

UNIT 1. ABOUT THE UK

1. Verbs

1. was, are, are. 2. is, was / is, are. 3. were, was, is, are, are, is, was.
2. attract. 3. has. 4. is, are. 5. don't like, call. 6. have. 7. is. 8. fall.
1. bases, calls, doesn't know, is linked. 2. is spent, closes, are offered, prints.
1. does. 2. do, does, do. 3. is, does. 4. do, is, is. 5. are, do.
1. is called. 2. means, is covered, gets, ranges. 3. is visited, get, are taken. 4. takes, leaves, is, is advised. 5. are seen.
2. wanted. 3. ordered. 4. ran. 5. started. 6. took. 7. was. 8. had. 9. were. 10. gave. 11. used.
1. call, is, wasn't, appeared. 2. were, changed, fought. 3. is, became. 4. bears, were, gave.
- 2c, 3a, 4c, 5b, 6b, 7a, 8b, 9c, 10a, 11b, 12b, 13c, 14a.
2. are. 3. lies. 4. is. 5. are made. 6. named. 7. gathered. 8. give. 9. saw. 10. paint. 11. is described. 12. shows. 13. is much disliked. 14. is called.

2. Articles. Adjectives

2. The, -. 3. -, -. 4. -, the. 5. The. 6. The, -, -. 7. -. 8. The, the. 9. -, -.
2. the Thames, OK, the Isis River. 3. OK, OK. 4. OK, the Great Britain. 5. OK, OK. 6. The Lough Neagh, OK. 7. The Scafell Pike, OK. 8. The Isle of Wight.
- 2E, 3D, 4I, 5A, 6G, 7B, 8C, 9F.
- 2a, 3b, 4b, 5a, 6b, 7a, 8b.
1. the coldest, as low, the lowest. 2. as high, the highest, as high, highest. 3. The tallest, as tall, as famous, smaller than. 4. more picturesque than, as beautiful, the most unusual.

3. Prepositions

2. from. 3. in. 4. with. 5. of. 6. in. 7. to. 8. by, from. 9. on. 10. by, with. 11. on.
2. in. 3. of. 4. with. 5. on. 6. in. 7. to. 8. of. 9. by. 10. to. 11. along. 12. from. 13. to. 14. along. 15. on. 16. with / by.
2. by. 3. from. 4. in. 5. up of. 6. in. 7. from. 8. to. 9. in. 10. to. 11. to.

4. Word-building

2. length. 3. swampy. 4. hilly. 5. depth. 6. width. 7. rocky. 8. strength. 9. grassy. 10. sandy.

Progress Test 1

1. ✓. 2. ✗. 3. ✗. 4. ✓. 5. ✗. 6. ✗.
1. -. 2. the. 3. the. 4. -. 5. -. 6. -. 7. the. 8. the. 9. -. 10. -. 11. the. 12. -.
- 1C, 2F, 3E, 4A, 5B, 6D.
1. is called. 2. means. 3. was. 4. wore. 5. killed. 6. covered.
- Suggested answer.* 1. Lake Svityaz is not so deep as Lake Naroch. 2. Lake Dolgoye is almost as large as Lake Svityaz. 3. Lake Naroch is much larger than Lake Svityaz. 4. Lake Dolgoye is the deepest lake in Belarus. 5. I think Lake Svityaz is more famous than Lake

Dolgoye because it is described in Adam Mitskevich's ballads. 6. Lake Naroch is the most popular lake as 30,000 tourists visit it every year.

UNIT 2. SCHOOL IS NOT ONLY LEARNING

1. Verbs

2. OK. 3. ~~do you run~~ – are you running. 4. ~~are you doing~~ – do you do, ~~take~~ – takes. 5. ~~go~~ – goes. 6. ~~are they having~~ – do they have, ~~are taking~~ – take. 7. OK. 8. ~~do you do~~ – are you doing.
1. prefer (S). 2. seem (S), want (S), am thinking (A). 3. do you think (S), think (S), find (S). 4. Do you have (S), am having (A). 5. are you thinking (A), don't know (S). 6. Do I look (S), do you need (S). 7. Do you know (S), Are you kidding (A), don't believe (S). 8. am seeing (A), see (S).
2. is giving, will come, does it start. 3. Are you going to take part, doesn't rain. 4. will be, are you going to mark. 5. will be, are coming. 6. will enjoy.
2. –. 3. to. 4. to. 5. –. 6. to. 7. to. 8. –, to. 9. to. 10. to, to.
1. Do you need to bring your P.E. kit to school every day? 2. Do you need to be at school earlier if you are on duty? 3. When do you need to be at school earlier than usual? 4. How often do you need to stay at school after classes? 5. Why do you need to do it? 6. Do you need to bring your packed lunch to school? 7. Do you need to buy your textbooks? 8. Do you need to go to the playground during breaks? 9. Do you need to stay in the same classroom for the whole of the day or do you need to go from classroom to classroom? 10. How much time do you need to spend on your homework every day?
2. ~~mustn't~~. 3. need. 4. ~~don't need~~. 5. need. 6. ~~needn't~~. 7. ~~needn't~~. 8. need. 9. ~~don't need~~. 10. ~~don't need~~. 11. can.
2. ~~mustn't~~ use. 3. ~~needn't~~ go. 4. ~~mustn't~~ wear. 5. ~~mustn't~~ bring. 6. ~~needn't~~ wear. 7. ~~mustn't~~ use. 8. ~~needn't~~ bring. 9. ~~needn't~~ leave. 10. ~~mustn't~~ go.
2. to do. 3. doing. 4. to be. 5. to help. 6. to do. 7. play. 8. finishing. 9. be. 10. to learn. 11. Playing. 12. stay, to practise. 13. to take. 14. joining. 15. join.
2. to become. 3. doing. 4. join. 5. to wear. 6. to go. 7. jogging. 8. performing. 9. to try, choosing. 10. doing. 11. speaking. 12. like, to learn. 13. playing, watching.

