

ESC4000 G3/G3S Series 2U Rackmount Server User Guide



E9711 First Edition October 2014

Copyright © 2014 ASUSTeK COMPUTER INC. All Rights Reserved.

No part of this manual, including the products and software described in it, may be reproduced, transmitted, transcribed, stored in a retrieval system, or translated into any language in any form or by any means, except documentation kept by the purchaser for backup purposes, without the express written permission of ASUSTEK COMPUTER INC. ("ASUS").

ASUS provides this manual "as is" without warranty of any kind, either express or implied, including but not limited to the implied warranties or conditions of merchantability or fitness for a particular purpose. In no event shall ASUS, its directors, officers, employees, or agents be liable for any indirect, special, incidental, or consequential damages (including damages for loss of profits, loss of business, loss of use or data, interruption of business and the like), even if ASUS has been advised of the possibility of such damages arising from any defect or error in this manual or product.

Specifications and information contained in this manual ae furnished for informational use only, and are subject to change at any time without notice, and should not be construed as a commitment by ASUS. ASUS assumes no responsibility or liability for any errors or inaccuracies that may appear in this manual, including the products and software described in it.

Product warranty or service will not be extended if: (1) the product is repaired, modified or altered, unless such repair, modification of alteration is authorized in writing by ASUS; or (2) the serial number of the product is defaced or missing.

Products and corporate names appearing in this manual may or may not be registered trademarks or copyrights of their respective companies, and are used only for identification or explanation and to the owners' benefit, without intent to infringe.

Notices	. vii
Canadian Department of Communications Statement	vii
Australia statement notice	vii
Safety information	ix
About this guide	x

Chapter 1: Product Introduction

1.1	System	n package contents	
1.2	Serial r	number label	1-3
1.3	System	n specifications	1-4
1.4	Front p	anel features	
1.5	Rear pa	anel features	1-8
1.6	Interna	I features	1-9
1.7	LED inf	formation	1-10
	1.7.1	Front panel LEDs	
	1.7.2	LAN (RJ-45) LEDs	
	1.7.3	HDD status LEDs	
	1.7.4	Q-Code/Port 80 status LEDs	1-14

Chapter 2: Hardware Information

2.1	Chassis cover2-2		
	2.1.1	Air duct	2-3
2.2	Central I	Processing Unit (CPU)	2-4
	2.2.1	Installing the CPU	2-4
	2.2.2	Installing the CPU heatsink	2-9
2.3	System	memory	2-10
	2.3.1	Overview	2-10
	2.3.2	Memory Configurations	2-10
2.4	Hard dis	k drives	2-13
2.5	Expansi	on slots	2-17
	2.5.1	The PCI Express riser card	2-17
	2.5.2	Configuring an expansion card	2-21
2.6	Cable co	onnections	2-22
2.7	SATA/S	AS backplane cabling	2-23
2.8	Remova	ble/optional components	2-25
	2.8.1	System fans	2-25
	2.8.2	Redundant power supply units	2-27
	2.8.3	Installing Accelerators	

Chapte	er 3: Insta	Ilation options
3.1	Friction F	ail Kit
	3.1.1	Attaching the rack rails
	3.1.2	Mounting the server to the rack
Chapte	er 4: Moth	erboard Info
4.1		16 Motherboard layout4-2
4.2		4-4
4.3	•	onnectors
4.4		LEDs
Chapte	er 5: BIOS	setun
5.1		g and updating your BIOS5-2
5.1	5.1.1	ASUS CrashFree BIOS 3 utility
	5.1.2	ASUS EZ Flash Utility
	5.1.3	BUPDATER utility
5.2		up program
012	5.2.1	BIOS menu screen
	5.2.2	Menu bar
	5.2.3	Menu items
	5.2.4	Submenu items
	5.2.5	Navigation keys
	5.2.6	General help
	5.2.7	Configuration fields
	5.2.8	Pop-up window
	4.2.9	Scroll bar
5.3	Main men	nu5-9
	5.3.1	System Date [Day xx/xx/xxxx]
	5.3.2	System Time [xx:xx:xx]
5.4	Advanced	d menu5-10
	5.4.1	ACPI Settings
	5.4.2	Smart Settings
	5.4.3	NCT6779D Super IO Configuration5-12
	5.4.4	Onboard LAN I210 Configuration5-13
	5.4.5	Serial Port Console Redirection5-14
	5.4.6	APM5-17
	5.4.7	Advanced Power Management Configuration5-18
	5.4.8	PCI Subsystem Settings
	5.4.9	Network Stack Configuration5-20
	5.4.10	CSM Configuration5-21

	5.4.11	Trusted Computing	5-22
	5.4.12	USB Configuration	5-23
	5.4.13	iSCSI Configuration	5-24
5.5	IntelRC	Setup menu	5-25
	5.5.1	Processor Configuration	5-26
	5.5.2	Advanced Power Management Configuration	5-28
	5.5.3	Common RefCode Configuration	5-30
	5.5.4	QPI Configuration	5-30
	5.5.5	Memory Configuration	5-31
	5.5.6	IIO Configuration	5-34
	5.5.7	PCH Configuration	5-35
	5.5.8	Miscellaneous Configuration	5-37
	5.5.9	Server ME Configuration	5-38
	5.5.10	Runtime Error Logging Support	5-38
5.6	Server I	Ngmt menu	5-39
5.7	Event L	ogs menu	5-43
	5.7.1	Change Smbios Event Log Settings	5-43
	5.7.2	View Smbios Event Log	5-43
5.8	Monitor	menu	5-44
5.9	Security	/ menu	
5.10	Boot me	enu	5-48
5.11	Tool me	enu	
5.12	Exit me	nu	

Chapter 6: RAID Configuration

6.1	Setting	6-2	
	6.1.1	RAID definitions	6-2
	6.1.2	Installing hard disk drives	6-3
	6.1.3	Setting the RAID item in BIOS	6-3
	6.1.4	RAID configuration utilities	6-3
6.2	LSI Sof	ftware RAID Configuration Utility	6-4
	6.2.1	Creating a RAID set	6-5
	6.2.2	Adding or viewing a RAID configuration	6-11
	6.2.3	Initializing the virtual drives	6-12
	6.2.4	Rebuilding failed drives	6-16
	6.2.5	Checking the drives for data consistency	6-18
	6.2.6	Deleting a RAID configuration	6-21
	6.2.7	Selecting the boot drive from a RAID set	6-22
	6.2.8	Enabling WriteCache	6-23

6.3	Intel [®] Rapid Storage Technology enterprise		
	SCU/SA	TA Option ROM Utility	6-24
	6.3.1	Creating a RAID set	6-26
	6.3.2	Creating a Recovery set	6-27
	6.3.3	Deleting a RAID set	6-29
	6.3.4	Resetting disks to Non-RAID	6-30
	6.3.5	Exiting the Intel [®] Rapid Storage Technology enterprise	
		SATA Option ROM utility	6-31
	6.3.6	Rebuilding the RAID	6-31
	6.3.7	Setting the Boot array in the BIOS Setup Utility	6-33
6.4	Intel [®] Ra	apid Storage Technology enterprise (Windows)	6-34
	6.4.1	Creating a RAID set	6-35
	6.4.2	Changing a Volume Type	6-37
	6.4.3	Deleting a volume	6-38
	6.4.4	Preferences	6-39
Chapt	er 7: Driv	ver installation	

7.1	RAID d	river installation	7-2
	7.1.1	Creating a RAID driver disk	7-2
	7.1.2	Installing the RAID controller driver	7-3
7.2	Manag	ement applications and utilities installation	7-13
7.3	Runnir	ng the Support DVD	7-13
7.4	Intel [®] c	hipset device software installation	7-17
7.5	Installi	ng the Intel [®] I210 Gigabit Adapters driver	7-19
7.6	VGA dı	river installation	7-22
7.7	Intel [®] F	Rapid Storage Technology enterprise 4.0 installation	7-24
ASUS	contact i	nformation	1

Notices

Federal Communications Commission Statement

This device complies with Part 15 of the FCC Rules. Operation is subject to the following two conditions:

- · This device may not cause harmful interference, and
- This device must accept any interference received including interference that may cause undesired operation.

This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class B digital device, pursuant to Part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference in a residential installation. This equipment generates, uses and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with manufacturer's instructions, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. However, there is no guarantee that interference will not occur in a particular installation. If this equipment does cause harmful interference to radio or television reception, which can be determined by turning the equipment off and on, the user is encouraged to try to correct the interference by one or more of the following measures:

- Reorient or relocate the receiving antenna.
- Increase the separation between the equipment and receiver.
- Connect the equipment to an outlet on a circuit different from that to which the receiver is connected.
- Consult the dealer or an experienced radio/TV technician for help.



WARNING! The use of shielded cables for connection of the monitor to the graphics card is required to assure compliance with FCC regulations. Changes or modifications to this unit not expressly approved by the party responsible for compliance could void the user's authority to operate this equipment.

Canadian Department of Communications Statement

This digital apparatus does not exceed the Class B limits for radio noise emissions from digital apparatus set out in the Radio Interference Regulations of the Canadian Department of Communications.

This Class B digital apparatus complies with Canadian ICES-003.

Australia statement notice

From 1 January 2012 updated warranties apply to all ASUS products, consistent with the Australian Consumer Law. For the latest product warranty details please visit http:// support.asus.com. Our goods come with guarantees that cannot be excluded under the Australian Consumer Law. You are entitled to a replacement or refund for a major failure and compensation for any other reasonably foreseeable loss or damage. You are also entitled to have the goods repaired or replaced if the goods fail to be of acceptable quality and the failure does not amount to a major failure.

If you require assistance please call ASUS Customer Service 1300 2787 88 or visit us at http://support.asus.com

REACH Information

Complying with the REACH (Registration, Evaluation, Authorization, and Restriction of Chemicals) regulatory framework, we publish the chemical substances in our products at ASUS REACH website at http://csr.asus.com/english/REACH.htm.

ASUS Recycling/Takeback Services

ASUS recycling and takeback programs come from our commitment to the highest standards for protecting our environment. We believe in providing solutions for you to be able to responsibly recycle our products, batteries, other components as well as the packaging materials. Please go to http://csr.asus.com/english/Takeback.htm for detailed recycling information in different regions.



DO NOT throw the motherboard in municipal waste. This product has been designed to enable proper reuse of parts and recycling. This symbol of the crossed out wheeled bin indicates that the product (electrical and electronic equipment) should not be placed in municipal waste. Check local regulations for disposal of electronic products.



DO NOT throw the mercury-containing button cell battery in municipal waste. This symbol of the crossed out wheeled bin indicates that the battery should not be placed in municipal waste.

Safety information

Electrical Safety

- Before installing or removing signal cables, ensure that the power cables for the system unit and all attached devices are unplugged.
- To prevent electrical shock hazard, disconnect the power cable from the electrical outlet before relocating the system.
- When adding or removing any additional devices to or from the system, ensure that the
 power cables for the devices are unplugged before the signal cables are connected. If
 possible, disconnect all power cables from the existing system before you add a device.
- If the power supply is broken, do not try to fix it by yourself. Contact a qualified service technician or your dealer.

Operation Safety

- Any mechanical operation on this server must be conducted by certified or experienced engineers.
- Before operating the server, carefully read all the manuals included with the server package.
- Before using the server, ensure all cables are correctly connected and the power cables are not damaged. If any damage is detected, contact your dealer as soon as possible.
- To avoid short circuits, keep paper clips, screws, and staples away from connectors, slots, sockets and circuitry.
- Avoid dust, humidity, and temperature extremes. Place the server on a stable surface.



This product is equipped with a three-wire power cable and plug for the user's safety. Use the power cable with a properly grounded electrical outlet to avoid electrical shock.

Lithium-Ion Battery Warning

CAUTION! Danger of explosion if battery is incorrectly replaced. Replace only with the same or equivalent type recommended by the manufacturer. Dispose of used batteries according to the manufacturer's instructions.

CD-ROM Drive Safety Warning CLASS 1 LASER PRODUCT

Heavy System

CAUTION! This server system is heavy. Ask for assistance when moving or carrying the system.

About this guide

Audience

This user guide is intended for system integrators, and experienced users with at least basic knowledge of configuring a server.

Contents

This guide contains the following parts:

1. Chapter 1: Product Introduction

This chapter describes the general features of the server, including sections on front panel and rear panel specifications.

2. Chapter 2: Hardware setup

This chapter lists the hardware setup procedures that you have to perform when installing or removing system components.

3. Chapter 3: Installation options

This chapter describes how to install optional components into the barebone server.

4. Chapter 4: Motherboard information

This chapter gives information about the motherboard that comes with the server. This chapter includes the motherboard layout, jumper settings, and connector locations.

5. Chapter 5: BIOS setup

This chapter tells how to change system settings through the BIOS Setup menus and describes the BIOS parameters.

6. Chapter 6: RAID configuration

This chapter tells how to change system settings through the BIOS Setup menus. Detailed descriptions of the BIOS parameters are also provided.

7 Chapter 7: Driver installation

This chapter provides instructions for installing the necessary drivers for different system components.

Conventions

To ensure that you perform certain tasks properly, take note of the following symbols used throughout this manual.



DANGER/WARNING: Information to prevent injury to yourself when trying to complete a task.



CAUTION: Information to prevent damage to the components when trying to complete a task.

R

IMPORTANT: Instructions that you MUST follow to complete a task.

NOTE: Tips and additional information to help you complete a task.

Typography

Bold text	Indicates a menu or an item to select.
Italics	Used to emphasize a word or a phrase.
<key></key>	Keys enclosed in the less-than and greater-than sign means that you must press the enclosed key.
	Example: <enter> means that you must press the Enter or Return key.</enter>
<key1>+<key2>+<key3></key3></key2></key1>	If you must press two or more keys simultaneously, the key names are linked with a plus sign (+).
	Example: <ctrl>+<alt>+</alt></ctrl>
Command	Means that you must type the command exactly as shown, then supply the required item or value enclosed in brackets.
	Example: At the DOS prompt, type the command line: format A:/S

References

Refer to the following sources for additional information, and for product and software updates.

1. ASUS Server Web-based Management (ASWM) user guide

This manual tells how to set up and use the proprietary ASUS server management utility.

2. ASUS websites

The ASUS websites worldwide provide updated information for all ASUS hardware and software products. Refer to the ASUS contact information.



Product introduction

1

This chapter describes the general features of the chassis kit. It includes sections on front panel and rear panel specifications.

1.1 System package contents

Check your system package for the following items.

	ESC4000 G3/G3S		
Chassis	ASUS 2U Rackmount Chassis		
Motherboard	ASUS Z10PG-D16 Series Server Board		
Accessory box	1 x MB Support DVD 1 X ASWM Enterprise DVD 1 x ASMB8 SDVD 1 x Bag of Screws 2 x AC Power Cable 8 x GPU air ducts (4 for Intel Xeon Phi; 4 for Nvidia/AMD) 4 x Mylar for GPU air ducts for AMD GPU 2 x CPU heatsink 1 x Rail Kit 8 x VGA Power cables		
Optional Items	1 x PIKE II RAID Card 1 x Trend Micro Server Protect Anti-virus Software CD 1 x Redundant Power Supply Module 1 x Slim-type ODD (ESC4000 G3 only)		

ASUS System Web-based Management

• The system does not include a USB floppy drive. You may have to use a USB floppy drive when creating a SATA RAID driver disk. Refer to Chapter 6 for details.

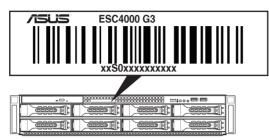


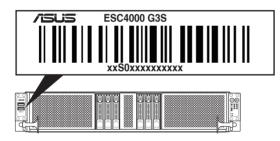
If any of the above items is damaged or missing, contact your retailer.

1.2 Serial number label

Before requesting support from the ASUS Technical Support team, you must take note of the product's serial number containing 14 characters such as xxS0xxxxxxxx. See the figure below.

With the correct serial number of the product, ASUS Technical Support team members can then offer a quicker and satisfying solution to your problems.







The serial number on ESC4000 G3/G3S is printed on the Asset tag.

1.3 System specifications

The ASUS ESC4000 G3/G3S Series servers features the ASUS Z10PG-D16 Series server board that supports Intel[®] LGA 2011-3 Xeon[®] processor from the E5-2600 V3 product family.

Model Name		ESC4000 G3	ESC4000 G3S
_		2 x Socket R3 (LGA 2011-3)	
Processor / Syste	em Bus	Intel [®] Xeon [®] processor E5-2600 v3 product family	
		QPI 6.4 / 8.0 / 9.6 GT/s	
Core Logic		Intel [®] C612 PCH	
	Total Slots	16 (4-channel per CPU, 8 DIMM per CPU)	
	Capacity	Maximum up to 1024 GB	
Memory	Memory Type	DDR4 2133/1866/1600/1333* R	
	Memory Size	4 GB, 8 GB, 16 GB, 32 GB (RD	NMM)
		32 GB, 64 GB (LRDIMM)	
	Total PCI/PCI-X/ PCI-E Slots	8+2	
		Full-length/Full-height	
Expansion Slots	Slot Type	8 x PCI-E 3.0 x16 (4 at x16 Link or 8 at x8 Link) (Slot CPU1_PCIE2, CPU1_PCIE4, CPU2_PCIE1, CPU2_PCIE3 auto switch to x8 link if slot CPU1_PCIE1, CPU1_PCIE3, CPU2_PCIE2, CPU2_PCIE4 is occupied) 1 x PCI-E x24* * Via the riser card. 1 x PCI-E x16 (x8 Gen3 Link) and 1 x PCI-E x8 (x8 Gen3 Link)	
Storage	SATA Controller	Intel [®] C612 - 8 x SATA 6 Gb/s ports Intel [®] RSTe (for Windows only; Support software RAID 0, 1, 10 & 5) LSI MegaRAID driver supports software RAID 0, 1& 10 (Windows & Linux)	
	SAS Controller	Optional kits: ASUS PIKE II 3008 8-port SAS 6G RAID card ASUS PIKE II 3108 8-port SAS 6G HW RAID card * Support with the PCI-E riser card.	

