) a; 6) a; 7) the; 8) —; 9) the; 10) the; 11) —; 12) —; 13) The; 14) a; **C.** 1) the; 2) the; 3) —; 4) a; 5) the; 6) the; 7) the; 8) the; 9) —; 10) —; 11) The; 12) the; 13) the.

3. Prepositions and Particles

13. 1) by; 2) by; 3) by; 4) by; 5) by; 6) with; 7) with; 8) with; 9) with; 10) by; 11) by; 12) with.
14. **A.** 2) on; 3) of; 4) in; 5) off; 6) of; 7) over; 8) of; 9) up; 10) about; 11) for; 12) with; 13) for; **B.** 1) out; 2) of; 3) on; 4) up; 5) for; 6) of; 7) to; 8) of; 9) for; 10) by.

4. Word-building

15. weightlifter, horse rider, rock climber, team player, kickboxer, marathon runner.
16. a) 1) competition; 2) equipment; 3) championship; 4) professional; 5) national.
b) 2) competitive; 3) competitions; 4) competed; 5) national; 6) championship; 7) equipment; 8) champion.

Progress Test 5

1. 1) ✓; 2) × (~~to lose~~ — losing); 3) × (have won); 4) ✓; 5) × (So — Neither); 6) ✓.

2. 1) —; 2) a; 3) —; 4) —; 5) —; 6) the; 7) an; 8) —; 9) —; 10) The; 11) the; 12) —.
3. 1) up; 2) jogging; 3) Neither; 4) am; 5) is; 6) with.
4. 1) are watched; 2) is played; 3) hit; 4) are collected; 5) support; 6) becomes.
5. **Suggested answers:** Badminton is a competitive sport. This game is played with a racquet and a shuttlecock. Tim has been playing badminton for five years. Tim likes watching badminton championships. He takes part in different competitions. He won a gold medal last year.

UNIT 6. TOWN AND VILLAGE

1. Verbs

1. 1) Letters and postcards are sent at the post-office. 2) Money is kept in the bank. 3) Cars are left in car parks and garages. 4) Collections are shown at the exhibition centre or the museum. 5) Medicine is bought at the chemist's. 6) Tickets for trains are sold at the railway-station. 7) Fitness classes are given in the fitness centre. 8) Sick people are looked after in hospitals. 9) Tasty food is cooked in restaurants and cafés.
2. 2) was found; 3) was built; 4) was spent; 5) was founded; 6) were held; 7) was given; 8) were laid; 9) was described.
3. 1) What language was spoken in Ancient Rome? 2) Where was King Tutankhamen buried? 3) How was Julius Caesar killed? 4) Who was America discovered by? 5) What was Stonehenge used for? 6) Where was the first ice cream made? 7) When was London founded? 8) How many plays were written by Shakespeare?
4. 2) named; 3) was finished; 4) worked; 5) opened officially; 6) was cut; 7) gave; 8) were turned; 9) was soon seen.
5. 2) is; 3) were; 4) is; 5) was; 6) are; 7) were; 8) is.
6. 1) is used; 2) was founded, was ... mentioned; 3) was built, was rebuilt; 4) are told; 5) was kept; 6) are attracted; 7) was found; 8) are offered.
7. 2a; 3c; 4d; 5a; 6b; 7a; 8d; 9a; 10c; 11b; 12b.
8. 2) started; 3) was founded; 4) covers; 5) gave; 6) are mixed; 7) didn't want; 8) were built; 9) are often hidden; 10) grow; 11) isn't built; 12) was planted; 13) haven't always been / aren't always; 14) is much loved.
9. **a)** 2f; 3e; 4a; 5h; 6d; 7i; 8b; 9c.
b) 1. Food won't be 3D-printed. 2. Personal drones won't be used for travelling. 3. Energy won't be taken from space. 4. Weather won't be controlled. 5. Contacts with aliens won't be made. 6. Extinct animals won't be brought to life. 7. Holidays won't be spent on other planets. 8. New cities won't be built under the water. 9. Time machine won't be invented.
10. **a, b)** 2) (was) left; 3) (was) given; 4) (was) built; 5) (were) made; 6) shown; 7) kept; 8) (will ... be) forgotten; 9) held.