2. Nouns. Articles

2. × (advices – advice). 3. × (many – much). 4. ✓. 5. × (it – them). 6. ✓. 7. × (them – it). 8. × (many – much). 9. ✓.
1. –, The, a, –. 2. The, The, –, –, the. 3. The, the, –, the. 4. –, a, –.
2. The. 3. –. 4. the. 5. –. 6. –. 7. –. 8. –. 9. a. 10. the. 11. the. 12. an. 13. –.

3. Prepositions

2. for. 3. by, for. 4. –. 5. by. 6. with. 7. at. 8. with. 9. –, for. 10. out, in. 11. at. 12. for.
1. at, at, in, –, of, in, of. 2. for, with, at, –, in, at. 3. of, at, in, in, at, of.

4. Word-building

2. difference. 3. encouragement. 4. enrich. 5. cleverness, kindness. 6. encourage. 7. excellence. 8. enlarge. 9. reference. 10. equipment.

Progress Test 2

1. ✗. 2. ✗. 3. ✓. 4. ✗. 5. ✓. 6. ✓.
1. the. 2. a. 3. a. 4. the. 5. -. 6. a. 7. the. 8. The. 9. -. 10. the. 11. The. 12. -.
- 1D, 2F, 3B, 4A, 5C, 6E.
1. are holding. 2. look. 3. took. 4. didn't want. 5. has. 6. bring.
- Students' own answers.*

UNIT 3. MEALS

1. Verbs

1. takes. 2. is added. 3. call, make, are classed. 4. sells. 5. knows, are known. 6. is called, is known. 7. is made, use. 8. adds. 9. don't serve, are mostly made.
1. were 2. didn't 3. advising 4. talk, wasn't 5. didn't 6. Was 7. dream 8. want. 9. Was.
1. was making, cut, cried. 2. was having, rang, left, ran. 3. was laying, was dressing, didn't see, was helping. 4. heard, opened, was cooking. 5. started, was eating. 6. entered, understood, were enjoying, were eating, were listening, were giving.
1. knew, was doing, was trying, discovered, was, added. 2. invented, was trying, wanted, didn't like, were, cooked, were, became.
- 2c, 3b, 4c, 5b, 6c, 7b, 8b, 9a, 10a, 11b, 12c, 13b, 14a, 15c, 16b.

2. Nouns. Pronouns. Articles

1. a. 2. -. 3. The. 4. -. 5. -, a. 6. -. 7. The. 8. -. 9. -. 10. -. 11. The. 12. -. 13. -, -. 14. a. 15. -, -.
2. the. 3. The. 4. The. 5. The. 6. -. 7. -. 8. the. 9. -. 10. -. 11. the. 12. -. 13. -. 14. a. 15. a. 16. a. 17. -. 18. a. 19. -. 20. -. 21. -. 22. a. 23. the. 24. -. 25. -. 26. -. 27. -. 28. The. 29. an. 30. -. 31. the. 32. -. 33. the. 34. the.
2. energy. 3. cheese. 4. spaghetti. 5. a plate. 6. butter. 7. money. 8. a slice. 9. crisps. 10. a tin.
- Can I have a banana, please? (an apricot, a bread roll, a plate of spaghetti, a cone of ice-cream, a kiwi, a glass of milk, a boiled egg, a sandwich, a pot of yoghurt, a cup of tea, a piece of melon, a jar of marmalade)
Would you like some biscuits? (pork chops, vegetables, mashed potatoes, crisps, beans, scrambled eggs, raspberries, fish fingers)
Let's have some coffee. (milk, roast chicken, black pudding, gravy, roast beef, mineral water, jam, toast, muesli, bacon, bread)
2. much. 3. a little. 4. a lot of. 5. little. 6. a few. 7. many. 8. few. 9. much. 10. a little. 11. many.
- 2R, 3E, 4E, 5R, 6E, 7E, 8R, 9R, 10E, 11R.
2. I. 3. We. 4. you, you. 5. She. 6. They. 7. He. 8. You. 9. it.
2. helped myself. 3. burn yourself. 4. invented herself. 5. laid himself. 6. believe in herself. 7. behave yourself / yourselves. 8. saw ourselves. 9. turned itself. 10. enjoy themselves.
2. themselves, them. 3. myself. 4. herself. 5. us. 6. himself. 7. themselves. 8. yourself. 9. me, myself. 10. ourselves. 11. ourselves, us.

15. 2. herself. 3. -. 4. myself. 5. himself. 6. -, -. 7. herself. 8. yourself / yourselves. 9. -. 10. ourselves. 11. themselves.
16. 2. myself. 3. OK. 4. ourselves. 5. OK. 6. herself - yourself. 7. him - himself. 8. it - itself. 9. OK. 10. OK.

3. Prepositions

17. 2. by. 3. on, for. 4. with. 5. into. 6. by. 7. with, until. 8. in. 9. on. 10. by. 11. in, until. 12. in. 13. on. 14. in.
18. 2. During, in, with, like, in. 3. in 4. In, for, into, into, for. 5. on, in, for.