* Please refer to www.asus.com for latest momory AVL update

* 2133 MT/s at 1 DPC only

(continued on the next page)

System specifications

Model N	ame	ESC4000 G3	ESC4000 G3S
HDD Bays	I = Internal A or S will be hot-swappable	8 x Hot-swap 3.5-inch HDD Bays	6 x Hot-swap 2.5-inch HDD Bays
Networking	LAN	2 x Intel I210AT	
		1 x Management Port	
Graphic	VGA	Aspeed AST2400 32 MB	
		1 x Slim-type Optical Drive Bay	
Auxiliary Storage	Device Bay	Options:	
(Floppy / Optical	Drive)	No Device / DVD-RW	_
		(DVD-RW default for North America)	
		3 x RJ-45 ports (One for ASMB8-	iKVM)
Rear I/O		4 x USB ports (2 x Front USB 2.0 , 2 x Rear USB 3.0)	
		1 x VGA Port	
		Windows [®] Server 2012 R2	
		Windows [®] Server 2012	
		Windows [®] Server 2008 Enterprise R2 SP1	
		Windows [®] Server 2008 Enterprise SP2	
OS Support		RedHat [®] Enterprise Linux	
05 Support		SuSE [®] Linux Enterprise Server	
		Ubuntu	
		CentOS	
		VMWare	
		Citrix XenServer	
Anti-virus Software		Optional Anti-virus Software CD	
Management Solution			nternet (default)
	Software	ASWM Enterprise	
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Dimension (HH x WW x DD) 750 mm x 444 mm x 87 mm (2U)		
Net Weight Kg (CPU, DRAM & HDD not included)			

* Subject to change without any notice.

** Refer to www.asus.com for the latest OS AVL update.

(continued on the next page)

System specifications

Model Name	ESC4000 G3	ESC4000 G3S		
	1+1 Redundant 2000W 80PLUS	Platinum Power Supply;		
	1100W: 100-120Vac, 12.7-10.5A	A, 50-60Hz, Class I		
	1400W: 120-140Vac, 13.5-11.5A, 50-60Hz, Class I			
	1800W: 200-220Vac, 10.0-9.5A, 50-60Hz, Class I			
	1980W: 220-230Vac, 10.0-9.8A,	50-60Hz, Class I		
Power Supply / Power Rating	2000W: 230-240Vac, 10.0-9.8A,	50-60Hz, Class I		
	1+1 Redundant 1620W 80PLUS	Platinum Power Supply;		
	1000W: 100-120Vac, 12-10A, 50)-60Hz, Class I		
	1200W: 120-140Vac, 12-10A, 50)-60Hz, Class I		
	1620W: 180-240Vac, 10.5-8A, 5	0-60Hz, Class I		
	Operating temperature: 10°C ~ 3	35°C		
Environment	Non operating temperature: -40°	C ~ 70°C		
	Non operating humidity: 20% ~ 9	00% (Non-condensing)		



Always use PSUs with the same watt and power rating. Combining PSUs with different wattage (e.g. 1 x 1620 W + 1 x 2000 W) may yield unstable results and potential damage to your system.

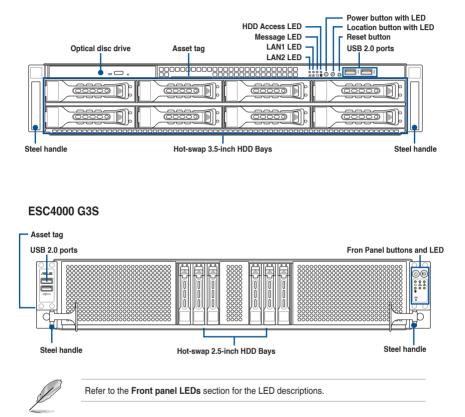


Specifications are subject to change without notice.

1.4 Front panel features

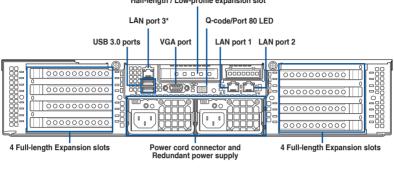
The barebone server features a simple yet stylish front panel. The power and reset buttons, LED indicators, and USB ports are located and easily accessible on the front panel.

ESC4000 G3



1.5 **Rear panel features**

The expansion slots and system power socket is located on the rear panel of the server. The middle part includes the I/O shield with openings for the rear panel connectors on the motherboard.



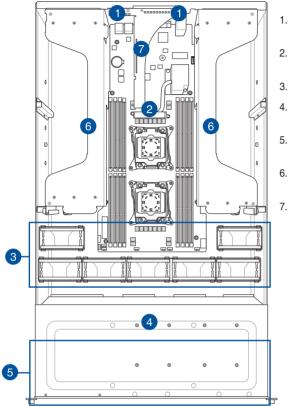


The rear I/O ports do not appear on the rear panel if motherboard is not present.

*The LAN port 3 is for ASUS ASMB8-iKVM controller only.

1.6 Internal features

The barebone server includes the basic components as shown.



- Redundant Power supply and power fan (hidden)
- ASUS Z10PG-D16 Server Board
- System fans
- SATA/SAS backplane (hidden)
- Hot-swap HDD tray (SAS and SATA)
- . PCI-E Expansion Boards (hidden)
- PCI-E x24 slot (hidden) with butterfly riser card



The barebone server does not include a floppy disk drive or an optical dirve. Connect a USB floppy disk drive to any of the USB ports on the front or rear panel if you need to use a floppy disk.

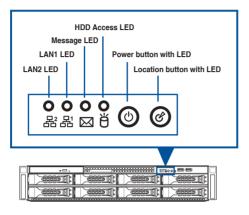
A protection film is pre-attached to the front cover before shipping. Please remove the protection film before turning on the system for proper heat dissipation.

HAZARDOUS MOVING PARTS KEEP FINGERS AND OTHER BODY PARTS AWAY

1.7 LED information

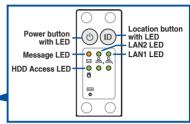
1.7.1 Front panel LEDs

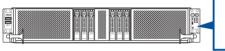
ESC4000 G3



LED	lcon	Display status	Description
Power button with LED		ON	System power ON
HDD Access LED	ĕ	OFF	No activity
HDD Access LED	0	Blinking	Read/write data into the HDD
Message LED		OFF	System is normal; no incoming event
		ON	A hardware monitor event is indicated
Location button with	હ	OFF	Normal status
LED		ON	Location switch is pressed (Press the location switch again to turn off)
	岙, 岙,	OFF	No LAN connection
LAN LEDs		Blinking	LAN is transmitting or receiving data
	202	ON	LAN connection is present

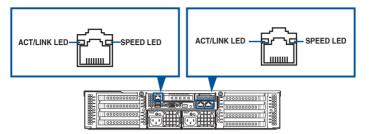
ESC4000 G3S





LED	lcon	Display status	Description
Power button with LED	പ	ON	System power ON
HDD Access I FD	ĕ	OFF	No activity
HDD Access LED	0	Blinking	Read/write data into the HDD
		OFF	System is normal; no incoming event
Message LED		ON	A hardware monitor event is indicated
Location button with	ID	OFF	Normal status
LED		ON	Location switch is pressed (Press the location switch again to turn off)
	品, 品,	OFF	No LAN connection
LAN LEDs		Blinking	LAN is transmitting or receiving data
	202	ON	LAN connection is present

1.7.2 LAN (RJ-45) LEDs



LAN1/LAN2 LEDs

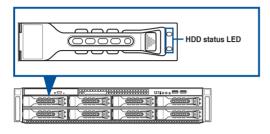
ACT/LI	NK LED	SPEED LED		
Status	Description	Status	Description	
OFF	No link	OFF	10 Mbps connection	
GREEN	Linked	ORANGE	100 Mbps connection	
BLINKING	Data activity	GREEN	1 Gbps connection	

Dedicated Management LAN (for ASMB8)

ACT/LI	NK LED	SPEED LED		
Status	Description	Status	Description	
OFF	No link	OFF	10 Mbps connection	
ORANGE	Linked	ORANGE	100 Mbps connection	
BLINKING	Data activity	GREEN	1 Gbps connection	

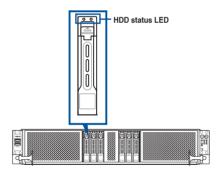
1.7.3 HDD status LEDs

ESC4000 G3



HDD LED	Description		
Green	The installed HDD is in good condition		
Red	HDD locate or HDD failure		

ESC4000 G3S



HDD LED	Description
Green	The installed HDD is in good condition
Red	HDD locate or HDD failure

1.7.4 Q-Code/Port 80 status LEDs

The Q-Code LED provides a 2-digit display that shows the status of your system. Refer to the **Q-Code table** of this user guide for more information about the 2-digit codes.

Q-Code table

Action	PHASE	POST CODE	TYPE	DESCRIPTIONZ
		01	Progress	First post code(POWER_ON_POST_CODE)
	Security Phase	02	Progress	Load BSP microcode(MICROCODE_POST_CODE)
		03	Progress	Set cache as ram for PEI phase(CACHE_ENABLED_POST_CODE)
		06	Progress	CPU Early init.(CPU_EARLY_INIT_POST_CODE)
		04	Progress	initializes South bridge for PEI preparation
		10	Progress	PEI Core Entry
		15	Progress	NB initialize before installed memory
		19	Progress	SB initialize before installed memory
		78~00	Progress	Wait BMC ready(duration: 120 seconds).
		A1	MRC Progress	QPI initialization
		A3	MRC Progress	QPI initialization
		A7	MRC Progress	QPI initialization
		A8	MRC Progress	QPI initialization
		A9	MRC Progress	QPI initialization
		AA	MRC Progress	QPI initialization
		AB	MRC Progress	QPI initialization
		AC	MRC Progress	QPI initialization
		AD	MRC Progress	QPI initialization
		AE	MRC Progress	QPI initialization
		AF	MRC Progress	QPI initialization Complete
		2F	Progress	Memory Init.
Normal boot		B0	MRC Progress	Memory Init.
		B1	MRC Progress	Memory Init.
	PEI(Pre-EFI initialization) phase	AF	MRC Progress	RC Reset if require
	initialization) phase	B4	MRC Progress	Memory Init.
		B2	MRC Progress	Memory Init.
		B3	MRC Progress	Memory Init.
		B5	MRC Progress	Memory Init.
		B6	MRC Progress	Memory Init.
		B7	MRC Progress	Memory Init.
		B8	MRC Progress	Memory Init.
		B9	MRC Progress	Memory Init.
		BA	MRC Progress	Memory Init.
		BB	MRC Progress	Memory Init.
		BC	MRC Progress	Memory Init.
		BF	MRC Progress	Memory Init. Done
		5A	MRC Progress	Other config. After RC end
		31	Progress	Memory already installed.
		32	Progress	CPU Init.
		34	Progress	CPU Init.
		36	Progress	CPU Init.
		4F	Progress	DXE Initial Program Load(IPL)

(continued on the next page)

Q-Code table

Action	PHASE	POST CODE	TYPE	DESCRIPTION
		60	Progress	DXE Core Started
		61	Progress	DXE NVRAM Init.
		62	Progress	SB run-time init.
		63	Progress	DXE CPU Init
		68	Progress	NB Init.
	DXE(Driver Execution	69	Progress	NB Init.
	Environment) phase	6A	Progress	NB Init.
		70	Progress	SB Init.
		71	Progress	SB Init.
		72	Progress	SB Init.
		78	Progress	ACPI Init.
		79	Progress	CSM Init.
		90	Progress	BDS started
		91	Progress	Connect device event
		92	Progress	PCI Bus Enumeration.
		93	Progress	PCI Bus Enumeration.
		94	Progress	PCI Bus Enumeration.
		95	Progress	PCI Bus Enumeration.
		96	Progress	PCI Bus Enumeration.
		97	Progress	Console outout connect event
Normal boot		98	Progress	Console input connect event
INORMAI DOOL		99	Progress	AMI Super IO start
		9A	Progress	AMI USB Driver Init.
		9B	Progress	AMI USB Driver Init.
		9C	Progress	AMI USB Driver Init.
	BDS(Boot Device	9D	Progress	AMI USB Driver Init.
	Selection) phase	b2	Progress	Legacy Option ROM Init.
		b3	Progress	Reset system
		b4	Progress	USB hotplug
		b6	Progress	NVRAM clean up
		b7	Progress	NVRAM configuration reset
		A0	Progress	IDE, AHCI Init.
		A1	Progress	IDE, AHCI Init.
		A2	Progress	IDE, AHCI Init.
		A3	Progress	IDE, AHCI Init.
		A8	Progress	BIOS Setup Utility password verify
		A9	Progress	BIOS Setup Utility start
		AB	Progress	BIOS Setup Utility input wait
		AD	Progress	Ready to boot event
		AE	Progress	Legacy boot event
	Operating system	AA	Progress	APIC mode
	phase	AC	Progress	PIC mode





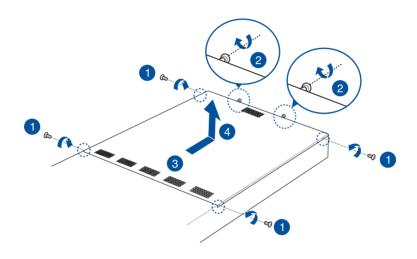
Hardware Information

This chapter lists the hardware setup procedures that you have to perform when installing or removing system components.

2.1 Chassis cover

To remove the chassis cover:

- 1. Remove the screws on the side.
- 2. Release the two (2) thumbscrews on the rear of the chassis.
- 3. Slide the chassis cover towards the rear to disengage it from the chassis.
- 4. Lift the chassis cover to completely remove it from the chassis.



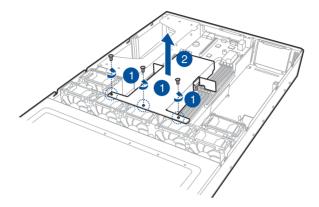


A protection film is pre-attached to the system cover before shipping. Please remove the protection film before turning on the system for proper heat dissipation.

2.1.1 Air duct

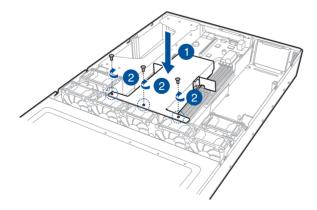
To remove the air duct:

- 1. Remove the three screws as shown.
- 2. Lift the air duct to remove it from the chassis.



To reinstall the air duct:

- 1. Align and replace the air duct to the chassis ensuring that the screw holes on the air duct match the screw holes on chassis.
- 2. Secure the air duct to the chassis with three screws.



2.2 **Central Processing Unit (CPU)**

The motherboard comes with two surface mount LGA 2011-3 Socket R3 designed for the Intel[®] Xeon[®] E5-2600 V3 series processor family.



Ensure that all power cables are unplugged before installing the CPU.

- Upon purchase of the motherboard, ensure that the PnP cap is on the socket and the socket contacts are not bent. Contact your retailer immediately if the PnP cap is missing, or if you see any damage to the PnP cap/socket contacts/motherboard components. ASUS shoulders the repair cost only if the damage is shipment/transitrelated.
- Keep the cap after installing the motherboard. ASUS will process Return Merchandise Authorization (RMA) requests only if the motherboard comes with the cap on the LGA 2011-3 socket.
- The product warranty does not cover damage to the socket contacts resulting from incorrect CPU installation/removal, or misplacement/loss/incorrect removal of the PnP cap.

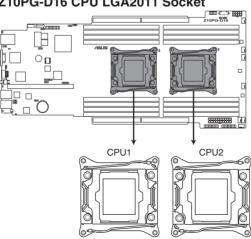
2.2.1 Installing the CPU



Remove air duct before installing the CPU. Refer to the Air duct section for more information

To install a CPU

Locate the CPU socket on the motherboard. 1.



Z10PG-D16 CPU LGA2011 Socket

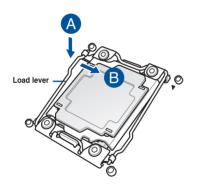
2. Align the system such that the socket box is facing toward you and the triangle mark is on the top-right position.

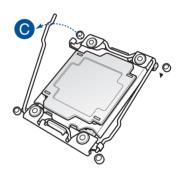


3. Press down the load lever with your thumb (A), move it to the right until it is released from the retention tab (B), then gently lift the load lever (C).

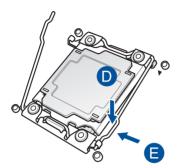


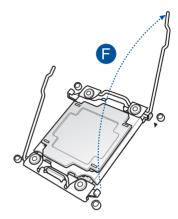
To prevent damage to the socket pins, do not remove the PnP cap unless you are installing a CPU.





4. Press down the right load lever with your thumb (D), move it to the left until it is released from retention tab (E), then gently lift the load lever (F).





5. Push the left load lever to slightly lift the load plate (G).



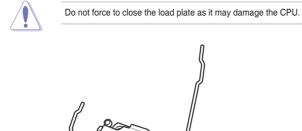
Do not insert the load lever into the retention tab.

- 6. Hold the edge then gently lift the load plate (H).
- edge of the Load plate
- Triangle mark

- 7. Get the CPU.
- Align and position the CPU over the socket ensuring that the triangle mark on the CPU matches the triangle mark on the socket box.
- 9. Install the CPU into the slot.

16

The CPU fits in only one correct orientation. DO NOT force the CPU into the socket to prevent bending the CPU pins on the socket. 10. Gently push the load plate just enough to let it sit on top of the CPU.

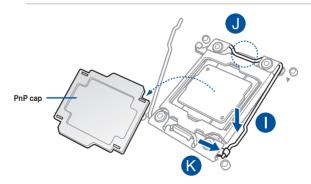


 Push down the right load lever (I) ensuring that the edge of the load plate is fixed and tucked securely under the lever (J) then insert the right load lever under the retention tab (K).

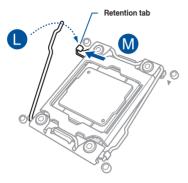


The PnP cap pops out of the load plate when the right load lever is inserted into the retention tab.

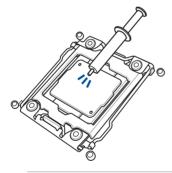
Keep the PnP cap. ASUS will process Return Merchandise Authorization (RMA) requests only if the motherboard comes with the PnP cap on the LGA 2011-3 socket.



12. Push down the left load lever (L) then insert it under the retention tab (M).



- 13. Apply some Thermal Interface Material to the exposed area of the CPU that the heatsink will be in contact with.
 - Ensure that the Thermal Interface Material is spread in an even thin layer.
 - Some heatsinks come with pre-applied Thermal Interface Material. If so, skip this step.