2. Numerals. Pronouns. Adjectives

11. 1) hundreds — hundred; 2) OK; 3) of; 4) thousands — slaves — thousands of slaves; 5) OK; 6) thousands — thousand; 7) hundred — a hundred; 8) OK; 9) of.

12. 2) much, little; 3) few; 4) little; 5) much, much; 6) Few; 7) little; 8) many. Nick, Dan, Susan, Jeff.
13. 2) interesting enough; 3) too unhealthy; 4) safe enough; 5) too quiet; 6) clean enough; 7) attractive enough; 8) too dangerous; 9) clean enough.
14. Students' own answers.

3. Prepositions

15. 2) a post office; 3) a playground; 4) my school; 5) a small park; 6) a hospital; 7) a supermarket; 8) a fitness centre and a cinema; 9) a big car park; 10) a bus stop.
16. 2) across; 3) to the left, along; 4) in; 5) along; 6) in; 7) at; 8) across; 9) past; 10) on.
17. A. by, on, on, in; B. at, in, near, in, in front of, behind; C. on, of, by, on, For.

4. Word-building

18. 2) central; 3) famous; 4) noisy; 5) boring, historical; 6) dirty, dangerous; 7) charming, picturesque; 8) colourful, attractive.

Progress Test 6

1. 1) ✓; 2) × (began — begun); 3) ✓; 4) × (millions — million); 5) × (planning — planned); 6) × (close — closed).
2. 1) Few; 2) many; 3) a little; 4) little; 5) much; 6) few.
3. 1) was; 2) is; 3) will; 4) were; 5) are; 6) was.
4. 1) is called; 2) was laid; 3) consulted; 4) was slightly changed; 5) rises; 6) is reflected.
5. Students' own answers.

UNIT 7. A TRIP AROUND THE WORLD'S CAPITALS

1. Verbs

1. 2) are going; 3) 'm going, are ... coming; 4) does ... leave, are ... flying; 5) are ... doing, is coming, are meeting, arrives.
2. 2) am helping; 3) will catch; 4) are visiting, will be; 5) will probably go; 6) are leaving, will have; 7) are you meeting.
3. 2) am going to do; 3) are going to visit, will go; 4) am going to take; will love; 5) will go; 6) are ... going to do, will ... stay.
4. 2) ~~does your uncle stay, leaves~~; 3) ~~is leaving~~; 4) ~~will go, are you seeing~~; 5) ~~are taking~~; 6) ~~do your parents arrive, will go, is going to come~~.
5. 1) ~~is going to arrive~~ — arrives; 2) ~~stay~~ — are going to stay; 3) ~~isn't raining~~ — won't rain; 4) ~~'ll go~~ — are going; 5) ~~'m sending~~ — 'll send.
6. 2b; 3c; 4d; 5c; 6a; 7d; 8a; 9b; 10a; 11d; 12b; 13d.
7. 2) has been walking; 3) left; 4) is going to walk; 5) will take; 6) am not going to break; 7) walk; 8) am thinking; 9) has slept; 10) was snowing; 11) was crossing; 12) has walked; 13) has worn; 14) has used.