4. Word-building

19. 2. overcooked. 3. overweight. 4. undercooked. 5. precooked. 6. Preheat. 7. reheat. 8. underweight.

Progress Test 3

1. 1. ✓. 2. ✗. 3. ✗. 4. ✓. 5. ✗. 6. ✗.
2. 1D, 2A, 3B, 4E, 5F, 6C.
3. 1. the. 2. a. 3. the. 4. -. 5. a. 6. -. 7. the. 8. -. 9. -. 10. a. 11. -. 12. -.
4. 1. is everyone talking. 2. looks. 3. is made. 4. started. 5. are waiting. 6. open.
5. *Students' own answers.*

UNIT 4. MONEY

1. Verbs

1. 2. Have you found. 3. I've found. 4. Has he been doing. 5. has been looking. 6. Has he come across. 7. has dug up. 8. has unearthed. 9. have checked.
2. 2. Have you ever sold. 3. have you been saving. 4. has been borrowing; has (never) returned. 5. has lost. 6. have been saving. 7. Have you paid. 8. has never wasted.
3. 1. I've lost my wallet / purse. 2. The dog has eaten a chocolate bar. 3. I've arrived late. 4. My parents have been married for 15 years. 5. I've been eating too much. 6. I haven't been watering my flowers. 7. I've loved football since I was four.
4. 2. checked. 3. had. 4. 've been saving. 5. started. 6. haven't lost. 7. have. 8. count. 9. have saved up. 10. have found.
5. 1. 'd like to visit. 2. doesn't like going. 3. do you like paying / would you like to pay. 4. would like to buy. 5. don't like carrying. 6. like neither lending ... nor borrowing. 7. Would you like to win.
6. a) 1) Did they use to pay with shells instead of money? 2) What did they use to practise as the earliest form of banking? 3) Did they use to pay with electronic money fifty years ago? 4) Where did they use to pay with tea bricks? 5) Who used to pay with small doll figures? 6) Who used to pay with bracelet and ring money? 7) Where did they use to pay with knife money?
b) 1F, 2A, 3D, 4H, 5G, 6E, 7B.
7. a) 1. needn't. 3. must. 4. mustn't. 5. shouldn't.
b) *Students' own answers.*
8. *Students' own answers.*

2. Nouns. Articles. Adjectives. Adverbs

9. 2. number. 3. number. 4. number. 5. amount. 6. number, amount. 7. amount.
10. A. 1) the blind; 2) the blind; 3) A blind. B. 1) The rich; 2) A rich; 3) a rich. C. 1) a poor; 2) the poor; 3) a poor. D. 1) old; 2) The old; 3) The old.
11. *Suggested answers.* 2. The rich wake up earlier than the poor. 3. The rich exercise more than the poor. 4. The rich make their children volunteer more than the poor. 5. The rich believe in lifelong learning more than the poor. 6. The rich watch less TV than the poor. 7. The rich believe in good habits more than the poor.
12. 2. a. 3. -. 4. a. 5. a. 6. a. 7. -. 8. -. 9. a. 10. a. 11. a. 12. the. 13. a. 14. the. 15. a. 16. the. 17. -. 18. a.
13. 2. a. 3. -. 4. -. 5. -. 6. a. 7. the. 8. the. 9. the. 10. a.
14. 2. too. 3. too, enough. 4. enough. 5. enough. 6. too. 7. enough. 8. too.
15. 2. safely. 3. quickly, easily. 4. costly. 5. richly, expensively. 6. responsibly. 7. hardly.

3. Prepositions

16. 2. Explain to me... 3. at in. 4. of from. 5. of about. 6. from the university. 7. to music.
17. 2A, 3D, 4G, 5C, 6F, 7B.

4. Word-building

18. 2. less. 3. ful. 4. ful. 5. less. 6. less. 7. ful. 8. ful.

Progress Test 4

1. 1. ✗. 2. ✓. 3. ✓. 4. ✗. 5. ✓. 6. ✗.
2. 1. the, -. 2. -. 3. -, -. 4. -. 5. the, -. 6. -. 7. -, a, the.
3. 1. of. 2. through. 3. since. 4. in. 5. to. 6. to. 7. as. 8. of. 9. in. 10. from. 11. for. 12. in. 13. with.
4. 1. have saved. 2. have been saving. 3. Have you ever been. 4. have baked. 5. has travelled. 6. have been learning.
5. *Students' own answers.*

UNIT 5. BRITAIN AND BELARUS ROUND THE CALENDAR

1. Verbs

1. 1. was decorated and brought, was poured, was put, was lit, was kept. 2. were filled, were visited, were shared. 3. was banned, were found, were often arrested.
2. Since 1991 Independence Day was celebrated on July 27th, on the day the sovereignty of the Byelorussian Soviet Socialist Republic was declared. Then the name of the country was changed to the Republic of Belarus. In 1996 a decision was made to mark Independence Day on July 3rd because on that day in 1944 Minsk was liberated by the Soviet Army from the Nazis.