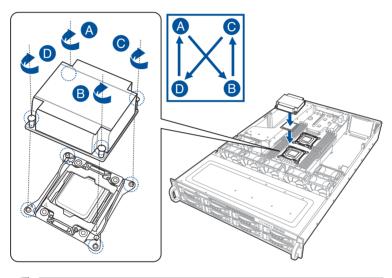


The Thermal Interface Material is toxic and inedible. DO NOT eat it. If it gets into your eyes or touches your skin, wash it off immediately, and seek professional medical help.

2.2.2 Installing the CPU heatsink

To install the CPU heatsink:

- 1. Place the heatsink on top of the installed CPU, ensuring that the four screws match the holes on the motherboard.
- 2. Tighten each of the screws with a Phillips screwdriver just enough to attach the heatsink to the motherboard.
- 3. When attached, tighten the screws one-by-one in a criss-cross sequence and secure the CPU heatsink onto the socket. Ensure an even distribution of contact between the heatsink and CPU.





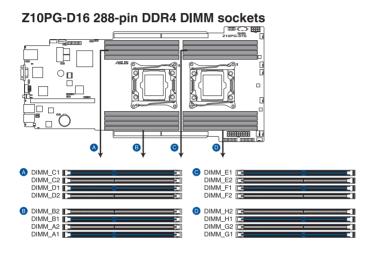
Fasten the screws to just about the proper tightness to avoid damaging the motherboard, CPU, or heatsink.

2.3 System memory

2.3.1 Overview

The motherboard comes with sixteen (16) Double Data Rate 4 (DDR4) Dual Inline Memory Modules (DIMM) sockets.

The figure illustrates the location of the DDR4 DIMM sockets:



2.3.2 Memory Configurations

You may install 4 GB, 8 GB, 16 GB, and 32 GB RDIMMs or 32 GB or 64 GB LR-DIMMs into the DIMM sockets using the memory configurations in this section.

- Refer to ASUS Server AVL for the updated list of compatible DIMMs.
- When installing only one DIMM in a single CPU configuration, install the DIMM on either A1 or B1.
- Always install DIMMs with the same CAS latency. For optimum compatibility, it is
 recommended that you obtain memory modules from the same vendor.

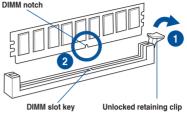
1 CPU Configuration (must on CPU1)								
	DIMM_A2	DIMM_A1	DIMM_B2	DIMM_B1	DIMM_C2	DIMM_C1	DIMM_D2	DIMM_D1
1 DIMM		•						
2 DIMMs		•		•				
4 DIMMs		•		•		•		•
8 DIMMs	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•

2 CPU Co	2 CPU Configuration							
	DIMM_A2	DIMM_A1	DIMM_B2	DIMM_B1	DIMM_C2	DIMM_C1	DIMM_D2	DIMM_D1
2 DIMMs		•						
4 DIMMs		•		•				
8 DIMMs		•		•		•		•
12 DIMMs	•	•	•	•		•		•
16 DIMMs	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•

2 CPU Co	2 CPU Configuration								
	DIMM_E2	DIMM_E1	DIMM_F2	DIMM_F1	DIMM_G2	DIMM_G1	DIMM_H2	DIMM_H1	
2 DIMMs		•							
4 DIMMs		•		•					
8 DIMMs		•		•		•		•	
12 DIMMs	•	•	•	•		•		•	
16 DIMMs	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	

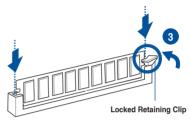
2.3.3 Installing a DIMM on a single clip DIMM socket

- 1. Press the retaining clip outward to unlock DIMM notch a DIMM socket.
- Align a DIMM on the socket such that the notch on the DIMM matches the DIMM slot key on the socket.



A DIMM is keyed with a notch so that it fits in only one direction. DO NOT force a DIMM into a socket in the wrong direction to avoid damaging the DIMM.

 Hold the DIMM on both ends, then insert the DIMM vertically into the socket. Apply force to both ends of the DIMM simultaneously until the retaining clip snaps back into place, and the DIMM cannot be pushed in any further to ensure proper sitting of the DIMM.





Always insert the DIMM into the socket VERTICALLY to prevent damage to the DIMM notch.

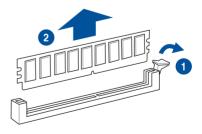


To install two or more DIMMs, refer to the user guide bundled in the motherboard package.

Refer to the user guide for qualified vendor lists of the memory modules.

Removing a DIMM from a single clip DIMM socket

- 1. Press the retaining clip outward to unlock the DIMM.
- 2. Remove the DIMM from the socket.





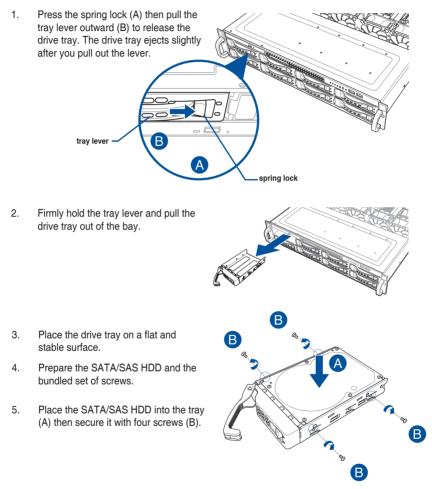
Support the DIMM lightly with your fingers when pressing the retaining clips. The DIMM might get damaged when it flips out with extra force.

2.4 Hard disk drives

The ESC4000 G3 system supports hot-swap 3.5-inch SATA/SAS hard disk drives. The hard disk drive installed on the drive tray connects to the motherboard SATA/SAS ports via the SATA/SAS backplane.

Installing the 3.5-inch SATA HDD/SAS HDD

To install a hot-swap SATA/SAS HDD:



 Insert the drive tray and HDD assembly all the way into the depth of the bay until just a small fraction of the tray edge protrudes.



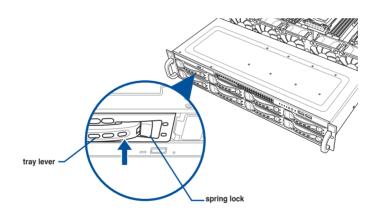


When installed, the SATA/SAS connector on the drive connects to the SATA/SAS interface on the backplane.

7. Push the tray lever until it clicks and secures the drive tray in place.



The drive tray is correctly placed when its front edge aligns with the bay edge.



8. Repeat steps 1 to 7 to install the other SATA/SAS HDDs.

Installing 2.5-inch SATA HDD/SAS HDD

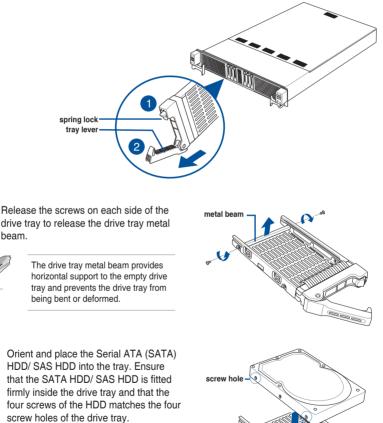
The ESC4000 G3S system supports hot-swap 2.5-inch SATA/SAS hard disk drives. The hard disk drive installed on the drive tray connects to the motherboard SATA/SAS ports via the SATA/SAS backplane.

To install a 2.5-inch HDD:

3.

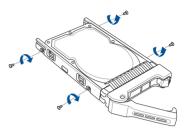
4.

- 1. Press the spring lock to release the tray lever and to partially eject the tray from the bay.
- 2. Firmly hold the tray lever and carefully pull the drive tray out of the bay. Place the drive tray in a clean and flat surface.

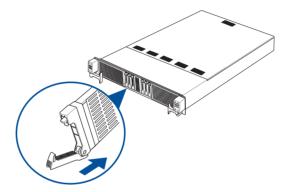


drive tray screw hole-

5. Secure the SATA HDD/ SAS HDD to the drive tray with four bundled screws.



6. Align and insert the 2.5-inch SATA HDD/ SAS HDD and drive tray assembly into the drive bay.



7. Repeat steps 1-6 to install the other 2.5-inch SATA HDD/ SAS HDDs.

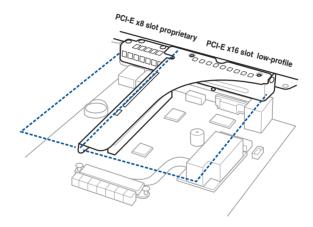
2.5 Expansion slots



Ensure to unplug the power cord before adding or removing expansion cards. Failure to do so may cause you physical injury and damage motherboard components.

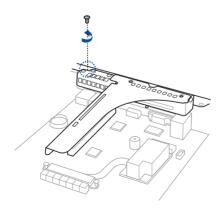
2.5.1 The PCI Express riser card

The onboard PCI Express slot on the motherboard comes pre-installed with a riser card that supports one x16 slot (x8 Gen3 link) for installing PCI-E x16 low profile cards and one x8 slot (x8 Gen3 link) for installing ASUS PCI-E x8 proprietary cards.

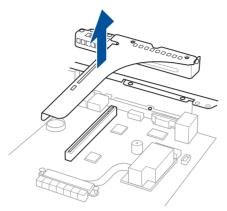


To install PCI-E expansion cards to the riser card:

1. Remove the the screw that secures the riser card to the chassis.



2. Firmly hold the riser card then pull it up to detach it from the PCI Express x24 slot on the motherboard.

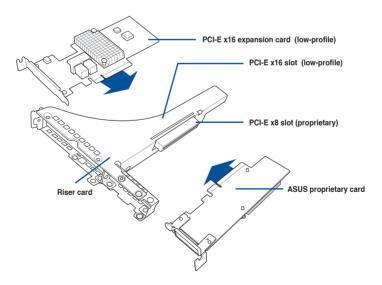


3. Prepare the expansion cards.



Before installing an expansion card, read the documentation that came with it and ensure to make the necessary hardware settings.

 Align and insert the golden finger connectors of the expansion cards to the PCI-E slot connectors on the riser card as shown.



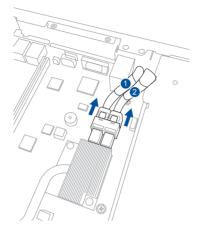


Perform step 5 - 6 only if you are installing a PIKE II 3008 series card. For other expansion cards, proceed to step 7.

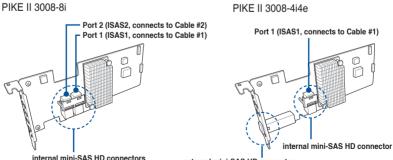
5. (Optional) Remove the mini SAS HD cables from the connectors on the motherboard.



The mini SAS HD cables are labeled as Cable #1 and Cable #2. You can refer to the illustration below for reference and guide.



- 6. (Optional) Connect the mini SAS HD cables to the PIKE II 3008 series cards. You can use the following guidelines:
 - For PIKE II 3008-8i, connect the mini SAS HD to a SATA cable (removed from the motherboard) to the internal Mini-SAS HD connectors. Connect Cable #1 and Cable #2 to the ports as shown.
 - For PIKE II 3008-4i4e, connect the mini SAS HD to a SATA cable (removed from the motherboard) to the internal and external Mini-SAS HD connectors. Connect the ISAS1 cable to the port as shown.



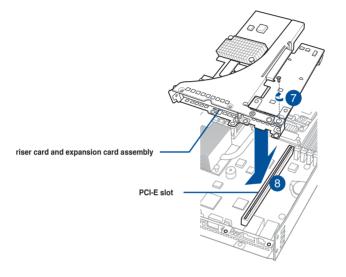
external mini-SAS HD connector

7. Align and insert the riser card and expansion card assembly into the PCI-E slot on the motherboard.



The expansion card fits in one orientation only. If it does not fit, try reversing it.

8. Secure the riser card with the screws that you removed earlier in step 1.



2.5.2 Configuring an expansion card

After installing the expansion card, configure it by adjusting the software settings.

- 1. Turn on the system and change the necessary BIOS settings, if any. See Chapter 5 for information on BIOS setup.
- 2. Assign an IRQ to the card. Refer to the **Standard Interrupt assignments** table for more information.
- 3. Install the software drivers for the expansion card.

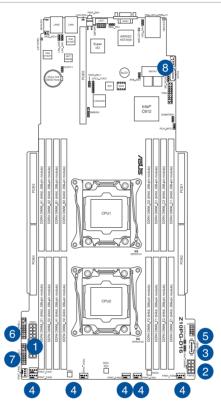
Standard Interrupt assignments

IRQ	Priority	Standard function
0	1	System Timer
1	2	Keyboard Controller
2	-	Programmable Interrupt
3*	11	Communications Port (COM2)
4*	12	Communications Port (COM1)
5*	13	
6	14	Floppy Disk Controller
7*	15	
8	3	System CMOS/Real Time Clock
9*	4	ACPI Mode when used
10*	5	IRQ Holder for PCI Steering
11*	6	IRQ Holder for PCI Steering
12*	7	PS/2 Compatible Mouse Port
13	8	Numeric Data Processor
14*	9	Primary IDE Channel
15*	10	Secondary IDE Channel

* These IRQs are usually available for ISA or PCI devices.

2.6 Cable connections

- The bundled system cables are pre-connected before shipment. You do not need to
 disconnect these cables unless you remove the pre-installed components to install
 additional devices.
- Refer to Chapter 4 for detailed information on the connectors.

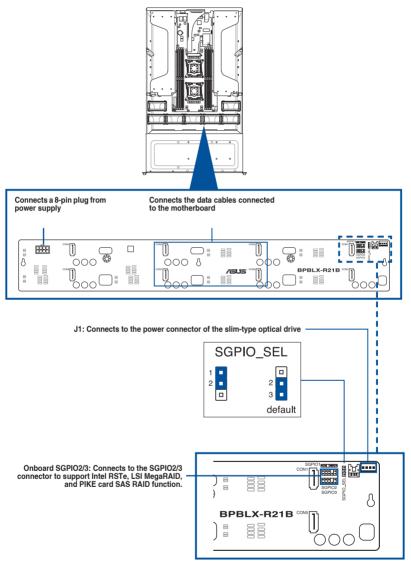


Pre-connected system cables

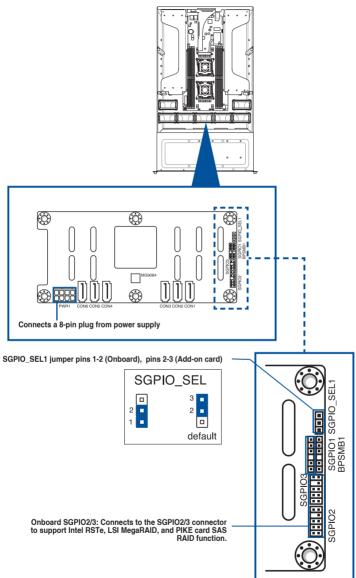
- 1. 20-pin SSI power connector (from the power distribution board to the motherboard)
- 2. 8-pin SSI power connector (from the power distribution board to the motherboard)
- 3. Power supply SMBus connector (from the power supply to the motherboard)
- 4. System fan connectors (from motherboard FRNT_FAN1, FRNT_FAN2 FRNT_FAN3, FRNT_FAN4, FRNT_FAN5, FRNT_FAN6, and FRNT_FAN7 to system fans)
- 5. USB connector (from motherboard to front I/O board)
- 6. Auxiliary Panel connector (from motherboard to front I/O board)
- 7. Panel connector (from motherboard to front I/O board)
- 8. SATA connectors (from motherboard to SATAII/SAS backplane board)

2.7 SATA/SAS backplane cabling

ESC4000 G3



ESC4000 G3S



2.8 Removable/optional components

You may need to remove previously installed system components when installing or removing system devices. You may need to install the optional components into the system. This section tells how to remove/install the following components:

- 1. System fans
- 2. Redundant power supply units

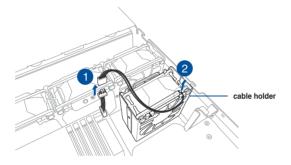


Ensure that the system is turned off before removing any components.

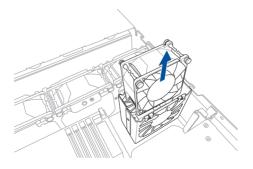
2.8.1 System fans

To uninstall the system fans

- 1. Disconnect the system fan cable from the fan connector on the motherboard.
- 2. Carefully remove the system fan cable from the cable holder.



- 3. Lift the fan then set aside.
- 4. Repeat step 1 to 2 to uninstall the other system fans.

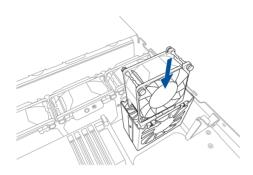


To reinstall the system fans

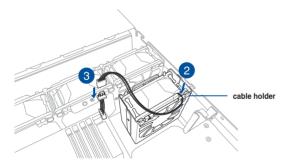
1. Insert the fan into the fan cage.



The airflow directional arrow on the fan side should point towards the system rear panel.



- 2. Insert the system fan cable into the cable holder.
- 3. Connect the cable to the fan connector on the motherboard.



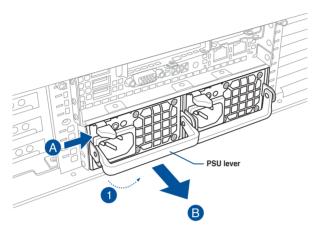
2.8.2 Redundant power supply units



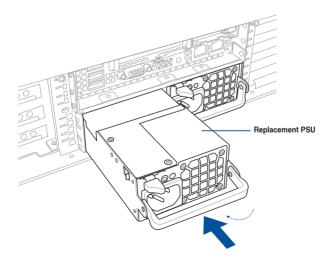
We recommend that you use both of your hands in performing the following steps.

To replace a power supply unit (PSU):

- 1. Lift up the PSU lever.
- Hold the PSU lever, press the PSU latch (A) then carefully pull the PSU out of the system chassis (B).



- 3. Prepare the replacement PSU.
- 4. Align and insert the replacement PSU into the empty PSU bay until it clicks in place.





The system automatically combines the two power supply modules as a single one. The combined output power varies with input voltages. Refer to the table below for details.