2. Articles. Adjectives

8. 2) Museum, museums; 3) hotel; 4) Square; 5) cinema; 6) shops; 7) shop; 8) cinema; 9) cinemas; 10) airport; 11) Hotel.
9. 2) OK; 3) the Buckingham Palace; 4) the Trafalgar Square; 5) OK; 6) OK; 7) The Houses of Parliament; OK; 8) OK; 9) the British Museum.
10. 1) the, the, the, the; 2) The, —, —, —; 3) —, the, the; 4) —, the; 5) —, —, the, the.
11. 2) the; 3) —; 4) the; 5) the; 6) the; 7) —; 8) The; 9) the; 10) the; 11) the; 12) the; 13) —; 14) a; 15) —; 16) —; 17) —; 18) the; 19) The; 20) —; 21) a; 22) The; 23) —; 24) the; 25) the; 26) a; 27) a; 28) a; 29) —; 30) the; 31) a; 32) the; 33) —; 34) —; 35) —; 36) —; 37) a; 38) —.
12. 2) taller; 3) larger; 4) most popular; 5) more; 6) big enough; 7) much more comfortable; 8) slowly enough; 9) a bit faster; 10) best.

3. Prepositions and Particles

13. 2) in; 3) to; 4) —; 5) on; 6) at; 7) to; 8) for; 9) up.
14. 2) on; 3) on, —; 4) in, in; 5) off; 6) by, by; 7) on; 8) —; 9) off.
15. 2) for; 3) in; 4) between; 5) in; 6) through; 7) for; 8) at; 9) On; 10) over; 11) to; 12) at; 13) off; 14) around; 15) at; 16) In; 17) to.

4. Word-building

16. a) attraction; officially; enjoyable; exciting; guided; tourist; national.
b) 2) officially; 3) tourists; 4) attraction; 5) guided; 6) exciting; 7) National; 8) enjoyable.
17. beautiful — beautiful; picturable — picturesque; wonderable — wonderful; amazful — amazing; memoring — memorable; interestful — interesting; historiesque — historical; hospiting — hospitable; comfortal — comfortable.

Progress Test 7

1. 1) × (is leaving — leaves); 2) ✓; 3) × (the Times Square); 4) ✓; 5) ✓; 6) × (will meet — are meeting).
2. 1) —; 2) the; 3) the; 4) the; 5) the; 6) the; 7) The; 8) a; 9) a; 10) —; 11) a; 12) an.
3. 1) off; 2) for; 3) by; 4) at; 5) —; 6) on.
4. 1) are flying; 2) haven't been; 3) will have; 4) will travel; 5) am leaving; 6) is going to join.
5. Students' own answers.

UNIT 8. TRAVELLING FROM A TO Z

1. Verbs

1. 1) when; 2) if; 3) Unless, if; 4) when, unless.
2. 1) lies, doesn't move; 2) sees, hides; 3) curls, is; 4) is, runs; 5) makes, wants.

3. 2) enjoy, will come; 3) will want; 4) see, will visit; 5) have, will want.
4. a) Students' own answers.
b) 1) If I have a picnic in the bush, I'll leave ... / I'll take ... 2) If I go to see the Great Barrier Reef, I'll take ... 3) If they talk about a sheep station, I'll think ... 4) If I go on a day's trip to the Outback, I'll take ... 5) If I go picnicking near the South Alligator River, I'll make ... 6) If I buy souvenirs for my friends, I'll buy ... 7) If I go to Ayers Rock, I'll take ... / let me ... 8) If I see a little crocodile, I'll think ... / I won't try ...
5. Students' own answers.
6. 2) tells — will tell, will take — take; 3) unless — if; 4) change — changes, change — changes; 5) will look — look; 6) When — If; 7) unless — if; 8) will be — is.
7. 1) Was Australia discovered by the British or the Spanish in 1770? 2) Did Native Australians settle on the continent long before first Europeans saw its coast? 3) Is it divided into 8 parts? 4) Do most people settle along the coast or in the central part of the country? 5) Are there any mountains in Australia? 6) Is the climate mild in all parts of the country? 7) Has wool production always been important for the country? 8) Is Australia attracting more and more tourists every year?
8. 2c; 3a; 4b; 5b; 6a; 7c; 8a; 9b; 10c; 11b; 12a; 13c; 14b.
9. 2) was formed; 3) is called; 4) gives; 5) has made; 6) is visited; 7) is growing; 8) brings; 9) was founded; 10) lived; 11) get; 12) will kill.