3. 1. were put, were kept, took, burned / burnt. 2. brought, put, was illustrated, became. 3. were decorated, sold, were imported, loved.
4. 2. are. 3. were. 4. was. 5. is. 6. are. 7. was. 8. was. 9. was. 10. were. 11. was. 12. were. 13. was.
5. 1c, 2b, 3c, 4b, 5d, 6b, 7a, 8c, 9a, 10c, 11a, 12c, 13d.
6. 2. OK. 3. ~~haven't been believing~~ – haven't believed. 4. ~~has begun~~ – begins. 5. ~~set up~~ – were set up, OK. 6. ~~are observing~~ – are observed. 7. ~~doesn't celebrate~~ – don't celebrate. 8. OK. 9. ~~sings~~ – is singing.
7. 1. How long have the British been celebrating Bonfire Night? 2. What is the holiday dedicated to? 3. What caused the plot? 4. Was the plot a success? 5. How was the plot discovered? 6. What did King James I order the people of Britain to do? 7. Did children collect money for fireworks in the past? 8. Who buys fireworks in Britain nowadays? 9. What is traditionally eaten on that day?

2. Articles. Adjectives

8. 2. -. 3. a. 4. the. 5. a. 6. -. 7. -. 8. -. 9. -. 10. -. 11. -. 12. -. 13. -. 14. the. 15. -. 16. -. 17. -. 18. the. 19. -. 20. -. 21. a. 22. the. 23. The.
9. US – the US, ~~the~~ Belarus' – Belarus', on ~~second~~ Sunday – on the second Sunday, to celebrate a holiday – to celebrate the holiday, ~~the~~ 70-metre tall flagpole – a 70-metre tall flagpole, of a flagpole – of the flagpole.
10. On May 9 ~~the~~ Republic of Belarus celebrates one of ~~the~~ most important holidays in ~~the~~ country's history – Victory Day. It is ~~a~~ holiday that commemorates ~~the~~ victory in ~~the~~ Great Patriotic War. It is also ~~the~~ day when people show their deep respect and gratitude to those who made ~~the~~ victory possible. People call it ~~a~~ 'holiday with tears in ~~the~~ eyes'. Belarus had to pay ~~a~~ very high price for ~~the~~ victory: 209 cities and towns and 9,200 villages were destroyed and burned, every third resident of ~~the~~ country was killed.
11. 1. earliest. 2. more popular, many. 3. much, most popular, less. 4. older, largest.

3. Prepositions. Particles

12. a) 1. be around. 2. blow up. 3. care about. 4. stay up. 5. see in. 6. blow out. 7. go back. 8. put up. 9. take down.
b) 2. stay up. 3. have been around. 4. blowing out. 5. saw in. 6. care about. 7. blow up. 8. goes back. 9. putting up.
13. 2. in, in. 3. At. 4. On. 5. in. 6. in. 7. on. 8. on. 9. in. 10. In. 11. On. 12. in. 13. -, at, in. 14. on. 15. -, -. 16. in.
14. 1. after. 2. on. 3. at. 4. -. 5. on. 6. On. 7. in, at. 8. at. 9. on. 10. on, before. 11. -. 12. at, in. 13. on. 14. in. 15. in. 16. after.
15. 2. by. 3. since. 4. down. 5. in. 6. during. 7. to. 8. by. 9. in. 10. in. 11. with. 12. at. 13. on. 14. in. 15. by. 16. from. 17. until. 18. until. 19. down.
16. 2. OK. 3. ~~with~~. 4. OK. 5. OK. 6. ~~down~~ – to. 7. ~~to~~. 8. OK. 9. OK.

4. Word-building

17. 2. replace. 3. discourage. 4. unpopular. 5. disrespect. 6. renamed. 7. displease. 8. revisit. 9. unable. 10. disbelieved. 11. rewrite. 12. unbelievable.
18. 2. attraction, attractiveness – attract – (un)attractive – attractively. 3. expression – express – (in)expressive, expressionless – (in)expressively. 4. (in)dependence – depend – (in)dependent – (in)dependently. 5. symbol – symbolize – symbolic – symbolically.

Progress Test 5

1. ✓. 2. ✗. 3. ✗. 4. ✗. 5. ✓. 6. ✗.
1. the. 2. the. 3. an. 4. -. 5. -. 6. -. 7. the. 8. the. 9. -. 10. a. 11. -. 12. the.
1. were. 2. did. 3. is, are. 4. do. 5. was.
1. falls. 2. is celebrated. 3. made. 4. have chosen. 5. are showered. 6. was officially made.
- Students' own answers.*