1620W

Input Voltage	Max. Output Power (Watt) per PSU
100V—120Vac, 12-10A, 50-60Hz	1000W
120V—140Vac, 12-10A, 50-60Hz	1200W
180V—240Vac, 10.5-8A, 50-60Hz	1620W

2000W

Input Voltage	Max. Output Power (Watt) per PSU
100-120Vac, 12.7-10.5A, 50-60Hz	1100W
120-140Vac, 13.5-11.5A, 50-60Hz	1400W
200-220Vac, 10.0-9.5A, 50-60Hz	1800W
220-230Vac, 10.0-9.8A, 50-60Hz	1980W
230-240Vac, 10.0-9.8A, 50-60Hz	2000W

- To enable the hot-swap feature (redundant mode), keep the total power consumption
 of the system under the maximum output power of an individual power supply module.
- Always use PSUs with the same watt and power rating. Combining PSUs with different wattage (e.g. 1 x 1620 W + 1 x 2000 W) may yield unstable results and potential damage to your system.
- For a steady power input, use only the power cables that come with the server system package.

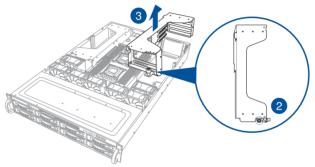
2.8.3 Installing Accelerators

Follow the steps below to install the optional accelerator to the system.

1. Locate and remove the two screws at the rear of the chassis.

n 🔿	P	
	000000000000000000000000000000000000000	-00
	000000000	
	0000000000	
	0000000000	

- 2. Locate and loosen the thumbscrew in front of the accelerator bracket.
- Firmly hold the bracket then pull it up to detach it from the motherboard then set it aside.



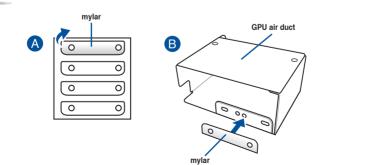
4. Prepare the GPU air duct and the accelerator.



For AMD S9150 or later GPU cards, attach a mylar to the GPU air duct first before installing the air duct to the GPU card. To do this, get a mylar (A) then attach it to the air duct (B) as shown.



The mylar is bundled with the system and included in the accessory box.

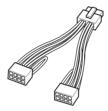




For Nvidia 300W or above GPU cards, a dongle (shown below) is required to connect the system's GPU power cable to the GPU card. The Nvidia 300W GPU card will not work, or may even cause damage to the system, if the dongle is not used.

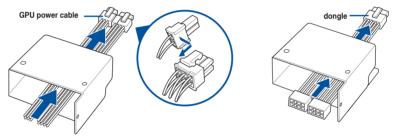


The dongle comes with your Nvidia 300W GPU card. Ask your vendor or retailer if the dongle is missing.



Nvidia 300W GPU card dongle

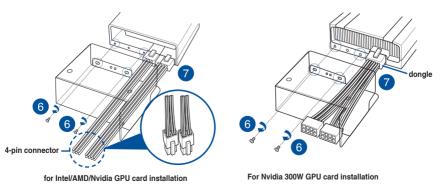
5. Pass the power cable thru the air duct as shown.



for Intel/AMD/Nvidia GPU card installation

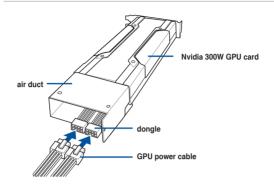
For Nvidia 300W GPU card installation

- 6. From inside the air duct, secure the air duct to the accelerator with two screws.
- 7. Connect the one end of the PGU power cables or dongle to the connector on the accelerator as shown.

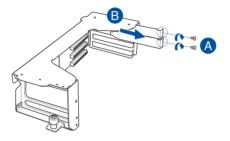




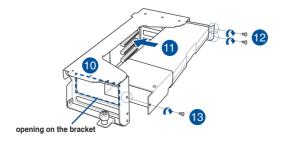
For Nvidia 300W or above GPU cards, connect a GPU power cable to the conenctor on the dongle.



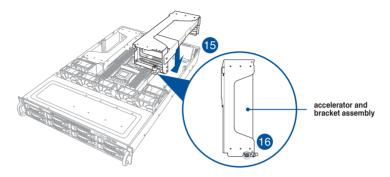
- 8. Get the bracket and place it on a flat and stable surface.
- 9. Remove the screws on the metal covers (A) then remove the metal covers (B).



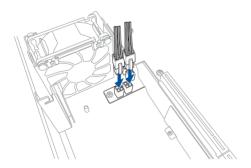
- 10. Insert the GPU cables into the opening on the bracket.
- 11. Align and insert the golden fingers of the accelerator into the card slot on the bracket. Ensure the card is completely seated on the slot.
- 12. Secure the rear end of the accelerator to the bracket with two screws.
- 13. Secure the air duct and accelerator assembly with a screw.



- 14. Repeat step 4-13 if you need to install a second accelerator to the bracket.
- 15. Align and insert the golden fingers of the accelerator bracket into the card slot on the motherboard. Ensure the bracket is completely seated on the slot.
- 16. Secure the thumbscrew in front of the accelerator bracket.



17. Attach the other end of the GPU power cable (4-pin power connector) to an available 4-pin power connector in front of the accelerator bracket.



18. Secure the accelerator brackets to the server chassis with two screws.

•	D	
- @		l oo l
	0000000000	
ň	0	Lõõ
/0=	0000000000	-85
0	0	<u> </u>
0=	0000000000	-00
H-	0	-00
08	0000000000	

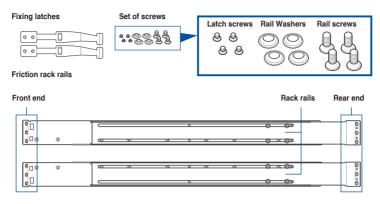
3

Installation options

This chapter describes how to install the optional components and devices into the barebone server.

3.1 Friction Rail Kit

The rail kit package includes:



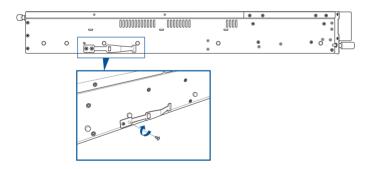
3.1.1 Attaching the rack rails

To install the Friction Rail Kit:

1. Secure the two fixing latches to the sides of the server using the set of latch screws.



The locations of the screw holes vary with different server models. Refer to your server user manual for details.

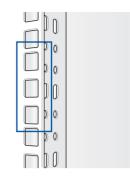


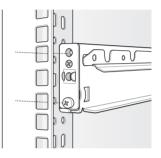
2. Select a 2U space on the rack where you want to install the rack rail.

A 2U space is consists of three square mounting holes with two thin lips on the top and the bottom.

3. Adjust the rack rail to fit the depth of the rack.

 From inside the rack, place the rear rail hook on the bottom thin lip of the rear mounting hole, then place the front rail hook on the bottom thin lip of the front mounting hole.





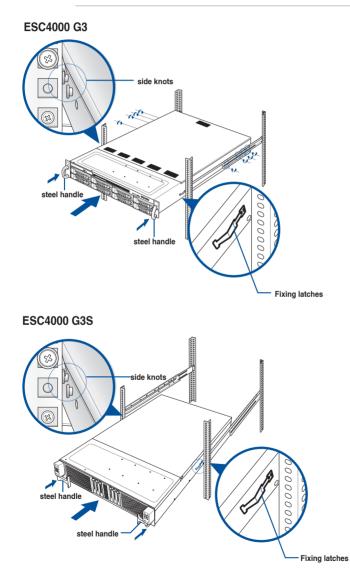
- 5. Secure the front and rear ends of the rail with two rack screws and washers.
- 6. Repeat step 3–5 to attach the rack rail on the other side of the rack.

3.1.2 Mounting the server to the rack

To mount the server to the rack, align the server rails with the rack rails, then push the server all the way to the depth of the rack.



Use the steel handle when mounting the server to the rack.



Chapter 3: Installation options

To unmount the server to the rack: Gently pull the server from the rack.



• Press the fixing latches on both sides to release the server from the rack.

• Use the steel handle when unmounting the server to the rack.

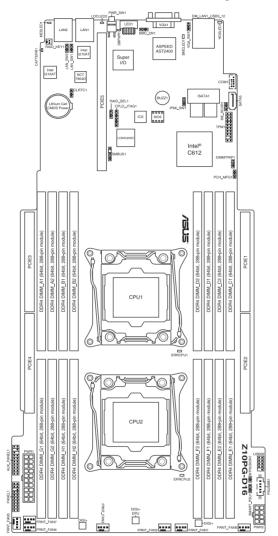




Motherboard Info

This chapter gives information about the motherboard that comes with the server. This chapter includes the motherboard layout, jumper settings, and connector locations.

4.1 Z10PG-D16 Motherboard layout



Layout contents

Jumpers	Page
1. Clear RTC RAM (CLRTC1)	4-4
2. VGA controller setting (3-pin VGA_SW1)	4-5
3. LAN controller setting (3-pin LAN_SW1, LAN_SW2)	4-5
4. LSI MegaRAID or Intel RSTe selection jumper (3-pin RAID	_SEL1) 4-6
5. ME firmware force recovery setting (3-pin ME_RCVR1)	4-6
6. DDR4 thermal event setting (3-pin DIMMTRIP1)	4-7
7. PMBus 1.2 PSU select jumper (3-pin SMART_PSU1)	4-7

Internal connectors	Page
1. Serial ATA 6.0/3.0 Gb/s connectors (7-pin SATA5)	4-8
2. ISATA connectors (ISATA1)	4-8
3. USB 2.0 connector (10-1 pin USB56)	4-9
4. Front fan connectors (4-pin FRNT_FAN1-FRNT_FAN7)	4-10
5. Chassis Intrusion (2-pin INTRUSION)	4-11
6. Serial port connector (10-1 pin COM1)	4-11
7. TPM connector (20-1 pin TPM1)	4-12
8. Power Supply SMBus connector (5-pin PSUSMB1)	4-12
9. SSI power connectors (20-pin PWR1, 8-pin PWR2)	4-13
10. System panel connector (20-pin PANEL1)	4-14
11. Auxiliary panel connector (20-pin AUX_PANEL1)	4-15

On	Onboard LEDs		
1.	Baseboard Management Controller LED (BMCLED1)	4-16	
2.	CPU warning LED (ERRCPU1/2)	4-16	
3.	Location LED (LOCLED2)	4-17	
4.	CATT LED (CATTERR1)	4-17	
5.	Hard disk activity LED (HDDLED1)	4-18	
6.	Message LED (MESLED1)	4-18	

4.2 Jumpers

1. Clear RTC RAM (CLRTC1)

This jumper allows you to clear the Real Time Clock (RTC) RAM in CMOS. You can clear the CMOS memory of date, time, and system setup parameters by erasing the CMOS RTC RAM data. The onboard button cell battery powers the RAM data in CMOS, which include system setup information such as system passwords.

To erase the RTC RAM:

- 1. Turn OFF the computer and unplug the power cord.
- 2. Move the jumper cap from pins 1–2 (default) to pins 2–3. Keep the cap on pins 2–3 for about 5–10 seconds, then move the cap back to pins 1–2.
- 3. Plug the power cord and turn ON the computer.
- 4. Hold down the key during the boot process and enter BIOS setup to reenter data.

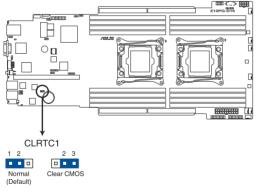


Except when clearing the RTC RAM, never remove the cap on CLRTC jumper default position. Removing the cap will cause system boot failure!



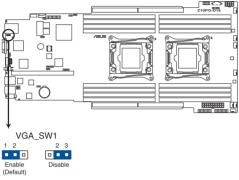
If the steps above do not help, remove the onboard battery and move the jumper again to clear the CMOS RTC RAM data. After the CMOS clearance, reinstall the battery.

Z10PG-D16 Clear RTC RAM



2. VGA controller setting (3-pin VGA_SW1)

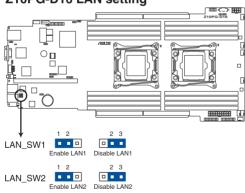
This jumper allows you to enable or disable the onboard VGA controller. Set to pins 1-2 to activate the VGA feature.



Z10PG-D16 VGA setting

3. LAN controller setting (3-pin LAN_SW1, LAN_SW2)

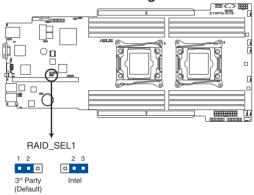
These jumpers allow you to enable or disable the onboard Intel[®] I210 Gigabit LAN controllers. Set to pins 1-2 to activate the Gigabit LAN feature.



Z10PG-D16 LAN setting

4. LSI MegaRAID or Intel RSTe selection jumper (3-pin RAID_SEL1)

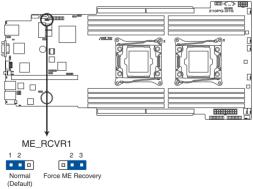
This jumper allows you to select the PCH SATA RAID mode to use LSI MegaRAID software or Intel[®] Rapid Storage Technology enterprise 4.0 RAID. Place the jumper caps over pins 1–2 if you want to use the LSI MegaRAID software RAID Utility (default). Otherwise, place the jumper caps to pins 2–3 to use the Intel[®] Rapid Storage Technology Enterprise Option ROM Utility.



Z10PG-D16 RAID setting

5. ME firmware force recovery setting (3-pin ME_RCVR1)

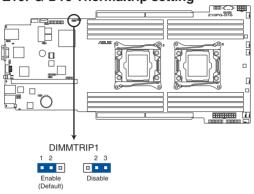
This jumper allows you to force Intel Management Engine (ME) boot from recovery mode when ME become corrupted.



Z10PG-D16 ME recovery setting

6. DDR4 thermal event setting (3-pin DIMMTRIP1)

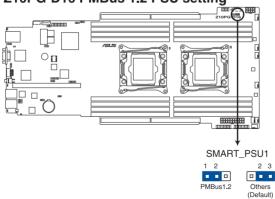
This jumper allows you to enable/disable DDR4 DIMM thermal sensing event pin.



Z10PG-D16 Thermaltrip setting

7. PMBus 1.2 PSU select jumper (3-pin SMART_PSU1)

This jumper allows you to select PSU PMBus version. Set to pins 1-2 for PMBus, set to pins 2-3 for Others.

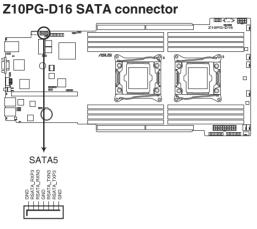


Z10PG-D16 PMBus 1.2 PSU setting

4.3 Internal connectors

1. Serial ATA 6.0/3.0 Gb/s connectors (7-pin SATA5)

These connectors connect to Serial ATA 6.0 Gb/s or 3.0 Gb/s hard disk drives via Serial ATA 6.0Gb/s or 3.0 Gb/s signal cables.

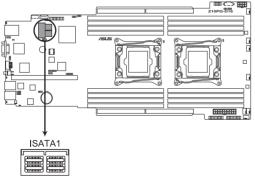


The actual data transfer rate depends on the speed of Serial ATA hard disks installed.

2. ISATA connectors (ISATA1)

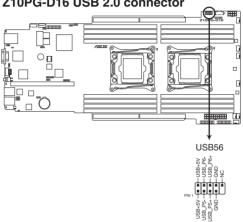
The ISATA connector (AHCI) supports 4+4 SATA 6 Gb/s ports and Intel RAID/LSI MegaRAID.

Z10PG-D16 ISATA connectors



3. USB 2.0 connector (10-1 pin USB56)

These connectors are for USB 2.0 ports. Connect the USB module cable to connector USB56, then install the module to a slot opening at the back of the system chassis. These USB connectors comply with USB 2.0 specification that supports up to 480 Mbps connection speed.



Z10PG-D16 USB 2.0 connector

4. Front fan connectors (4-pin FRNT_FAN1-FRNT_FAN7)

The fan connectors support cooling fans of 3.30 A - 3.95 A (47.4 W max.) Connect the fan cables to the fan connectors on the motherboard, ensuring that the black wire of each cable matches the ground pin of the connector.

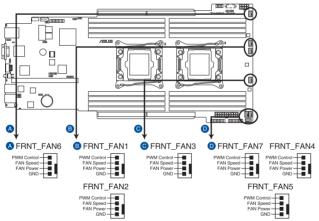
- DO NOT forget to connect the fan cables to the fan connectors. Insufficient air flow inside the system may damage the motherboard components.
- These are not jumpers! DO NOT place jumper caps on the fan connectors!



All fans feature the ASUS Smart Fan technology.

FRNT_FAN6 and FRNT_FAN7 are backup fans only. They are not hot-pluggable and activated only under the following circumstances:

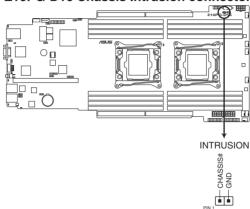
- When FRNT_FAN1 and FRNT_FAN5 does not work, the system activates FRNT_FAN6 and FRNT_FAN7.
- When a 300W GPU accelerator is installed, the system activates FRNT_FAN6 and FRNT_FAN7 by default.



Z10PG-D16 FAN connectors

5. Chassis Intrusion (2-pin INTRUSION)

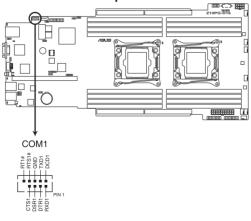
These leads are for the intrusion detection feature for chassis with intrusion sensor or microswitch. When you remove any chassis component, the sensor triggers and sends a high level signal to these leads to record a chassis intrusion event. The default setting is to short the CHASSIS# and the GND pin by a jumper cap to disable the function.



Z10PG-D16 Chassis Intrusion connector

6. Serial port connector (10-1 pin COM1)

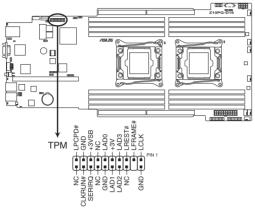
This connector is for the serial COM port. Connect the serial port module cable to one of these connectors, then install the module to a slot opening at the back of the system chassis.



Z10PG-D16 Serial port connector

7. TPM connector (20-1 pin TPM1)

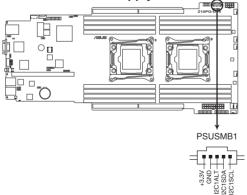
This connector supports a Trusted Platform Module (TPM) system, which can securely store keys, digital certificates, passwords, and data. A TPM system also helps enhance network security, protects digital identities, and ensures platform integrity.