2. Nouns. Pronouns. Articles. Adjectives

10. 2) —; 3) the; 4) a; 5) the; 6) the; 7) a; 8) the; 9) the; 10) a; 11) a; 12) the; 13) the; 14) —; 15) —; 16) the; 17) the; 18) the; 19) a; 20) —.
11. A. —, —; The, the, —. B. —, the; —, the, the. C. The, —; the, the; The, the.
12. Australia is home not only to unusual animals and birds but also rivers. They are dry rivers. One of ¹the dry Australian rivers is ²the Todd River. It flows through Alice Springs in ³the south of ⁴the Northern Territory. After heavy rain in ⁵the north ⁶the river can change from its normal dry bed into ⁷a bank-to-bank flow in 15 minutes. When it flows, its water is ⁸a milky chocolate colour. ⁹A popular myth goes that if you see ¹⁰the river flow three times, you'll never leave Alice Springs.
13. 2) —; 3) a; 4) are; 5) a; 6) them; 7) many; 8) —; 9) These; 10) —.
14. Sheep and cattle stations in Australia can be huge in area with the ¹most nearest neighbour being hundreds of kilometres away. Take Anna Creek Station in South Australia which was founded in 1863. It is the world's ²larger largest working cattle station. It covers about 24,000 sq. km, which is slightly ³largest larger than Israel. There ⁴is are a lot of cattle at Anna Creek Station — 17,000 heads and only 17 men to look after ⁵it them. In the past very ⁶much many people used to work there. Sheep stations are ⁷more much smaller in size. The largest of them, Rawlinna Station, is 10,117 sq. km but it can hold up to 60,000 ⁸sheeps sheep. More than 80 documentaries have been filmed about Kings Creek Station in the Northern Territory. What has made it probably the ⁹more most famous station in Australia? Selling wild camels!

3. Prepositions

15. 2) in; 3) between; 4) to; 5) on; 6) in; 7) at; 8) From; 9) through; 10) below; 11) out of; 12) by; 13) At; 14) on.
16. 2) in; 3) by; 4) into; 5) for; 6) for; 7) in; 8) of; 9) of; 10) on; 11) on; 12) in.
17. 2) for; 3) of; 4) on; 5) with; 6) on; 7) by; 8) in; 9) in; 10) by; 11) on; 12) from; 13) by; 14) on; 15) with; 16) in; 17) in; 18) of; 19) over.
18. 2) with; 3) by; 4) by; 5) as; 6) at; 7) for; 8) along; 9) to; 10) in; 11) —; 12) in; 13) through; 14) with; 15) of.

4. Word-building

19. 2) dislike; 3) unusual; 4) nonstop; 5) inconvenient; 6) discomfort; 7) disagree; 8) inefficient; 9) unhappy; 10) uncomfortable.
20. 2) unenjoyable; 3) enjoy; 4) enjoyment; 5) enjoyable; 6) enjoyed; 7) enjoyable; 8) enjoying.

Progress Test 8

1. 1) × (If — Unless); 2) ✓; 3) ✓; 4) × (will like); 5) ✓; 6) × (it's not your hotel).
2. 1) the; 2) the; 3) a; 4) —; 5) the; 6) a; 7) —; 8) —; 9) The; 10) The; 11) the; 12) A.
3. 1c; 2e; 3d; 4b; 5f; 6a.
4. 1) gets, will go; 2) visit, are asked; 3) will be, start.
5. Students' own answers.