UNIT 6. VERY TRADITIONAL BRITAIN

1. Verbs

2. Had you read. 3. I hadn't won. 4. had never driven. 5. had broken. 6. had found. 7. hadn't taken. 8. had you written. 9. had gone. 10. had stopped.
1. B, **heard** – had heard, A. 2. B, **was** – had been. 3. B, **ordered** – had ordered, B, **came** – had come, A.
2. told. 3. was. 4. went. 5. cried. 6. had found. 7. told. 8. looked. 9. understood. 10. was. 11. had. 12. returned. 13. had discovered. 14. had disappeared.
1. Anna imagined it wouldn't be difficult to learn to drive on the left. 2. The kids decided that everyone would take part in the school pancake race. 3. Mum thought it would be fun to take the kids to the pantomime. 4. The king believed the new tax wouldn't make the people angry. 5. My friend imagined the book would make a nice birthday present. 6. Alice was afraid the Botanical Garden wouldn't be open. 7. Jess thought the celebration would be interesting. 8. Harry was sure Ron would become a good Keeper.
2. will. 3. would. 4. would. 5. would. 6. will. 7. will. 8. would. 9. will.
2. was. 3. could. 4. had. 5. were. 6. is. 7. need. 8. does. 9. had. 10. was. 11. had. 12. would.
2. **see** – saw. 3. **isn't raining** – wasn't raining. 4. **hope** – hoped. 5. **will be** – would be. 6. **today** – that day. 7. **remember** – remembered. 8. **didn't finish** – hadn't finished. 9. **yesterday** – the day before. 10. **know** – knew. 11. **will be** – would be. 12. **don't hand** – didn't hand. 13. **tomorrow** – the next day. 14. **understand** – understood. 15. **is** – was. 16. **today** – that day. 17. **have** – had.
- (1) It was difficult to believe that while the children across London were eagerly waiting to unwrap their presents, members of the Serpentine Swimming Club were preparing to swim their traditional 100-yard (91-metre) Christmas Day race. (2) The reporter informed that swimmers had met in London's Hyde Park on Christmas morning since 1864 to compete in the Christmas Day swim. (3) Not everybody knew that the icy Serpentine waters were usually below 4 °C at that time of the year. (4) It was interesting to find out that the author J.M. Barrie had donated the prize for the race and had called it the Peter Pan Cup. (5) The article explained that the race usually started at 9 a.m. and took place on the south bank of the lake. (6) The reporter warned that you wouldn't be able to take part unless you were a member of the Serpentine Swimming Club. (7) The reporter wrote that spectators were welcome and it was advised to wrap up warm.
1. drives. 2. have found, kept. 3. was introduced. 4. had introduced. 5. discussed, decided, would be. 6. drive, are instructed.
2. are always fighting. 3. is encouraged. 4. is going. 5. were officially named. 6. was treated. 7. was held. 8. isn't. 9. is. 10. goes. 11. was given. 12. would soon make. 13. had become. 14. found. 15. has been.

2. Articles

11. 1. -, -, a, a, -, -, -, -. 2. -, an, the, -, -, -. 3. -, the, the, the, -, -. 4. the, the, -, -, the, -, -, a, The, -.
12. 2. a. 3. The. 4. -. 5. a. 6. -. 7. The. 8. the. 9. -. 10. a. 11. The. 12. the. 13. the. 14. -. 15. -. 16. -. 17. a. 18. a. 19. -. 20. the. 21. -.
13. **A** People believe that the British are crazy about **the** animals. Dogs and cats are the most common pets. **The** Britain was the first country to have an organisation to look after animals – the Royal Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals (RSPCA). But – and this is a very important thing – there were no organisations or charities at that time to protect **a** children or babies or people at all.

3. Prepositions

14. 2. with. 3. on. 4. with. 5. in. 6. At. 7. to. 8. in. 9. in. 10. at. 11. on. 12. among. 13. since.
15. 2. next to. 3. on. 4. before. 5. with. 6. out. 7. like. 8. during. 9. on. 10. by. 11. in.
16. 1. on. 2. for, to. 3. at, at. 4. by, with. 5. to, to. 6. by, to. 7. in, since. 8. after, before.

4. Word-building

17. 2. im-. 3. in-. 4. in-. 5. un-. 6. in-. 7. un-. 8. im-, un-. 9. im-.
18. 1. celebration, celebrities, celebrated, celebrating. 2. commemorate, commemoration, commemorated, commemorating.

Progress Test 6

1. 1. ✗. 2. ✗. 3. ✓. 4. ✓. 5. ✗. 6. ✓.
2. 1. the. 2. -. 3. The. 4. a. 5. -. 6. The. 7. a. 8. -. 9. the. 10. The. 11. the. 12. the.
3. 1E, 2D, 3B, 4A, 5F, 6C.
4. 1. was seen. 2. goes. 3. were making. 4. had never thought. 5. would actually do. 6. would raise.
5. 1. Harry was close to panic because he was alone in the dark street and had nowhere to go.
2. The worst thing was that he had just done serious magic: he had blown up Aunt Marge.
3. He was sure he wouldn't be able to return to Hogwarts. 4. He was afraid that the Ministry of Magic representatives would arrest him because he had broken the rule so badly. 5. He felt that somebody was watching him. 6. When he lit his wand, he saw something very big with burning eyes.

UNIT 7. MUSIC

1. Verbs

2. Nor have they. 3. So does my friend. 4. Nor did I. 5. So can we. 6. So are the songs from the last album. 7. So were his friends. 8. Nor can my sister. 9. So have the twins. 10. Nor do I.
2. too. 3. Nor. 4. either. 5. So. 6. Nor. 7. too. 8. So. 9. either.
- Students' own answers.*
2. ~~invented~~. 3. ~~was divided~~. 4. ~~was introduced~~. 5. ~~criticized~~. 6. ~~was praised~~. 7. ~~was also created~~. 8. ~~showed~~. 9. ~~was made~~. 10. ~~was become~~. 11. ~~are usually thought~~. 12. ~~also used~~. 13. ~~make~~. 14. ~~classify~~.
2. that was, played. 3. would ... make. 4. would thank. 5. were ... used. 6. was, had eaten. 7. was, had to, was, would. 8. were, was. 9. had been. 10. wouldn't make.
- 2c, 3a, 4c, 5b, 6a, 7c, 8b, 9a, 10b, 11a, 12b, 13c, 14a.
2. explained. 3. liked. 4. have ever written. 5. has passed. 6. woke. 7. wrote. 8. named. 9. liked. 10. couldn't. 11. had made. 12. had heard. 13. spent. 14. hadn't stolen. 15. were written. 16. has been.
2. How many albums have the Rolling Stones released? 3. Who created the rock opera *Guslar*? 4. Does Shakira have a star on the Hollywood Walk of Fame? 5. When was the Beatles formed? 6. Who will win the next Junior Eurovision Contest? 7. What kind of music does the group *Troitsa* play? 8. Did Sting use to be a school teacher? 9. When is International Bagpipe Day marked? 10. How was Beethoven able to create such moving compositions if he couldn't hear?
1. How long have the *Rolling Stones* been performing? 2. Could Sherlock Holmes play the violin? 3. When did Belarus win the Junior Eurovision? 4. What are the most famous songs by *Pesnyary*? 5. Where was the latest Eurovision Song Contest held? 6. How can one become a DJ? 7. What music projects are shown on TV in Belarus? 8. How many rock operas has A.L. Webber composed? 9. Who taught Paganini to play the violin?
1. to play, to learn, to play, Practising, (to) become, playing, starting, to do, to get, to go, playing, to play, practise. 2. listening, listening, put, giving / to give, to help, (to) produce, listen, to become.
1. could. 2. May, must, can. 3. need, can, can. 4. have to, had to, can. 5. should, must. 6. must, can't.