Z10PG-D16 TPM connector

8. Power Supply SMBus connector (5-pin PSUSMB1)

This connector allows you to connect SMBus (System Management Bus) to the power supply unit to read PSU information. Devices communicate with an SMBus host and/or other SMBus devices using the SMBus interface.



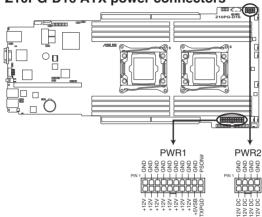
Z10PG-D16 Power supply SMBus connector

9. SSI power connectors (20-pin PWR1, 8-pin PWR2)

These connectors are for an SSI power supply plugs. The power supply plugs are designed to fit these connectors in only one orientation. Find the proper orientation and push down firmly until the connectors completely fit.



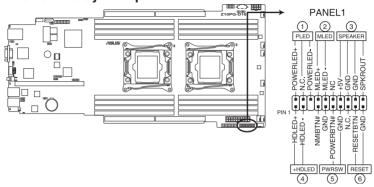
- DO NOT forget to connect the 20+8-pin power plugs; otherwise, the system will not boot up.
- Use of a PSU with a higher power output is recommended when configuring a system with more power-consuming devices. The system may become unstable or may not boot up if the power is inadequate.
- Ensure that your power supply unit (PSU) can provide at least the minimum power required by your system.



Z10PG-D16 ATX power connectors

10. System panel connector (20-pin PANEL1)

This connector supports several chassis-mounted functions.



Z10PG-D16 System panel connector

1. System power LED (3-pin PLED)

This 3-pin connector is for the system power LED. Connect the chassis power LED cable to this connector. The system power LED lights up when you turn on the system power, and blinks when the system is in sleep mode.

2. Message LED (2-pin MLED)

This 2-pin connector is for the message LED cable that connects to the front message LED. The message LED is controlled by Hardware monitor to indicate an abnormal event occurance.

3. System warning speaker (4-pin SPEAKER)

This 4-pin connector is for the chassis-mounted system warning speaker. The speaker allows you to hear system beeps and warnings.

4. Hard disk drive activity LED (2-pin HDLED)

This 2-pin connector is for the HDD Activity LED. Connect the HDD Activity LED cable to this connector. The IDE LED lights up or flashes when data is read from or written to the HDD.

5. SSI power button/soft-off button (2-pin PWRSW)

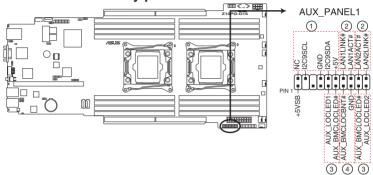
This connector is for the system power button. Pressing the power button turns the system on or puts the system in sleep or soft-off mode depending on the BIOS settings. Pressing the power switch for more than four seconds while the system is ON turns the system OFF.

6. Reset button (2-pin RESET)

This 2-pin connector is for the chassis-mounted reset button for system reboot without turning off the system power.

11. Auxiliary panel connector (20-pin AUX_PANEL1)

This connector is for additional front panel features including front panel SMB, locator LED and switch, chassis intrusion, and LAN LEDs.



Z10PG-D16 Auxiliary panel connector

1. Front panel SMB (10-2 pin FPSMB)

These connectors are for the front panel SMBus cable.

2. LAN activity LED (2-pin LAN1_LINKACTLED, LAN2_LINKACTLED)

These connectors are for Gigabit LAN activity LEDs on the front panel.

3. Locator LED (2-pin LOCATORLED1, LOCATORLED2)

These connectors are for the locator LED1 and LED2 on the front panel. Connect the Locator LED cables to these 2-pin connector. The LEDs light up when the Locator button is pressed.

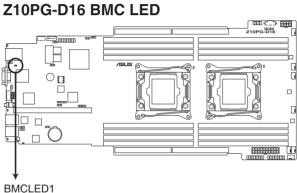
4. Locator Button (2-pin LOCATORBTN#)

These connectors are for the locator button on the front panel. This button queries the state of the system locator.

4.4 Onboard LEDs

1. Baseboard Management Controller LED (BMCLED1)

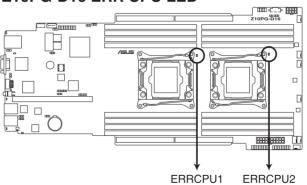
The BMC LED works with the ASUS ASMB8 management device and indicates its initiation status. When the PSU is plugged and the system is OFF, ASUS ASMB8 management device starts system initiation for about one (1) minute. The BMC LED blinks after system initiation finishes.



DIVICEDI

2. CPU warning LED (ERRCPU1/2)

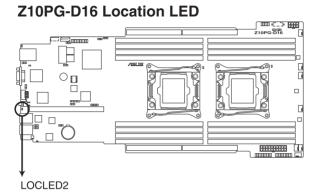
The CPU warning LEDs light up to indicate an impending failure of the corresponding CPU.



Z10PG-D16 ERR CPU LED

3. Location LED (LOCLED2)

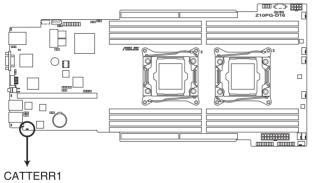
This onboard LED lights up when the Location button on the server is pressed or when triggered by a system management software. The Location LED helps visually locate and quickly identify the server in error on a server rack.



4. CATT LED (CATTERR1)

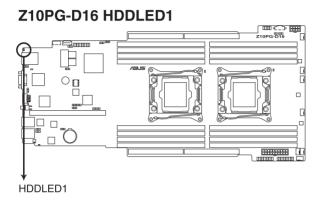
The CATT LED indicates that the system has experienced a fatal or catastrophic error and cannot continue to operate.

Z10PG-D16 CATTERR LED



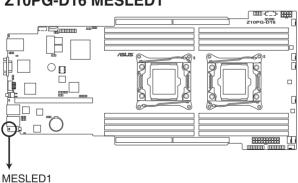
5. Hard disk activity LED (HDDLED1)

The read or write activities of any device connected to the onboard SATA/sSATA ports or SATA/SAS add-on card causes the LED to light up.



6. Message LED (MESLED1)

This onboard LED lights up to red when there is temperature warning or a BMC event log is generated.



Z10PG-D16 MESLED1

BIOS setup

This chapter tells how to change system settings through the BIOS Setup menus and describes the BIOS parameters.

5

5.1 Managing and updating your BIOS

The following utilities allow you to manage and update the motherboard Basic Input/Output System (BIOS) setup:

1. ASUS CrashFree BIOS 3

This system recovers the BIOs using a bootable USB flash disk drive when the BIOS file fails or gets corrupted.

2. ASUS EzFlash

This utility updates the BIOS using a USB flash disk drive.

3. BUPDATER

This utility updates the BIOS in DOS mode using a bootable USB flash disk drive.

Refer to the corresponding sections for details on these utilities.



Save a copy of the original motherboard BIOS file to a bootable USB flash disk drive in case you need to restore the BIOS in the future. Copy the original motherboard BIOS using the BUPDATER utility.

5.1.1 ASUS CrashFree BIOS 3 utility

The ASUS CrashFree BIOS 3 is an auto recovery tool that allows you to restore the BIOS file when it fails or gets corrupted during the updating process. You can update a corrupted BIOS file using a USB flash drive that contains the updated BIOS file.



Prepare a USB flash drive containing the updated motherboard BIOS before using this utility.

Recovering the BIOS from a USB flash drive

To recover the BIOS from a USB flash drive:

- 1. Insert the USB flash drive with the original or updated BIOS file to one USB port on the system.
- 2. The utility will automatically recover the BIOS. It resets the system when the BIOS recovery finished.



DO NOT shut down or reset the system while recovering the BIOS! Doing so would cause system boot failure!



The recovered BIOS may not be the latest BIOS version for this motherboard. Visit the ASUS website at <u>www.asus.com</u> to download the latest BIOS file.

5.1.2 ASUS EZ Flash Utility

The ASUS EZ Flash Utility feature allows you to update the BIOS without having to use a DOS-based utility.



Before you start using this utility, download the latest BIOS from the ASUS website at www.asus.com.

To update the BIOS using EZ Flash Utility:

- 1. Insert the USB flash disk that contains the latest BIOS file into the USB port.
- 2. Enter the BIOS setup program. Go to the **Tool** menu then select **ASUS EZ Flash Utility**. Press <Enter>.

ASUS Tek. EzFlash Utility			
Current Platform : Z Version : 0 Build Date :	201	New Platform Platform : Z10PG-D16 Version : 0202 Build Date :09/12/2014	
FS0 System Volume Information <dir> Z10PG-D16 BIOS <dir> Windows <dir></dir></dir></dir>			
[Up/Down/Left/Right]:Switch [Enter]:Choose [q]:Exit			

- 3. Press <Tab> to switch to the Drive field.
- Press the Up/Down arrow keys to find the USB flash disk that contains the latest BIOS, then press <Enter>.
- 5. Press <Tab> to switch to the Folder Info field.
- 6. Press the Up/Down arrow keys to find the BIOS file, and then press <Enter> to perform the BIOS update process. Reboot the system when the update process is done.



- This function can support devices such as a USB flash disk with FAT 32/16 format and single partition only.
- DO NOT shut down or reset the system while updating the BIOS to prevent system boot failure!



Ensure to load the BIOS default settings to ensure system compatibility and stability. Press <F5> and select **Yes** to load the BIOS default settings.

5.1.3 BUPDATER utility



The succeeding BIOS screens are for reference only. The actual BIOS screen displays may not be the same as shown.

The BUPDATER utility allows you to update the BIOS file in the DOS environment using a bootable USB flash disk drive with the updated BIOS file.

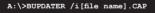
Updating the BIOS file

To update the BIOS file using the BUPDATER utility:

- 1. Visit the ASUS website at www.asus.com and download the latest BIOS file for the motherboard. Save the BIOS file to a bootable USB flash disk drive.
- 2. Copy the BUPDATER utility (BUPDATER.exe) from the ASUS support website at support.asus.com to the bootable USB flash disk drive you created earlier.
- 3. Boot the system in DOS mode, then at the prompt, type:

BUPDATER /i[filename].CAP

where [filename] is the latest or the original BIOS file on the bootable USB flash disk drive, then press <Enter>.



4. The utility verifies the file, then starts updating the BIOS file.

ASUSTek BIOS Updater for DOS V1.30(2011/12/22)			
FLASH TYPE: KALEL 0305-12	FLASH TYPE: KALEL 0305-12		
Current ROM Update ROM BOARD: 210PG-D16 VER: 0201 DATE: 08/20/2014			
PATH:			
WARNING! Do not turn off power during flash BIOS			
Note Writing BIOS:			



DO NOT shut down or reset the system while updating the BIOS to prevent system boot failure!

5. The utility returns to the DOS prompt after the BIOS update process is completed. Reboot the system from the hard disk drive.



5.2 BIOS setup program

This motherboard supports a programmable firmware chip that you can update using the provided utility described in section **5.1 Managing and updating your BIOS**.

Use the BIOS Setup program when you are installing a motherboard, reconfiguring your system, or prompted to "Run Setup." This section explains how to configure your system using this utility.

Even if you are not prompted to use the Setup program, you can change the configuration of your computer in the future. For example, you can enable the security password feature or change the power management settings. This requires you to reconfigure your system using the BIOS Setup program so that the computer can recognize these changes and record them in the CMOS RAM of the firmware chip.

The firmware chip on the motherboard stores the Setup utility. When you start up the computer, the system provides you with the opportunity to run this program. Press during the Power-On Self-Test (POST) to enter the Setup utility; otherwise, POST continues with its test routines.

If you wish to enter Setup after POST, restart the system by pressing <Ctrl+Alt+Delete>, or by pressing the reset button on the system chassis. You can also restart by turning the system off and then back on. Do this last option only if the first two failed.

The Setup program is designed to make it as easy to use as possible. Being a menu-driven program, it lets you scroll through the various sub-menus and make your selections from the available options using the navigation keys.

- The default BIOS settings for this motherboard apply for most conditions to ensure optimum performance. If the system becomes unstable after changing any BIOS settings, load the default settings to ensure system compatibility and stability. Press <F5> and select Yes to load the BIOS default settings.
- The BIOS setup screens shown in this section are for reference purposes only, and may not exactly match what you see on your screen.
- Visit the ASUS website at <u>www.asus.com</u> to download the latest BIOS file for this motherboard.

5.2.1 BIOS menu screen

Menu items	Menu bar	Configuration	fields	Gene	ral help	
Autor Octor II	tilitu Orana isht	(0) 0040 0 000	Marta	tanan da Ta		
Aptio Setup U Main Advanced IntelRCSet	tility – Copyright up Server Mgmt E					Exit
BIOS Information BIOS Vendor Core Version Compliancy BIOS Version Build Date Memory Information Total Memory System Language	5.009	14	Choo: langu	se the sys Jage	tem defau	ilt
System Date System Time Access Level	[Saturda [OO:10:4		t↓: : Enter +/-: F1: (F2: f F5: (F10:	Select Schr Select Iter Change Op General He Previous V Optimized I Save Chan; Exit	n lp alues Defaults	set
Version 2.16	.1243. Copyright (C) 2013 Americar	n Megatre	ends, Inc.		

Navigation keys

5.2.2 Menu bar

The menu bar on top of the screen has the following main items:

Main	For changing the basic system configuration
Advanced	For changing the advanced system settings
IntelRCSetup	For changing the Intel RC settings
Server Mgmt	For changing the Server Mgmt settings
Event Logs	For changing the event log settings
Monitor	For displaying the system temperature, power status, and changing the fan settings
Security	For changing the security settings
Boot	For changing the system boot configuration
Tool	For configuring options for special functions
Exit	For selecting the exit options

To select an item on the menu bar, press the right or left arrow key on the keyboard until the desired item is highlighted.

5.2.3 Menu items

The highlighted item on the menu bar displays the specific items for that menu. For example, selecting Main shows the Main menu items.

The other items (Event Logs, Advanced, Monitor, Boot, Tool, and Exit) on the menu bar have their respective menu items.

5.2.4 Submenu items

A solid triangle before each item on any menu screen means that the item has a submenu. To display the submenu, select the item then press <Enter>.

5.2.5 Navigation keys

At the bottom right corner of a menu screen are the navigation keys for the BIOS setup program. Use the navigation keys to select items in the menu and change the settings.

5.2.6 General help

At the top right corner of the menu screen is a brief description of the selected item.

5.2.7 Configuration fields

These fields show the values for the menu items. If an item is user-configurable, you can change the value of the field opposite the item. You cannot select an item that is not user-configurable.

A configurable field is enclosed in brackets, and is highlighted when selected. To change the value of a field, select it and press <Enter> to display a list of options.

5.2.8 Pop-up window

Select a menu item and press <Enter> to display a pop-up window with the configuration options for that item.

4.2.9 Scroll bar

A scroll bar appears on the right side of a menu screen when there are items that do not fit on the screen. Press the Up/Down arrow keys or <Page Up> /<Page Down> keys to display the other items on the screen.

5.3 Main menu

When you enter the BIOS Setup program, the Main menu screen appears. The Main menu provides you an overview of the basic system information, and allows you to set the system date, time, language, and security settings.

BIOS Information American Megatrends Choose the system default BIOS Vendor S.009 Compliancy UEFI 2.3; PI 1.2 BIOS Version 0202 x64 Compliancy UEFI 2.3; PI 1.2 BUI Date 09/12/2014 Compliancy Compliancy Memory Information Total Memory 8192 MB Compliancy System Language [English] Concess Level Administrator Access Level Administrator Heip Fize Revolus Values		lity – Copyright (C) 2013 America Server Mgmt Event Logs Monito	
Total Memory 8192 MB System Language [English] System Date [Saturday 01/22/2000] System Time [00:10:42] Access Level Administrator Access Level Administrator	BIOS Vendor Core Version Compliancy BIOS Version	5.009 UEFI 2.3; PI 1.2 0202 x64	
System Time [00:10:42] ++: Select Screen 14: Select Item Access Level Administrator Enter: Select +/-: Change Opt. F1: General Help	Total Memory		
Access Level Administrator Enter: Select +/-: Change Opt. F1: General Help			
F5: Dptimized Defaults F10: Save Changes & Reset ESC: Exit	Access Level	Administrator	Enter: Select +/-: Change Opt. FI: General Help F2: Previous Values F5: Optimized Defaults F10: Save Changes & Reset

5.3.1 System Date [Day xx/xx/xxxx]

Allows you to set the system date.

5.3.2 System Time [xx:xx:xx]

Allows you to set the system time.

5.4 Advanced menu

The Advanced menu items allow you to change the settings for the CPU and other system devices.



Take caution when changing the settings of the Advanced menu items. Incorrect field values can cause the system to malfunction.

Aptio Setup Utility – Copyright (C) 2013 American Main Advanced IntelRCSetup Server Mgmt Event Logs Monitor	
 ACPI Settings SMART Settings NCT5779D Super IO Configuration Onboard LAN I210 Configuration Serial Port Console Redirection ARM Advanced Power Management Configuration PCI Subsystem Settings Network Stack Configuration CSM Configuration Trusted Computing USB Configuration 	System ACPI Parameters.
▶ iSCSI Configuration	++: Select Screen 14: Select Item Enter: Select +/-: Change Opt. F1: General Help F2: Previous Values F5: Optimized Defaults F10: Save Changes & Reset ESC: Exit
Version 2.16.1243. Copyright (C) 2013 American M	legatrends, Inc.

5.4.1 ACPI Settings



Enable ACPI Auto Configuration [Disabled]

Allows you to enable or disable the BIOS ACPI Auto Configuration. Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

Enable Hibernation [Enabled]

Allows you to enable or disable the ability of the system to hibernate (OS/Sleep State). Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]



This option may be not effective with some OS.

5.4.2 Smart Settings

Aptio Setu; Advanced	o Utility – Copyright (C) 2013 An	merican Megatrends, Inc.
SMART Settings		Run SMART Self Test on all HDDs during POST.
SMART Self Test	[Enabled]	

SMART Self Test [Enabled]

Allows you to run SMART Self Test on all HDDs during POST. Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

5.4.3 NCT6779D Super IO Configuration



Serial Port 1 / Serial Port 2 Configuration

Allows you to set the parameters of Serial Port 1/ Serial Port 2.

Serial Port [Enabled]

Allows you to enable or disable Serial Port. Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

Change Settings [Auto]

Allows you to choose the setting for Super IO device.