UNIT 9. ENGLISH

1. Verbs

1. 2) could / couldn't; 3) can; 4) could; 5) couldn't; 6) can't; 7) couldn't; 8) couldn't.
2. 1) She was so lucky: she could eat a lot without putting on weight! 2) My sister couldn't help me with my project. 3) Nobody could make him happy but himself. 4) Anyone could easily get in through the bathroom window. 5) He needed my help: he couldn't breathe. 6) His cousin was bilingual: she could speak two languages fluently. 7) We couldn't open the door: it was frozen from the outside.
3. 4) ~~could~~ — were able to; 6) ~~could~~ — was able to; 7) ~~Could you~~ — Were you able to, ~~could~~ — were.
4. 2b; 3b; 4c; 5c; 6b; 7a; 8c.
5. 2) could; 3) been able to; 4) was able to; 5) couldn't; 6) be able to; 7) can't; 8) can't; 9) won't be able to; 10) can.
6. Students' own answers.
7. a) 2) don't have to; 3) have to; 4) can; 5) can; 6) can't; 7) have to; 8) have to; 9) have to.
b) Huckleberry Finn.

8. 2) doesn't have to; 3) mustn't; 4) mustn't; 5) don't have to; 6) don't have to; 7) mustn't; 8) doesn't have to.
9. 2) should; 3) mustn't; 4) mustn't; 5) should; 6) shouldn't; 7) must; 8) should; 9) should.
10. 1) I have to; 2) mustn't skate; 3) don't have to finish; 4) can translate; 5) was able to swim well; 6) mustn't eat or drink; 7) can stand; 8) should I.
11. 2) can't, can; 3) shouldn't, should; 4) must; 5) can't, could; 6) have to; 7) had to; 8) Can, shouldn't; 9) have to.
12. a) 2) shouldn't; 3) can't; 4) can't; 5) have to; 6) must; 7) can't.
 b) 1) Can you have a cake and eat it? 2) Should people who live in glass houses throw stones? 3) Can you teach an old dog new tricks? 4) Can you make an omelette without breaking eggs? 5) If you want something done right, do you have to do it yourself? 6) Must all good things come to an end? 7) Can you judge a book by its cover?

2. Prepositions. Conjunctions

13. 2) at — to / from; 3) from — in; 4) from — at; 5) on — of; 6) at — from; 7) from — to; 8) into — by; 9) like — at; 10) of — on; 11) in — to; 12) in — from; 13) by — into.
14. 2) out; 3) on; 4) on; 5) on; 6) in; 7) off.
15. 2) until; 3) before; 4) before; 5) after; 6) unless; 7) in case; 8) if; 9) during; 10) before; 11) without, without.

3. Word-building

16. **Adverbs:** regularly, carefully, helplessly, quickly, slightly, seriously, locally.
Adjectives: friendly, lovely, curly, holy.
17. 2) careful; 3) rebuild; 4) regularly; 5) disability; 6) helpless, unable; 7) beautiful; 8) useful; 9) rewrite; 10) useless.
18. 2) homeless; 3) sadly; 4) beautiful; 5) revisit; 6) lovely; 7) carelessness; 8) useful.
19. a) landmark, landlocked, landscape, skyscraper, weightlifting, superwoman, overweight, underweight.
 b) 2) overweight; 3) skyscrapers; 4) landmark; 5) weightlifting; 6) landlocked; 7) superwomen; 8) underweight; 9) landscapes.
20. 1) shoulder-length, suntanned; 2) old-fashioned; 3) high-rise; 4) kind-hearted; 5) left-handed; 6) grown-up; 7) two-storeyed.

Progress Test 9

1. 1) × (could — was able to); 2) ✓; 3) × (will can — will be able to); 4) × (have to — has to); 5) × (didn't can — couldn't / wasn't able to); 6) ✓.
2. 1) happiness; 2) useless; 3) endless; 4) redo; 5) fitness; 6) careful.
3. 1) without; 2) After; 3) before; 4) during; 5) in case; 6) until.
4. 1) was able to; 2) could; 3) couldn't; 4) could; 5) had to; 6) must.
5. Students' own answers.