2. Articles. Adjectives

2. the. 3. a, the. 4. the. 5. -. 6. a. 7. the, the. 8. The. 9. -. 10. An, a. 11. the.
- The** International Festival of Arts Slavyansky Bazaar in Vitebsk is **the** a popular event in the cultural life of Belarus. It is **a** member of the International Federation of Festival Organizations. **A** The festival gives young singers an opportunity to show themselves to their colleagues and **the** spectators. The 27th International Festival took place on 9–18 July, 2018. Vitebsk welcomed **the** musicians from 41 countries, among them there were participants from Guinea and Egypt who took part in the festival for the first time. Twenty-one young singers took part in **an** the International Pop Song Performers Contest and 20 – in the International Children Music Contest. **A** The winners of the contests were awarded during the gala concert that took place in the Summer Amphitheatre.
2. a popular music festival. 3. well-known classical music. 4. an outstanding Polish pianist. 5. a beautiful huge white concert piano. 6. an old small wooden flute. 7. an expensive

yellow bass guitar. 8. a boring long concert. 9. a famous British composer. 10. an excellent amateur orchestra.

15. 2. as low, as high, so close. 3. the biggest. 4. more expressive than. 5. the most melodious. 6. as simple. 7. the most popular. 8. more talented than. 9. as/so famous.

3. Prepositions

16. 1. in, in, in, by. 2. to, During, in, by, in. 3. since, in, in, on, on.
17. 1. through. 2. of, with. 3. in. 4. of. 5. -, by. 6. about. 7. -. 8. of. 9. to, at, -. 10. on.

4. Word-building

18. 2. musicians. 3. kazooist. 4. rapper. 5. composers. 6. conductor, cellists. 7. creator. 8. Historians, makers, inventor.

Progress Test 7

1. 1. ✓. 2. ✗. 3. ✗. 4. ✓. 5. ✗. 6. ✓.
2. 1. A. 2. The. 3. The. 4. the. 5. the. 6. a. 7. -. 8. the. 9. the. 10. -. 11. -. 12. a.
3. 1E, 2D, 3C, 4B, 5A, 6C.
4. 1. composes. 2. plays. 3. discovered. 4. had composed. 5. played. 6. has been playing.
5. *Students' own answers.*

UNIT 8. THERE'S NO LIFE WITHOUT BOOKS

1. Verbs

1. 2. was sitting. 3. didn't seem. 4. am. 5. said. 6. can't. 7. have chosen. 8. exercises. 9. need. 10. makes. 11. heard. 12. entered. 13. was carrying. 14. read. 15. have never heard. 16. came. 17. offered. 18. started. 19. were trembling. 20. was telling. 21. am. 22. is. 23. have worked / have been working. 24. have come. 25. helped. 26. will help. 27. has happened.
2. 2b, 3a, 4c, 5a, 6c, 7a, 8a, 9b, 10c, 11b, 12c, 13c, 14b, 15a, 16c, 17b, 18b, 19c, 20a, 21b, 22a, 23b, 24b.
3. "Four years after my father disappeared, I **had** received a small cardboard box. Inside the box there was a lovely pearl. And I have **been** received another five pearls since that day. This morning I got a letter. Please, read it," Miss Morstan **was** handed the letter to Holmes. "Dear Miss Morstan, Be at the Lyceum Theatre tonight at seven o'clock. If you are afraid, bring two friends. If you **will** bring police, you won't learn the truth.

Your unknown friend."

"We'll come with you, Miss Morstan! Watson and I have **been** worked together before." "I'll **have** be very proud and happy if I can help," I said. I was telling the truth. I **had** hoped we would be able to help Miss Morstan. "You are both **being** very kind. Since my father **had** disappeared I have **had** been alone in the world."