Configuration options: [Auto] [IO=3F8h; IRQ=4;] [IO=3F8h; IRQ=3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 9, 10, 11, 12;] [IO=2F8h; IRQ=3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 9, 10, 11, 12;] [IO=3E8h; IRQ=3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 9, 10, 11, 12;] [IO=2E8h; IRQ=3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 9, 10, 11, 12;]

5.4.4 Onboard LAN I210 Configuration

Aptio Setup Utility – Copyright (C) 2013 American Megatrends, Inc. Advanced			
Onboard LAN I210 Configuration		Intel LAN Enable∕Disable	
INTEL I210 LAN1 MAC: INTEL I210 LAN2 MAC: Intel Lan1 Enable Intel LAN ROM Type Intel Lan2 Enable Intel LAN ROM Type	00:E0:18:08:12:1A 00:E0:18:08:12:1B [Enabled] [PXE] [Enabled] [PXE]		

Intel LAN1/2 Enable [Enabled]

Allows you to enable or disable the Intel LAN. Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

Intel LAN ROM Type [PXE]

Allows you to select the Intel LAN ROM type. Configuration options: [PXE] [iSCSI]

5.4.5 Serial Port Console Redirection



COM1/COM2

Console Redirection [Enabled]

Allows you to enable or disable the console redirection feature.

Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

The following item appears only when you set Console Redirection to [Enabled].

Console Redirection Settings

This item becomes configurable only when you enable the **Console Redirection** item. The settings specify how the host computer and the remote computer (which the user is using) will exchange data. Both computers should have the same or compatible settings.

Terminal Type [VT-UTF8]

Allows you to set the terminal type.

CII char set.
ends VT100 to support color, function keys, et.
s UTF8 encoding to map Unicode chars onto 1 or more bytes
ended ASCII char set

Bits per second [57600]

Selects serial port transmission speed. The speed must be matched on the other side. Long or noisy lines may require lower speeds. Configuration options: [9600] [19200] [38400] [57600] [115200]

Data Bits [8]

Specify the number of data bits to transmit over the serial interface. Configuration options: [7] [8]

Parity [None]

A parity bit can be sent with the data bits to detect some transmission errors. [Mark] and [Space] parity do not allow for error detection.

[None]	None
[Even]	parity bit is 0 if the num of 1's in the data bits is even
[Odd]	parity bit is 0 if num of 1's in the data bits is odd
[Mark]	parity bit is always 1
[Space]	parity bit is always 0
Stop Bits [1]	

Stop bits indicate the end of a serial data packet. (A start bit indicates the beginning.) The standard setting is 1 stop bit. Communication with slow devices may require more than 1 stop bit. Configuration options: [1] [2]

Flow Control [Hardware RTS/CTS]

Flow control can prevent data loss from buffer overflow. When sending data, if the receiving buffers are full, a "stop" signal can be sent to stop the data flow. Once the buffers are empty, a "start" signal can be sent to re-start the flow. Hardware flow control uses two wires to send start/stop signals.

Configuration options: [None] [Hardware RTS/CTS]

VT -UTF8 Combo Key Support [Enabled]

This allows you to enable the VT -UTF8 Combination Key Support for ANSI/VT100 terminals. Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

Recorder Mode [Disabled]

With this mode enabled only text will be sent. This is to capture Terminal data. Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

Legacy OS Redirection Resolution [80x24]

This allows you to set the number of rows and columns supported on the Legacy OS. Configuration options: [80x24] [80x25]

Putty Keypad [VT100]

This allows you to select the FunctionKey and Keypad on Putty. Configuration options: [VT100] [LINUX] [XTERMR6] [SCO] [ESCN] [VT400]

Redirection After BIOS POST [Always Enable]

This setting allows you to specify if Bootloader is selected than Legacy console redirection. Configuration options: [Always Enable] [Bootloader]

Serial Port for Out-of-Band Management/Windows Emergency Management Services (EMS)

Console Redirection [Disabled]

Allows you to enable or disable the console redirection feature. Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]



The following item appears only when you set Console Redirection to [Enabled].

Console Redirection Settings

Out-of-Band Mgmt Port [COM1]

Microsoft Windows Emergency Management Services (EMS) allow for remote management of a Windows Server OS through a serial port. Configuration options: [COM1] [COM2]

Terminal Type [VT-UTF8]

Microsoft Windows Emergency Management Services (EMS) allow for remote management of a Windows Server OS through a serial port. Configuration options: [VT100] [VT100+] [VT-UTF8] [ANSI]

Bits per second [115200]

Microsoft Windows Emergency Management Services (EMS) allow for remote management of a Windows Server OS through a serial port. Configuration options: [9600] [19200] [57600] [115200]

Flow Control [None]

Flow control can prevent data loss from buffer oveflow. When sending data, if the receiving buffers are full, a 'stop' signal can be sent to stop the data flow. Once the buffers are empty, a 'start' signal can be sent to re-start the flow. Hardware flow control uses the two wires to send start/stop signals.

Configuration options: [None] [Hardware RTS/CTS] [Software Xon/Xoff]

5.4.6 APM

Allows you to configure the Advance Power Management (APM) settings.

	[Last State]	Specify what state to go to
Power On By PCIE	[Disabled]	when power is re-applied after
Power On By Ring	[Disabled]	a power failure (G3 state).
Power On By RTC	[Disabled]	

Restore AC Power Loss [Last State]

When set to [Power Off], the system goes into off state after an AC power loss. When set to [Power On], the system will reboot after an AC power loss. When set to [Last State], the system goes into either off or on state, whatever the system state was before the AC power loss.

Configuration options: [Power Off] [Power On] [Last State]

Power On By PCIE [Disabled]

[Disabled] Disables the PCIE devices to generate a wake event.

[Enabled] Enables the PCIE devices to generate a wake event.

Power On By Ring [Disabled]

[Disabled] Disables the PCIE devices to generate a wake event.

[Enabled] Enables the PCIE devices to generate a wake event.

Power On By RTC [Disabled]

[Disabled] Disables RTC to generate a wake event.

[Enabled] When set to [Enabled], the items RTC Alarm Date (Days) and Hour/ Minute/Second will become user-configurable with set values.

5.4.7 Advanced Power Management Configuration

Allows you to configure the system's ACPI parameters.

Aptio Setup Utility – Copyright (C) 2013 American Megatrends, Inc. Advanced			
	[Normal]	Enable [Power Boost] will increase extra power input to processor(s) and computing performance depending on applications. Make sure your thermal solution and power supply are able to handle this circumstance.	

Power Boost [Normal]

This item increases extra power input to processor(s) and computing performance depending on applications.



Make sure your thermal solution and power supply are able to handle this circumstacnes.

Configuration options: [Normal] [High] [Extreme]

5.4.8 PCI Subsystem Settings

Allows you to configure PCI, PCI-X, and PCI Express Settings.

Aptio Setup Utility – Copyright (C) 2013 American Megatrends, Inc. Advanced			
PCI Bus Driver Version	A5.01.05	If system has SR-IOV capable PCIe Devices, this option	
PCI Devices Common Settings:		Enables or Disables Single	
Load RT32 Image	[Enabled]	Root IO Virtualization Support.	
Above 4G Decoding	[Enabled]		
	[Disabled]		

Load RT32 Image [Enabled]

Allows you to enable or disable RT32 Image Loading.

Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

Above 4G Decoding [Enabled]

Allows you to enable or disable 64-bit capable devices to be decoded in above 4G address space. It only works if the system supports 64-bit PCI decoding. Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

SR-IOV Support [Disabled]

This option enables or disables SIngle Root IO Virtualization Support if the system has SR-IOV capable PCIe devices.

Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

5.4.9 Network Stack Configuration

Aptio Setup Utility – Copyright (C) 2013 American Megatrends, Inc. Advanced		
Network Stack Ipv4 PXE Support	[Enabled] [Enabled]	Enable/Disable UEFI Network Stack
Ipv6 PXE Support	[Enabled]	Stack
PXE boot wait time	0	
Media detect time	0	

Network stack [Disabled]

Enables or disables the network stack feature. Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]



The following item appears only when Network stack is set to [Enabled].

Network Stack [Enabled]

Enables or disables the UEFI Network Stack.

Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled].

Ipv4 PXE Support [Enabled]

Enables or disables the Ipv4 PXE Boot Support. If disabled, Ipv4 PXE boot option will not be created.

Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled].

Ipv6 PXE Support [Enabled]

Enables or disables the Ipv6 PXE Boot Support. If disabled, Ipv6 PXE boot option will not be created.

Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled].

PXE boot wait time [0]

Wait time to press ESC key to abort the PXE boot.

Media detect time [0]

Wait time (in seconds) to detect media.

5.4.10 CSM Configuration

Aptio Setup Utility – Copyright (C) 2013 American Megatrends, Inc. Advanced				
Compatibility Support Module Configuration		Enable/Disable CSM Support.		
CSM Support	[Enabled]			
CSM16 Module Version	07.75			
GateA20 Active Option ROM Messages	[Upon Request] [Force BIOS]			
Boot option filter	[Legacy only]			
Option ROM execution				
Network Storage Video Other PCI devices	(Legacy) (Legacy) (Legacy) (Legacy)	++: Select Screen 14: Select Item Enter: Select +/-: Change Opt. F1: General Help F2: Previous Values		

CSM Support [Enabled]

This option allows you to enable or disable CSM Support. Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

GateA20 Active [Upon Request]

This allows you to set the GA20 option. Configuration options: [Upon Request] [Always]

Option ROM Messages [Force BIOS]

This allows you to set the display mode for option ROM. Configuration options: [Force BIOS] [Keep Current]

Boot Option filter [Legacy only]

This option allows you to control the Legacy/UEFI ROMs priority. Configuration options: [UEFI and Legacy] [Legacy only] [UEFI only]

Network / Storage / Video [Legacy]

This option allows you to control the execution of UEFI and Legacy PXE/ Storage/ Video $\ensuremath{\mathsf{OpROM}}$.

Configuration options: [UEFI] [Legacy]

Other PCI devices [Legacy]

This item determines the OpROM execution policy for devices other than Network, Storage, or Video.

Configuration options: [UEFI] [Legacy]

5.4.11 Trusted Computing

Aptio Setup Utility – Copyright (C) 2013 American Megatrends, Inc. Advanced			
Configuration Security Device Support	[Disabled]	Enables or Disables BIOS support for security device. O.S. will not show Security Device. TGG EFI protocol and	
Current Status Information NO Security Device Found		INTIA interface will not be available.	

Configuration

Security Device Support [Disabled]

Allows you to enable or disable the BIOS support for security device. Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

5.4.12 USB Configuration

Aptio Setup Utility - Advanced	Copyright (C) 2013 American	Megatrends, Inc.		
USB Configuration	<u>+</u>	Enables Legacy USB support.		
USB Module Version	8.11.02	AUTO option disables legacy support if no USB devices are connected. DISABLE option will		
USB Devices: 6 Drives, 2 Keyboards, 1 Mouse	, 3 Hubs	keep USB devices available only for EFI applications.		
Legacy USB Support XHCI Hand-off EHCI Hand-off USB Mass Storage Driver Support Port 60/64 Emulation	[Enabled] [Enabled] [Disabled] [Enabled] [Enabled]			
USB hardware delays and time-outs: USB transfer time-out Device reset time-out Device power-up delay	(20 sec) (20 sec) [Auto]	++: Select Screen 14: Select Item Enter: Select +/-: Change Opt.		
Mass Storage Devices: AMI Virtual COROMO 1.00 AMI Virtual Floppy0 1.00 AMI Virtual HDiskO 1.00 Generic 8.07 AMI Virtual COROMI 1.00 AMI Virtual Floppy1 1.00	(Auto) (Auto) (Auto) (Auto) (Auto) (Auto)	F1: General Help F2: Previous Values F5: Optimized Defaults F10: Save Changes & Reset ESC: Exit		
Version 2.16.1243. Copyright (C) 2013 American Megatrends, Inc.				

Legacy USB Support [Enabled]

Allows you to enable or disable Legacy USB device support.

Configuration options: [Enabled] [Disabled] [Auto]

XHCI Hand-off [Enabled]

This is a workaround for 0Ses without XHCI hand-off support. The XHCI ownership change should be claimed by XHCI driver.

Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

EHCI Hand-off [Disabled]

This is a workaround for 0Ses without EHCI hand-off support. The EHCI ownership change should be claimed by EHCI driver.

Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

USB Mass Storage Driver Support [Enabled]

Allows you to enable or disable the USB Mass Storage drvier support.

Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

Port 60/64 Emulation [Enabled]

This allows you to enable the I/O port 60h/64h emulation support. This should be enabled for the complete USB keyboard legacy support for non-USB aware OSes.

Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

USB hardware delays and time-outs

USB transfer time-out [20 sec]

The time-out value for control, bulk, and interrupt transfer. Configuration options: [1 sec] [5 sec] [10 sec] [20 sec]

Device reset time-out [20 sec]

USB mass storage device start unit command time-out. Configuration options: [10 sec] [20 sec] [30 sec] [40 sec]

Device power-up delay [Auto]

This is the maximum time the device will take before it properly reports itself to the host controller.

Configuration options: [Auto] [Manual]

Mass Storage Devices

AMI Virtual CDROM0 / Floppy0 / HDisk0 1.00 [Auto]

Allows you to select the mass storage device emulation type. Configuration options: [Auto] [Floppy] [Forced FDD] [Hard Disk] [CD-ROM]

Generic 8.07 [Auto]

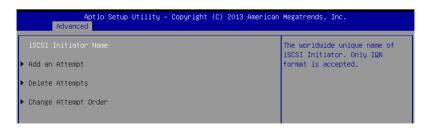
Allows you to select the mass storage device emulation type. Configuration options: [Auto] [Floppy] [Forced FDD] [Hard Disk] [CD-ROM]

AMI Virtual CDROM1/ Floppy1 1.00 [Auto]

Allows you to select the mass storage device emulation type. Configuration options: [Auto] [Floppy] [Forced FDD] [Hard Disk] [CD-ROM]

5.4.13 iSCSI Configuration

Allows you to configure the iSCSi parameters.



5.5 IntelRCSetup menu

The IntelRCSetup menu items allow you to change the processor and chipset settings.

Aptio Setup Utility – Copyright (C) 2013 American Main Advanced <mark>IntelRCSetup</mark> Server Mgmt Event Logs Monitor	
 Processor Configuration Advanced Power Management Configuration Common RefCode Configuration QPI Configuration Hemory Configuration IIO Configuration PCH Configuration Miscellaneous Configuration Server ME Configuration Runtime Error Logging 	Displays and provides option to change the Processor Settings
Setup Warning: Setting items on this Screen to incorrect values may cause system to malfunction!	<pre>++: Select Screen 14: Select Item Enter: Select +/-: Change Opt. F1: General Help F2: Previous Values F5: Optimized Defaults F10: Save Changes & Reset ESC: Exit</pre>
Version 2.16.1243. Copyright (C) 2013 American Me	egatrends, Inc.

5.5.1 Processor Configuration

Aptio Setup Utility IntelRCSetup	μ – Copyright (C) 2013 American Megatrends, Inc.
Processor Configuration	Change Per-Socket Settings
 Per-Socket Configuration Processor Socket Processor ID Processor Frequency Processor Max Ratio Nicrocode Revision L1 Cache RAM L2 Cache RAM L3 Cache RAM Processor 1 Version Processor 2 Version Processor 2 Version Hyper-Threading Execute Disable Bit Enable Intel TXT Support VMX Enable SMX Hardware Prefetcher Adjacent Cache Prefetch DCU Streamer Prefetcher 	Socket 1 Socket 2 000306F2 N/A 5 2.3006H2 N/A 5 17H N/A 5 0CH N/A 5 0CH N/A 5 35840KB N/A 5 35840KB N/A 5 35840KB N/A 5 Intel(R) Xeon(R) CPU E5 -2695 v3 @ 2.306H2 Not Present F1: Select Screen 11: Select Item Enter: Select +/-: Change Opt. F1: General Help F2: Previous Values [Disabled] [Enable
Version 2.16.1243.	. Copyright (C) 2013 American Megatrends, Inc.

Per Socket Configuration

Allows you to set the number of cores to enable. 0 means all cores. Total of 14 cores available.

Hyper Threading [Enabled]

Allows you to enable or disable the Intel® Hyper-Threading Technology function. When disabled, only one thread per activated core is enabled. Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

Execute Disable Bit [Enabled]

XD can prevent certain classes of malicious buffer overflow attacks when combined with a supporting OS (Windows Server 2003 SP1, Windows XP SP2, SuSE Linux 9.2, Redhat Enterprise 3 Update 3).

Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

Enable Intel TXT Support [Disabled]

Forces the XD feature log to always return 0 when disabled.

Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

VMX [Enabled]

Enables the Vanderpool Technology. Takes effect after reboot.

Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

Enable SMX [Disabled]

Enables the Safer Mode Extensions Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

Hardware Prefetcher [Enabled]

This Item allows you to turn on/off the mid level cache(L2) streamer prefetcher. Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

Adjacent Cache Prefetch [Enabled]

This Item allows you to turn on/off prefetching of adjacent cache lines. Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

DCU Streamer Prefetcher [Enabled]

This Item allows you to enable or disable prefetcher of next L1 data line. Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

DCU IP Prefetcher [Enabled]

This Item allows you to enable or disable prefetch of next L1 line based upon sequential load history.

Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

DCU Mode [32K 8Way Without ECC]

Configuration options: [32K 8Way Without ECC] [16K 4Way With ECC]

Direct Cache Access (DCA) [Auto]

This Item allows you to enable or disable Direct Cache Access.

Configuration options: [Auto] [Disabled] [Enabled]

DCA Prefetch Delay [32]

This Item allows you to set the time for the DCA Prefetch delay Help. Configuration options: [Disabled] [8] [16] [24] [32] [40] [48] [56] [64] [72] [80] [88] [96] [104] [112]

X2APIC [Disabled]

This Item allows you to enable or disable the extended APIC support. Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

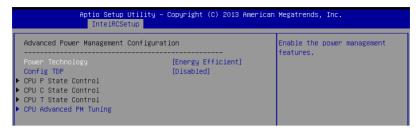
AES-NI [Enabled]

This Item allows you to enable or disable the AES-NI support. Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

Down Stream PECI [Disabled]

This Item allows you to enable the PCIe Down Stream PECI writer. Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

5.5.2 Advanced Power Management Configuration



Power Technology [Energy Efficient]

This item allows you to enable power management features.