4. “By the way, Mr Holmes, I forgot to show you this. This paper **was** found in my father’s desk.” Holmes examined the paper carefully: “This paper **was** made in India. It looks like a plan of a large building.” I took the paper and studied it. Four names **were** written at the bottom. I also noticed the words *The sign of four*. We took a cab and went to the Lyceum Theatre. When we arrived, a small dark man appeared. “Are you Miss Morstan? Come with me,” he said. We **were** led across the street to another cab. We got in and the horse moved off quickly. At first, I had some idea in what direction we **were** driving but I was lost very soon. When the cab stopped, we saw a house in a dark quiet street. The house **was** hardly lit. We knocked at the door and it **was** opened by a Hindoo servant. “Show them straight in to me,” we heard the voice coming from one of the rooms inside the house.
5. 2. saw. 3. was smiling. 4. seemed. 5. is. 6. retired. 7. came. 8. had saved. 9. bought. 10. were. 11. heard. 12. had disappeared. 13. were. 14. knew. 15. had been. 16. received. 17. shocked. 18. became. 19. was getting. 20. was dying. 21. were informed. 22. wanted.
6. “I will tell you how Captain Morstan died. He **had** suffered for many years from a weak heart but only I knew about it. When we were in India, he and I, we found a great treasure. On the night of Morstan’s arrival, he came for his part of the treasure which I **had** brought over to England before. But I didn’t want to share it with anyone. The treasure had made me greedy. Morstan got very angry. He jumped up from his chair but, suddenly, his face turned dark, he pressed his hand to his heart and fell down. When I came up to him, I found, to my horror, that he **had** cut his head on the treasure chest. I didn’t know what to do. I **had** not killed Morstan but I was afraid that people would believe that I **had** done it. My servant who **had** heard our argument told me that we needed to hide the body. So we threw the body in the river and I hid the treasure in...”
7. 1. What did Major Sholto shout? 2. What was a bearded hairy face doing? 3. Where did the brothers / they run? 4. How did they search the house and the garden? 5. When did Thaddeus Sholto / he get a message? 6. Who has found the treasure? 7. How long has he been looking for it? 8. Where did he find the treasure-chest? 9. Who is Bartholomew Sholto / he waiting for? 10. What do the brothers / they want to share with Miss Morstan? 11. How much does the treasure / it cost? 12. Why do they have to hurry?
8. 2. had to. 3. was able to. 4. must, will be able to. 5. has to. 6. will be able to. 7. can. 8. didn’t have to.

2. Pronouns. Articles

9. 2. who. 3. who / whom. 4. who. 5. whose. 6. which. 7. whose. 8. which. 9. which. 10. which. 11. which. 12. which. 13. which. 14. whom. 15. which. 16. whose.
10. 2. OK. 3. whose. 4. who. 5. OK. 6. which / that. 7. OK.
11. 2. the. 3. the. 4. a. 5. -. 6. a. 7. The. 8. a. 9. an. 10. -. 11. a. 12. the. 13. a. 14. a. 15. the. 16. a. 17. a. 18. the. 19. The. 20. the. 21. the. 22. the.
12. 2. the. 3. -. 4. -. 5. the. 6. the. 7. the. 8. the. 9. a. 10. the. 11. The. 12. the. 13. -. 14. a. 15. a. 16. the. 17. the. 18. -. 19. -. 20. the. 21. the. 22. the. 23. the. 24. the. 25. -. 26. the. 27. the. 28. the.

3. Prepositions. Particles

13. 2. for. 3. past. 4. between. 5. below. 6. for. 7. then. 8. out. 9. in. 10. from. 11. on. 12. from. 13. with. 14. in. 15. by. 16. on. 17. for.

14. 2. down. 3. up. 4. for. 5. on. 6. –. 7. in, 8. of. 9. in. 10. from. 11. to. 12. of. 13. out. 14. up. 15. –. 16. in. 17. for. 18. to. 19. as. 20. in. 21. during. 22. –. 23. for. 24. in. 25. with. 26. at. 27. out. 28. for. 29. out.

4. Word-building

15. 2. excited. 3. boring, depressing. 4. tiring. 5. confused. 6. embarrassing. 7. surprised, pleased.
16. 2. thoughtful. 3. nervous. 4. tired. 5. sleepless. 6. excited. 7. terrible. 8. comfortable. 9. numerous. 10. recognise. 11. powerful. 12. unforgettable. 13. charming.

Progress Test 8

1. 1. × (excited – exciting). 2. ✓. 3. × (have – had). 4. × (borrowed – had borrowed). 5. × (will able to – will be able to). 6. ✓.
2. 1. a. 2. the. 3. the. 4. the. 5. a. 6. the. 7. the. 8. an. 9. the. 10. –. 11. –. 12. the.
3. 1. as. 2. on. 3. between. 4. in. 5. on. 6. between. 7. of. 8. about. 9. up. 10. to. 11. with. 12. in.
4. 1. was reading. 2. heard. 3. went. 4. couldn't. 5. was sitting. 6. examining. 7. had bought. 8. was stolen. 9. said. 10. told. 11. would take. 12. woke.
5. *Suggested answer.* 1. The book that / which I have borrowed from the library has a touching plot. 2. It is about a girl who lost her family during the war. 3. She returns to the town in which she lived with her mother and little brother. 4. She meets her friend whose parents have died. 5. Together, they explore the town which lies in ruins. 6. This is the most touching book I have ever read.