Configuration options: [Disabled] [Energy Efficient] [Custom]



The following only appears when you set Power Technology to [Custom].

CPU P State Control

EIST (P-states) [Enabled]

When enabled, OS sets CPU frequency according to the load. When Disabled, CPU frequency is set at max non-turbo.

Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

Turbo Mode [Enabled]

Turbo Mode allows a CPU logical processor to execute a higher frequency when enough power is available and does not exceed CPU defined limits. Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

CPU C State Control

Package C State Limit [C6(Retention) state]

This item allows you to select the Package C State limit.

Configuration options: [C0/C1 state] [C2 State] [C6(non Retention) state] [C6(Retention) state]

CPU C3 Report [Disabled]

Allows you to enable or disable CPU C3(ACPI C2) report to OS. Alyways set this item to [Disabled].

Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

CPU C6 Report [Disabled]

Allows you to enable or disable CPU C6(ACPI C2) report to OS. Always set this item to [Enabled].

Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

CPU T State Control

ACPI T-States [Enabled]

Allows you to enable or disable CPU throttling by OS. Throttling reduces power consumption.

Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

Config TDP [Disabled]

This item allows you to enable/disable the Config TDP. Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

CPU Advanced PM Turning

Energy Perf BIAS

Energy Performance Tuning [Disabled]

Allows you to select whether BIOS or Operating System chooses energy performance bias tuning.

Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

Energy Performance BIAS setting. [Balanced Performance]

Allows you to switch between Power or performance. Configuration options: [Performance] [Balanced Performance] [Balanced Power] [Power]

Power/Performance switch [Enabled]

Allows you to switch between Power or performance. Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

Workload Configuration [Balanced]

Optimization for the workload characterization. Configuration options: [Balanced] [I/O sensitive]

Averaging Time Window [23]

This is used to control the effective window of the average for CO and PO time.

PO TotalTimeThreshold Low [35]

The HW switching mechanism disables the performance setting (0) when the total PO time is less than this threshold.

PO TotalTimeThreshold High [58]

The HW switching mechanism enables the performance setting (0) when the total PO time is greater than this threshold.

5.5.3 Common RefCode Configuration

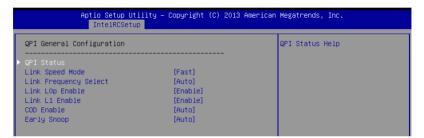


Numa [Enabled]

This item enables or disables the Non uniform Memory Access (NUMA).

Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

5.5.4 QPI Configuration



QPI General Configuration

QPI Status

This item displays information about the QPI status.

Link Speed Mode [Fast]

This item allows you to select the QPI link speed as either the fast mode or slow mode.

Configuration options: [Slow] [Fast]

Link Frequency Select [Auto]

This item allows for selecting the QPI link frequency Configuration options: [Auto] [6.4 GT/s] [8.0 GT/s] [9.6 GT/s]

Link L0p/L1 Enable [Enable]

This item allows you to disable or enable Link L0p or Link L1. Configuration options: [Disable] [Enable]

COD Enable [Auto]

This item allows you to disable or enable cluste on Die. Configuration options: [Auto] [Disable] [Enable]

Early Snoop [Auto]

Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled] [Auto]

5.5.5 Memory Configuration

		Enable to enforce POR
ntegrated Memory Controller (iM	1C)	- restrictions for DDR4 frequency and voltage
Enforce POR	[Auto]	- programming
Memory Frequency	[Auto]	
Halt on mem Training Error	[Enabled]	
ECC Support	[Auto]	
Enhanced Log Parsing	[Disabled]	
Data Scrambling	[Auto]	
Enable ADR	[Disabled]	
C/A Parity Enable	[Auto]	
Memory Topology		
Memory Thermal		++: Select Screen
Memory Map		14: Select Item
Memory RAS Configuration		Enter: Select
		+/-: Change Opt.

Integrated Memory Controller (iMC)

Enforce POR [Auto]

Allows you to enforce POR restrictions for DDR4 frequency adn voltage programming. Configuration options: [Auto] [Enforce POR] [Disabled] [Enforce Stretch Goals]

Memory Frequency [Auto]

Allows you to select the memory frequency setting. Configuration options: [Auto] [1333] [1600] [1866] [2133]

Halt on mem Training Error [Enabled]

Allows you to enable or disable halt on mem Training Error. Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

ECC Support [Auto]

Allows you to enable or disable the ECC support. Configuration options: [Auto] [Disabled] [Enabled]

Enhanced Log Parsing [Disabled]

Allows you to enable additional output in debug log for easier machine parsing. Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

Data Scrambling [Auto]

Allows you to enable/disable data scrambling. Configuration options: [Auto] [Disabled] [Enabled]

Enable ADR [Disabled]

Allows you to set the detecting and enabling of ADR. Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

C/A Parity Enable [Auto]

Allows you to enable or disable the DDR4's command address parity.

Configuration options: [Auto] [Disabled] [Enabled]

Memory Topology

Displays memory topology with DIMM population information.

Memory Thermal

Allows you to configure thermal settings.

Set Throttling Mode [Disabled]

Configuration options: [Disabled] [OLTT] [CLTT]

OLLT Peak BW [xxx]

Allows you to set the peak allowed bandwidth for OLTT. This is in percentage and valid offset values is from 25-100.

DIMM Temp Stat [xx]

Allows you to select DIMMTEMPSTAT as temp_mid or tem_hi.

Memory Power Savings Mode [Auto]

Allows you to configure the CKE and other related Memory Power Savings features. Configuration options: [Auto] [Disabled] [APD On] [User Defined] [Reserved]

Memory Power Savings Advanced Options

CK in SR [Auto] Configuration options: [Auto] [Driven] [Tri-State] [Pulled Low] [Pulled High]

MDLL Off [Auto]

Allows you to shutdown MDLL during SR when enabled. Configuration options: [Auto] [Disabled] [Enabled]

MEMHOT Throttling Mode [Input-only]

Allows you to shutdown MDLL during SR when enabled. Configuration options: [Disabled] [Input-only] [Output-only]

Mem Electrical Throttling [Disabled]

Allows you to configure Memory Electical throttling. Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled] [Auto]

Memory Map

Channel Interleaving [Auto]

Select different channel interleaving setting. Configuration options: [Auto] [1-way Interleave] [2-way Interleave] [3-way Interleave] [4-way Interleave]

Rank Interleaving [Auto]

Select different rank interleaving setting. Configuration options: [Auto] [1-way Interleave] [2-way Interleave] [4-way Interleave] [8-way Interleave]

Memory RAS Configuration Setup

RAS Mode [Disabled]

Allows you to enable or disable RAS Modes. Enabling Sparing and Mirroring is not supported. In case enabled, Sparing will be selected. Configuration options: [Disabled] [Mirror] [Lockstep Mode]

Memory Rank Sparing [Disabled]

Allows you to enable or disable Memory Rank Sparing. Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

Correctable Error Threshold [32767]

Allows you to set the Correctable Error Threshold used for sparing, tagging, and leaky bucket. The range is from 1 to 32767.

Patrol Scrub [Enabled]

Allows you to enable or disable Patrol Scrub. Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

Demand Scrub [Enabled]

Allows you to enable or disable Demand Scrub. Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

5.5.6 IIO Configuration



EV DFX Features [Disabled]

Set this option to allow DFX Lock Bits to remain clear. Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

PCIE Slot Option ROM Configuration

Riser_PCIE1/PCIE2 Option ROM [Enabled]

Allows you to enable or disable the Riser_PCIE1/ PCIE2 Option ROM. Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

Intel VT for Directed I/O (VT-d)

Intel VT for Directed I/O (VT-d) [Enabled]

Allows you to enable or disable the Intel Virtualization Technology for Directed I/O. Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

PCI Express Global Options

TX EQ WA [Enabled]

Use special table for TX_EQ and vendor specific cards. Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

PCI-E ASPM Support (Global) [L1 Only]

This option enables or disables the ASPM support for all downstream devices. Configuration options: [Disabled] [L1 Only]

5.5.7 PCH Configuration

Aptio Setup Utility – Copyright (C) 2013 American Megatrends, Inc. IntelRCSetup		
ů – Carlo	Enable/Disable Intel(R) IO Controller Hub devices	

PCH Devices

DeepSx Power Policies [Disabled]

Allows you to configure the DeepSx Mode configuration. Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled in S5] [Enabled in S4 and S5]

PCI Express Configuration

PCH DMI ASPM [Enabled]

Allows you to configure the PCH DMI ASPM. Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

PCH sSATA Configuration

sSATA Controller [Enabled]

Allows you to enable or disable the sSATA Controller. Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

Configure sSATA as [AHCI]

Allows you to identify the SATA port is connected to Solid State Drive or Hard Disk Drive. Configuration options: [IDE] [AHCI] [RAID]

Support Aggressive Link Power Management [Enabled]

Allows you to enable or disable the Suport Aggressive Link Power (SALP) Management. Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

SATA Port 1/ SATA Port 2/ SATA Port 3/ SATA Port 4 [Not Installed]

Port 1/ Port 2/ Port 3/ Port 4 [Enabled]

Allows you to enable or disable the SATA port Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

PCH SATA Configuration

SATA Controller [Enabled]

Allows you to enable or disable the SATA Controller. Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

Configure SATA as [AHCI]

Allows you to identify the SATA port is connected to Solid State Drive or Hard Disk Drive. Configuration options: [IDE] [AHCI] [RAID]

Support Aggressive Link Power Management [Enabled]

Allows you to enable or disable the Suport Aggressive Link Power (SALP) Management. Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

SATA Port 1-5 [Not Installed]

Port 1/ Port 2/ Port 3/ Port 4/ Port 5/ [Enabled]

Allows you to enable or disable the SATA port. Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

USB Configuration

xHCI Mode [Auto]

Allows you to enable or disable the mode of operation of xHCl controller. Configuration options: [Auto] [Disabled] [Enabled]

USB Ports Per-Port Disable Control [Enabled]

Allows you to control each of the USB ports 1 to 8 disabling.

Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]



The following items appears only when the USB Ports Per-Port Disable Control is set to [Enabled].

USB Port #1/ #2/ #3/ #4/ #5/ #6/ #7/ #8 [Enabled]

Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

USB 3.0 Port #1/ #2/ #3/ #4 [Enabled]

Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

Platform Thermal Configuration

PCH Thermal Device [Auto]

Allows you to enable or disable the PCH Thermal Device (D31:F6). Configuration options: [Auto] [Disabled] [Enabled]

Alert Enable Lock [Disabled]

Allows you to lock all Alert Enable settings. Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

5.5.8 Miscellaneous Configuration



Miscellaneous Configuration

Active Video [Offboard Device]

Allows you to select the video type.

Configuration options: [Onboard Device] [Offboard Device]

5.5.9 Server ME Configuration

Displays the Server ME Technology parameters on your system.

IntelRCSetup	ι – Copyright (C) 2013 Amer	ican negati chas, inc.
General ME Configuration		
Operational Firmware Version	3.0.5.402	
Recovery Firmware Version	3.0.5.402	
ME Firmware Features	SiEn	
ME Firmware Status #1	0×000F0382	
ME Firmware Status #2	0×10408008	
Current State	Recovery	
Error Code	No Error	

5.5.10 Runtime Error Logging Support



Runtime Error Logging

S/W Error Injection Support [Disabled]

This item, when enabled, is supported by unlocking MSR 0x790. Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

Whea Settings

Whea Support [Enabled]

This item allows you to enable or disable the WHEA support. Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

Memory Error Enabling

Memory corrected Error enabling [Disabled]

This item allows you to enable or disable the WHEA Memory corrected errors Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

5.6 Server Mgmt menu

The Server Management menu displays the server management status and allows you to change the settings.

		erican Megatrends, Inc. onitor Security Boot Tool Exit
BMC Self Test Status BMC Device ID BMC Device Revision BMC Firmware Revision IPMI Version Current Time Zone OS Hatchdog Timer OS Htd Timer Timeout OS Htd Timer Policy Serial Mux F System Event Log	PASSED 32 1 1.05 2.0 -05:00 GMT [Disabled] [10 minutes] [Reset] [Disabled]	If enabled, starts a BIOS timer which can only be shut off by Intel Management Software after the OS loads. Helps determine that the OS successfully loaded or follows the OS Boot Watchdog Timer policy.
 BMC network configuration View System Event Log IPv6 BMC Network Configuration 	3. Copyright (C) 2013 Amer	++: Select Screen 14: Select Item Enter: Select +/-: Change Opt. F1: General Help F2: Previous Values F5: Optimized Defaults F10: Save Changes & Reset ESC: Exit

OS Watchdog Timer [Disabled]

This item allows you to start a BIOS timer which can only be shut off by Intel Management Software after the OS loads.

Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]



The following items is configurable only when the OS Watchdog Timer is set to [Enabled].

OS Wtd Timer Timeout [10 minutes]

Allows you to configure the length fo the OS Boot Watchdog Timer.

Configuration options: [5 minutes] [10 minutes] [15 minutes] [20 minutes]

OS Wtd Timer Policy [Reset]

This item allows you to configure the how the system should respond if the OS Boot Watch Timer expires.

Configuration options: [Do Nothing] [Reset] [Power Down]

Serial Mux [Disabled]

This item allows you to enable or disable Serial Mux configuration.

Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

System Event Log

Allows you to change the SEL event log configuration.

SEL Components [Enabled]

Allows you to enable or disable all features of system Event Logging during boot. Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]



- The following items appears only when you set SEL Components to [Enabled].
- All values changed here do not take effect until computer is restarted.

Erase SEL [No]

Allows you to choose options for erasing SEL. Configuration options: [No] [Yes, On next reset] [Yes, On every reset]

When SEL is Full [Do Nothing]

Allows you to choose options for reactions to a full SEL. Configuration options: [Do Nothing] [Erase Immediately]

Log EFI Status Codes [Error code]

Disable the logging of EFI Status Codes, or log only error code, or only progress code or, both.

Configuration options: [Disabled] [Both] [Error code] [Progress code]

BMC network configuration

The sub-items in this configuration allow you to configure the BMC network parameters.

BMC network configuration		Select to configure LAN channel parameters statically
DM_LAN1		or dynamically(by BIOS or
Config Address source	[Unspecified]	BMC). Unspecified option will
Current Config Address source	DHCP Mode	not modify any BMC network
IP Address in BMC :	0.0.0	parameters during BIOS phase
Subnet Mask in BMC :	0.0.0	
Station MAC address	00-e0-18-21-80-1a	
Gateway IP address	0.0.0	
Router MAC address	00-00-00-00-00	
Shared LAN		
Config Address source	[Unspecified]	
Current Config Address source	DHCP Mode	↔: Select Screen
IP Address in BMC :	0.0.0	f↓: Select Item
Subnet Mask in BMC :	0.0.0	Enter: Select
Station MAC address	00-e0-18-21-80-1b	+/-: Change Opt.
Gateway IP address	0.0.0	F1: General Help
Router MAC address	00-00-00-00-00-00	F2: Previous Values
		F5: Optimized Defaults

Configuration Address source DM_LAN1/Shared LAN [Unspecified]

This item allows you to configure LAN channel parameters statistically or dynamically (by BIOS or BMC). Unspecified option will not modify any BMC network parameters during BIOS phase.

Configuration options: [Previous State] [Static] [DynamicBmcDhcp]

View System Event Log

This item allows you to view the system event log records.

IPv6 BMC Network Configuration

This item allows you to configure the parameter settings of IPv6 BMC network.

	– Copyright (C) 2013 American ver Mgmt	Megatrends, Inc.
IPv6 BMC Network Configuration		Display the Full or Brief IPv6 Field
IPv6 Display Full Field	[Enable]	
IPv6 Display Full Formula	[Enable]	
IPv6 Display Letter Case	[Upper Case]	
IPv6 BMC DM LAN1		
IPv6 BMC Lan IP Address Source	[Unspecified]	
Address Source in BMC :	DHCP Mode	
IP Address in BMC :		
-> 0: 0: 0: 0:		
Prefix Length in BMC :	0	
Gateway Address in BMC :		
-> 0: 0: 0: 0:		++: Select Screen
MAC Address in BMC :	00-e0-18-21-80-1a	Enter: Select
TPv6 BMC Shared Lan		+/-: Change Opt.
	[Unspecified]	F1: General Help
Address Source in BMC :	DHCP Mode	F2: Previous Values
IP Address in BMC :		F5: Optimized Defaults
-> 0: 0: 0: 0:	0: 0: 0: 0	F10: Save Changes & Reset
Prefix Length in BMC :	0	ESC: Exit
Gateway Address in BMC :		
-> 0: 0: 0: 0:		
MAC Address in BMC :	00-e0-18-21-80-1b	
Vancian 2 16 1949	Conuright (C) 2013 American M	logatoonde Inc

IPv6 Display Full Field [Enable]

Displays the full or brief IPv6 Field. Configuration options: [Disable] [Enable]

IPv6 Display Full Formula [Enable]

Displays the full or brief IPv6 Formula. Configuration options: [Disable] [Enable]

IPv6 Display Letter Case [Upper Case]

Displays the uppercase or lowercase letters of the alphabet. Configuration options: [Lower Case] [Upper Case]

IPv6 BMC DM_LAN1/ IPv6 BMC Shared Lan

IPv6 BMC Lan IP Address Source [Unspecified]

Select to configure LAN channel parameters statically or dynamically(by BIOS or BMC).

Configuration options: [Unspecified] [Static] [Dynamic-Obtained by BMC running DHCP]



The following items appear only when you set IPv6 BMC Lan IP Address Source to [Static].

IPv6 BMC LAN IP Address

Allows you to input IPv6 BMC Lan IP address.

IPv6 BMC LAN IP Prefix Length Allows you to input IPv6 BMC Lan IP Prefix Length.

IPv6 BMC LAN Default Gateway

Allows you to input IPv6 BMC Lan Default Gateway.

IPv6 BMC LAN DNS Settings Allows you to enter IPv6 BMC LAN DNS Settings.

IPv6 BMC LAN Link IP Address Allows you to enter IPv6 BMC LAN Link IP address.

IPv6 BMC LAN Link IP Prefix Length Allows you to input IPv6 BMC Lan Link IP Prefix Length.

5.7 Event Logs menu

The Event Logs menu items allow you to change the event log settings and view the system event logs.



5.7.1 Change Smbios Event Log Settings

Press <Enter> to change the Smbios Event Log configuration.