UNIT 9. CINEMA

1. Verbs

1. 2. came. 3. had already begun. 4. was looking. 5. stepped. 6. started. 7. got. 8. found. 9. realised. 10. had left. 11. was sitting. 12. couldn't. 13. was drinking. 14. got. 15. spilt. 16. were laughing. 17. didn't hear. 18. was. 19. went. 20. had already left. 21. had to.
2. 1. watched. 2. would buy. 3. were waiting, had already left. 4. had won. 5. would become. would see. 6. would give. 7. adored. 8. was sitting.
3. **Part I.** 2. changed. 3. put. 4. disappeared. 5. were sent. 6. found. 7. drew. 8. were shaken. 9. had become. 10. had chosen. 11. was eaten. 12. had. 13. were attacked. 14. escaped.
Part II. 1. met. 2. said. 3. had been playing. 4. hadn't been. 5. had spent. 6. returned. 7. were. 8. was making. 9. started. 10. heard. 11. realised. 12. was calling. 13. took. 14. dropped.
4. 2a, 3d, 4b, 5c, 6a, 7c, 8b, 9a, 10d, 11c, 12a, 13d, 14b, 15d, 16b, 17c.
5. 2. have you been doing. 3. have been taking. 4. haven't had / don't have. 5. Have you met. 6. had. 7. Did you take. 8. couldn't. 9. was. 10. came. 11. was told. 12. had just moved. 13. is well packed. 14. is. 15. is. 16. has. 17. Will you see / Are you going to see. 18. am going. 19. Are you dating. 20. will be. 21. feel / am feeling. 22. has changed. 23. started. 24. Do you think. 25. will be given.
6. 2. seeing. 3. watching. 4. to join. 5. look. 6. watching. 7. to see. 8. working. 9. to win. 10. (to) go. 11. to realise. 12. doing. 13. dealing. 14. ask. 15. giving. 16. to bother. 17. to go. 18. to join.

7. 1. Do you fancy watching a series tonight? 2. My mum doesn't mind watching horror films. 3. I was fortunate to meet Julia Roberts at the conference last week. 4. Joanne Rowling's books are worth reading. 5. Have you decided to become a film maker? 6. The children are looking forward to visiting Warner Bros. Studios in London. 7. Jim has / had to save his pocket money to go to the cinema.

2. Pronouns. Articles

8. **Part I.** 2. -. 3. an. 4. The. 5. the. 6. -. 7. the. 8. -. 9. -. 10. -. 11. a. 12. a. 13. the. 14. the. 15. -. 16. The.
Part II. 1. a. 2. -. 3. a. 4. the. 5. the. 6. the. 7. the. 8. the. 9. the. 10. the. 11. a. 12. a. 13. the. 14. the. 15. the. 16. the.
9. 2. our. 3. We. 4. us. 5. its. 6. They. 7. himself. 8. him. 9. his. 10. me. 11. I. 12. She. 13. their. 14. she. 15. herself. 16. her. 17. It. 18. my.
10. *Charlie and the Chocolate Factory*, a novel by Roald Dahl, was published in 1964. ~~Its~~ It was made into the films *Willy Wonka and the Chocolate Factory* (1971) and *Charlie and the Chocolate Factory* (2005). Like children everywhere, Charlie Bucket adores chocolate but, sadly, ~~him~~ his family is so poor that ~~their~~ they can only afford to buy ~~his~~ him one bar a year, on ~~himself~~ his birthday. One day, Charlie finds some money on the ground and uses ~~them~~ it to buy a chocolate bar. He finds a golden ticket inside and gets into Willy Wonka's chocolate factory together with other four lucky kids and their parents. The inside of the chocolate factory is magical, with ~~her~~ its themed rooms, amazing chocolates and sweets, the Oompa-Loompas, and Willy Wonka ~~hissself~~ himself. The other four children are naughty and think only about themselves. One by one, ~~them~~ they cause some trouble and are carried away. Charlie is the only child who doesn't cause trouble, and Willy Wonka tells ~~his~~ him he won. Mr Wonka wants to give the factory to someone when ~~she~~ he gets old and he chooses Charlie. That's right, the whole factory is ~~he's~~ his! They shoot through the roof on the glass elevator, go get Charlie's family, and bring ~~their~~ them back to the factory, where ~~it'H~~ they'll never go hungry again.

3. Prepositions. Particles

11. 2. in. 3. in. 4. about. 5. of. 6. to. 7. out. 8. to. 9. at. 10. by. 11. to. 12. As. 13. to. 14. at. 15. in. 16. for. 17. of.
12. 2. by. 3. about. 4. through. 5. in. 6. by. 7. for. 8. as. 9. to. 10. in. 11. in. 12. with. 13. for. 14. down. 15. to. 16. to. 17. from. 18. in. 19. for. 20. as. 21. in. 22. on. 23. of.

4. Word-building

13. a) relaxation, amazement, creation, invention, arrival, enjoyment, survival, performance, appearance, entertainment.
b) 2. Arrival, 3. amazement, 4. performance, 5. creation, 6. appearance, 7. entertainment, 8. enjoyment / relaxation, 9. enjoyment / relaxation, 10. survival.
14. 1. unforgettable, 2. unreal, 3. impossible, 4. impatient, unpredictable, 5. unfair, 6. discourage.
15. 2. romantic. 3. imagination. 4. charming. 5. talented. 6. performances. 7. artist. 8. survival. 9. moving. 10. beautiful. 11. timeless. 12. legendary. 13. emotional. 14. famous. 15. gripping.

Progress Test 9

1. 1. × (~~to go~~ – going). 2. ✓. 3. × (~~to~~). 4. × (yourself – yourselves). 5. × (discouraged – encouraged). 6. ✓.
2. 1. an. 2. a. 3. –. 4. the. 5. –. 6. the. 7. a. 8. a. 9. a / the. 10. –. 11. –. 12. The.
3. 1. to. 2. doing. 3. themselves. 4. impossible. 5. out. 6. by. 7. who. 8. legendary. 9. myself. 10. acting. 11. who. 12. down.
4. 1. has been. 2. was. 3. organized. 4. was released. 5. had already worked. 6. produced. 7. is. 8. supports. 9. said. 10. was. 11. was doing / had done / did. 12. will be produced.
5. Do you fancy going to the cinema tonight? I would like to join you but I'm busy preparing for my Maths test. They say the film is worth seeing. What is it about? It is about a man who tries to survive in the mountains.