All values changed here do not take effect until computer is restarted.

Enabling/Disabling Options

Smbios Event Log [Enabled]

Change this to enable or disable all features of Smbios Event Logging during boot. Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

Erasing Settings

Erase Event Log [No]

Choose options for erasing Smbios Event Log. Erasing is done prior to any logging activation during reset. Configuration options: [No] [Yes, Next reset] [Yes, Every reset]

When Log is Full [Do Nothing]

Allows you to choose options for reactions to a full Smbios Event Log. Configuration options: [Do Nothing] [Erase Immediately]

Smbios Event Log Standard Settings

Log System Boot Event [Disabled]

Allows you to choose options to enable/disable logging of System boot event. Configuration options: [Enabled] [Disabled]

5.7.2 View Smbios Event Log

Press <Enter> to view all smbios event logs.

5.8 Monitor menu

The Monitor menu displays the system temperature/power status, and allows you to change the fan settings.

	t <mark>ility – Copyright (C) 2013 America</mark> up Server Mgmt Event Logs <mark>Monito</mark>	
CPUI Temperature CPU2 Temperature TR1 Temperature TR2 Temperature TR3 Temperature TR4 Temperature TR5 Temperature TR6 Temperature FRNT FAN1 Speed FRNT FAN2 Speed FRNT FAN3 Speed FRNT FAN5 Speed	[52.2°C/125.9°F] [N/A] [53.2°C/127.7°F] [40.0°C/104.0°F] [36.0°C/96.8°F] [25.3°C/77.1°F] [25.3°C/77.1°F] [25.1°C/77.1°F] [N/A] [N/A] [N/A] [N/A]	CPU1 Temperature
FRNT FAN6 Speed FRNT FAN7 Speed +VCORE1 +VCDQ_AB_CPU1 +VDDQ_CD_CPU1 +VDDQ_CD_CPU1 +VDDQ_GH_CPU2 +VDDQ_GH_CPU2 +SVSB +SV +12V +3.3V	[N/A] [N/A] [+1.792 V] [N/A] [+1.204 V] [+1.204 V] [N/A] [N/A] [N/A] [+5.030 V] [+11.904 V] [+3.318 V]	++: Select Screen 11: Select Item Enter: Select +/-: Change Opt. F1: General Help F2: Previous Values F5: Optimized Defaults F10: Save Changes & Reset ESC: Exit
Version 2.16.	.1243. Copyright (C) 2013 American	Megatrends, Inc.



Scroll down to view the other items.

CPU1, CPU2, TR1-6 Temperature [xxx°C/xxx°F]

The onboard hardware monitor automatically detects and displays the CPU temperatures

FRNT FAN1-7 Speed [xxxx RPM] or [N/A]

The onboard hardware monitor automatically detects and displays the speed of CPU fans, front fans, and rear fan in rotations per minute (RPM). If the fan is not connected to the motherboard, the field shows N/A.

+VCORE1/2 Voltage, +VDDQ_AB_CPU1 Voltage, +VDDQ_CD_CPU1 Voltage, +VDDQ_EF_CPU2 Voltage, +VDDQ_GH_CPU2 Voltage, +5VSB Voltage, +5V Voltage, +12V Voltage, +3.3V Voltage, VBAT Voltage, +3.3VSB Voltage

The onboard hardware monitor automatically detects the voltage output through the onboard voltage regulators.

FRNT FAN1&6/2&3&4/5&7 [Generic Speed]

Allows you to configure the ASUS Smart Fan feature that smartly adjusts the fan speeds for more efficient system operation.

Configuration options: [Generic Speed] [High Speed] [Full Speed] [Manual]

5.9 Security menu

This menu allows a new password to be created or a current password to be cchanged. The menu also enables or disables the Secure Boot state and lets the user configure the System Mode state.

	<mark>ity – Copyright (C)</mark> 2013 Americar Server Mgmt Event Logs Monitor	
Password Description		To clear the user password, key in the current password in
If ONLY the Administrator's pa	ssword is set,	the
then this only limits access t		Enter Current Password box,
only asked for when entering S		and then press <enter> when</enter>
If ONLY the User's password is is a power on password and mus		prompted to create/confirm the password.
boot or enter Setup. In Setup		password.
have Administrator rights		
The password length must be		
in the following range:		
Minimum length	3	
Maximum length	20	++: Select Screen
		14: Select Item
Administrator Password		Enter: Select
User Password		+/-: Change Opt.
Clear User Password		F1: General Help
		F2: Previous Values
		F5: Optimized Defaults
Secure Boot menu		F10: Save Changes & Reset FSC: Fxit
Cocure boot menu		LOG. EXIC

Administrator Password

To set an administrator password:

- 1. Select the Administrator Password item and press <Enter>.
- 2. From the Create New Password box, key in a password, then press <Enter>.
- 3. Confirm the password when prompted.

To change an administrator password:

- 1. Select the Administrator Password item and press <Enter>.
- 2. From the Enter Current Password box, key in the current password, then press <Enter>.
- 3. From the Create New Password box, key in a new password, then press <Enter>.
- 4. Confirm the password when prompted.



To clear the administrator password, follow the same steps as in changing an administrator password, but press <Enter> when prompted to create/confirm the password.

User Password

To set a user password:

- 1. Select the User Password item and press < Enter>.
- 2. From the Create New Password box, key in a password, then press <Enter>.
- 3. Confirm the password when prompted.

To change a user password:

- 1. Select the User Password item and press <Enter>.
- 2. From the Enter Current Password box, key in the current password, then press <Enter>.
- 3. From the Create New Password box, key in a new password, then press <Enter>.
- 4. Confirm the password when prompted.

To clear a user password:

- 1. Select the Clear User Password item and press < Enter>.
- 2. Select Yes from the Warning message window then press < Enter>.

Clear User Password

This item allows you to clear the user password. Use the arrow keys to select **Yes** or **No** then press <Enter> to confirm your choice.

Secure Boot Menu

This item allows you to customize the Secure Boot settings.

Aptio Setup Utility – Copyright (C) 2013 American Megatrends, Inc. Security		
System Mode Secure Boot Secure Boot Secure Boot Mode ▶ Key Management	Disabled Not Active [Disabled] [Custom]	Enables experienced users to modify Secure Boot variables

Secure Boot [Disabled]

Secure Boot can be enabled if the system is running in User mode with enrolled platform Key (EPK) or if the CSM function is disabled. Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

Secure Boot Mode [Custom]

Allows you to set the Secure Boot selector. Configuration options: [Custom] [Standard]

Key Management

This item only appears when the item Secure Boot Mode is set to [Custom]. The Key Management item allows you to modify Secure Boot variables and set Key Management page.

	[Disabled]	Install Factory default Secure
 Enroll All Factory Default Keys Save All Secure Boot Variables 		Boot Keys when System is in Setup Mode.
Platform Key ▶ Delete PK ▶ Set new PK	NOT INSTALLED	
Key Exchange Key ▶ Delete KEK ▶ Set new KEK ▶ Append KEK	NOT INSTALLED	
Authorized Signatures • Delete DB • Set new DB • Append DB	NOT INSTALLED	++: Select Screen 14: Select Item Enter: Select +/-: Change Opt.
Authorized TimeStamps • Delete DBT • Set new DBT • Append DBT	NOT INSTALLED	F1: General Help F2: Previous Values F5: Optimized Defaults F10: Save Changes & Reset
Forbidden Signatures • Delete DBX • Set new DBX • Append DBX	NOT INSTALLED	ESC: Exit

Default Key Provision [Disabled]

Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

Enroll All Factory Default Keys

This item will ask you if you want to Install Factory Default secure keys. Select Yes if you want to load the default secure keys, otherwise select No.

Save All Secure Boot Variables

This item will ask you if you want to save all secure boot variables. Select Yes if you want to save all secure boot variables, otherwise select No.

Platform Key (PK)/ Key Exchange Key (KEK)/ Authorized Signatures (DB)/ Authorized TimeStamps (DBT)/ Forbidden Signatures (DBX)

Configuration options: [Delete] [Set New] [Append]

5.10 Boot menu

The Boot menu items allow you to change the system boot options.

	ty – Copyright (C) 2013 American Server Mgmt Event Logs Moniton	
Boot Configuration Setup Prompt Timeout Bootup NumLock State Boot Logo Display POST Report Chassis Intrusion Message	1 [On] [Disabled] [5 sec] [Warning]	[Auto]: Auto adjustment for Windows requirements. [Full Screen]: Maximize the boot logo size. [Disabled]: Hide the logo during POST.
Boot Option Priorities Boot Option #1 Boot Option #2 Boot Option #3 Boot Option #4 CD/DVD ROM Drive BBS Priorities Hard Drive BBS Priorities Floppg Drive BBS Priorities Network Device BBS Priorities	[AMI Virtual CDROMO] [Generic 8.07] [AMI Virtual Floppy0] [IBA GE Slot 0500 v1543]	++: Select Screen 14: Select Item Enter: Select 4/-: Change Opt, F1: General Help F2: Previous Values F5: Optimized Defaults F10: Save Changes & Reset ESC: Exit

Bootup Configuration

Setup Prompt Timeout [xx]

Use the <+> and <-> keys to adjust the number of seconds to wait for setup activation key.

Bootup NumLock State [On]

Allows you to select the power-on state for the NumLock. Configuration options: [Off] [On]

Boot Logo Display [Disabled]

Allows you to enable or disable the full screen logo display feature. Configuration options: [Auto] [Full Screen] [Disabled]

POST Report [5 sec]

Allows you to set the desired POST Report waiting time from 1 to 10 seconds. Configuration options: $[1 \text{ sec}] \sim [10 \text{ sec}]$ [Until Press ESC]

Chassis Intrusion [Warning]

Allows you to set an action when chassis intrusion has occured. Configuration options: [Warning] [Halt]

Boot Option Priorities

These items specify the boot device priority sequence from the available devices. The number of device items that appears on the screen depends on the number of devices installed in the system.



- To select the boot device during system startup, press <F8> when ASUS Logo appears.
- To access Windows OS in Safe Mode, please press <F8> after POST.

CD/DVD ROM Drive BBS Priorities; Hard Drive BBS Priorities; Floppy Drive BBS Priorities; Network Device BBS Priorities

These items appear only when you connect SATA ODD, Floppy disk drive, or hard drive to the SATA ports and allow you to set the booting order of the SATA devices.

5.11 Tool menu

The Tool menu items allow you to configure options for special functions. Select an item then press <Enter> to display the submenu.



ASUS EZ Flash

Allows you to run ASUS EZ Flash BIOS ROM Utility when you press <Enter>. Refer to the ASUS EZ Flash Utility section for details.

5.12 Exit menu

The Exit menu items allow you to save or discard your changes to the BIOS items.

Aptio Setup Utility – Copyright (C) 2013 Amer Main Advanced IntelRCSetup Server Mgmt Event Logs Mon	
Save Changes & Exit Discard Changes & Exit Save Changes & Reset Discard Changes & Reset	Restore/Load Defaults values for all the setup options.
Save Options Save Changes Discand Changes	
Restore Defaults Save as User Defaults Restore User Defaults	
Boot Override AMI Virtual CDROMO 1.00 AMI Virtual CDROMI 1.00 AMI Virtual HDiskO 1.00 Generic 8.07 AMI Virtual FloppyO 1.00 AMI Virtual FloppyO 1.00 AMI Virtual FloppyI 1.00 IBA GE Slot 0500 v1543 IBA GE Slot 0600 v1543	<pre>+: Select Screen 14: Select Item Enter: Select +/-: Change Opt. F1: General Help F2: Previous Values F5: Optimized Defaults F10: Save Changes & Reset ESC: Exit</pre>
Launch EFI Shell from filesystem device	
Version 2.16.1243. Copyright (C) 2013 Americ	an Megatrends, Inc.



Pressing <Esc> does not immediately exit this menu. Select one of the options from this menu or <F10> from the legend bar to exit.

Save Changes & Reset

Exit System setup after saving the changes.

Discard Changes & Exit

Exit System setup without saving any changes.

Save Changes & Reset

Reset the system setup after saving the changes.

Discard Changes & Reset

Reset system setup without saving any changes.

Save Options

Save Changes

Save changes done so far to any of the setup options.

Discard Changes

Discard changes done so far to any of the setup options.

Restore Defaults

Restore/load default values for all the setup options.

Save as User Defaults

Save the changes done so far as User Defaults.

Restore User Defaults

Restore the User Defaults to all the setup options.

Boot Override

These items displays the available devices. The device items that appears on the screen depends on the number of devices installed in the system. Click an item to start booting from the selected device.

Launch EFI Shell from filesystem device

Attempts to launch EFI Shell application (shellx64.efi) from one of the available filesystem devices.

Chapter 5: BIOS setup	Chapter	5:	BIOS	setup
-----------------------	---------	----	------	-------

6

RAID Configuration

This chapter tells how to change system settings through the BIOS Setup menus. Detailed descriptions of the BIOS parameters are also provided.

6.1 Setting up RAID

The motherboard supports the following SATA RAID solutions:

- LSI MegaRAID software RAID Configuration Utility with RAID 0, RAID 1, and RAID 10 support (for both Linux and Windows OS).
- Intel[®] Rapid Storage Technology enterprise Option ROM Utility with RAID 0, RAID 1, RAID 10, and RAID 5 support (for Windows OS only).

6.1.1 RAID definitions

RAID 0 (Data striping) optimizes two identical hard disk drives to read and write data in parallel, interleaved stacks. Two hard disks perform the same work as a single drive but at a sustained data transfer rate, double that of a single disk alone, thus improving data access and storage. Use of two new identical hard disk drives is required for this setup.

RAID 1 (Data mirroring) copies and maintains an identical image of data from one drive to a second drive. If one drive fails, the disk array management software directs all applications to the surviving drive as it contains a complete copy of the data in the other drive. This RAID configuration provides data protection and increases fault tolerance to the entire system. Use two new drives or use an existing drive and a new drive for this setup. The new drive must be of the same size or larger than the existing drive.

RAID 10 is data striping and data mirroring combined without parity (redundancy data) having to be calculated and written. With the RAID 10 configuration you get all the benefits of both RAID 0 and RAID 1 configurations. Use four new hard disk drives or use an existing drive and three new drives for this setup.

RAID 5 stripes both data and parity information across three or more hard disk drives. Among the advantages of RAID 5 configuration include better HDD performance, fault tolerance, and higher storage capacity. The RAID 5 configuration is best suited for transaction processing, relational database applications, enterprise resource planning, and other business systems. Use a minimum of three identical hard disk drives for this setup.



If you want to boot the system from a hard disk drive included in a created RAID set, copy first the RAID driver from the support DVD to a floppy disk before you install an operating system to the selected hard disk drive.

6.1.2 Installing hard disk drives

The motherboard supports Serial ATA for RAID set configuration. For optimal performance, install identical drives of the same model and capacity when creating a disk array.

To install the SATA hard disks for RAID configuration:

- 1. Install the SATA hard disks into the drive bays following the instructions in the system user guide.
- Connect a SATA signal cable to the signal connector at the back of each drive and to the SATA connector on the motherboard.
- 3. Connect a SATA power cable to the power connector on each drive.

6.1.3 Setting the RAID item in BIOS

You must set the RAID item in the BIOS Setup before you can create a RAID set from SATA hard disk drives attached to the SATA connectors supported by Intel[®] C602 chipset. To do this:

- 1. Enter the BIOS Setup during POST.
- 2. Go to the Advanced Menu > PCH SATA Configuration, then press <Enter>.
- 3. Set SATA Mode to [RAID Mode]
- 4. Press <F10> to save your changes and exit the BIOS Setup.



Refer to Chapter 5 for details on entering and navigating through the BIOS Setup.

6.1.4 RAID configuration utilities

Depending on the RAID connectors that you use, you can create a RAID set using the utilities embedded in each RAID controller. For example, use the LSI Logic Embedded SATA RAID Setup Utility or the Intel[®] Rapid Storage Technology if you installed Serial ATA hard disk drives on the Serial ATA connectors supported by the Intel[®] C602 chipset.

Refer to the succeeding section for details on how to use the RAID configuration utility.

6.2 LSI Software RAID Configuration Utility

The LSI MegaRAID software RAID configuration utility allows you to create RAID 0, RAID 1, or RAID 10 set(s) from SATA hard disk drives connected to the SATA connectors supported by the motherboard southbridge chip.

To enter the LSI MegaRAID software RAID configuration utility:

- 1. Turn on the system after installing all the SATA hard disk drives.
- During POST, the LSI MegaRAID software RAID configuration utility automatically detects the installed SATA hard disk drives and displays any existing RAID set(s). Press <Ctrl> + <M> to enter the utility.

LSI MegaRAID Software RAID BI	OS Version A.10	09231523R
LSI SATA RAID Found at PCI Bu	s No:00 Dev No:1	3
Device present at Port 0	ST3160812AS	152114MB
Device present at Port 1	ST3160812AS	152114MB
Device present at Port 2	ST3160812AS	152114MB
Device present at Port 3	ST3160812AS	152114MB
Press Ctrl-M or Enter to run	LSI Software RAI	D Setup Utility.



- The LSI MegaRAID software RAID configuration utility automatically configures to RAID 1 when the SATA to RAID Mode is enabled.
- The RAID setup screens shown in this section are for reference only and may not exactly
 match the items on your screen due to the controller version difference.
- When you create RAID sets with the LSI MegaRAID software RAID configuration utility, the boot priority of the SATA optical drive has to be manually adjusted. Otherwise, the system will not boot from the connected SATA ODD.
- The utility main window appears. Use the arrow keys to select an option from the Management Menu and then press <Enter>. Refer to the Management Menu descriptions on the next page.

At the bottom of the screen is the legend box. The keys on the legend box allow you to navigate through the setup menu options or execute commands. The keys on the legend box vary according to the menu level.

LSI Software RAID Configuration Utility Ver C.05 Sep 17,2010 BIOS Version A.10.09231523R
BIOS Version A.10.09231523K
Management Menu
Configure
Initialize Objects
Rebuild
Check Consistency
Configure VD(s)
Use Cursor Keys to Navigate Between Items And Press Enter To Select An Option

Menu	Description
Configure	Allows you to create RAID 0, RAID 1 or RAID 10 set using the Easy Configuration or the New Configuration command. This menu also allows you to view, add, or clear RAID configurations or select the boot drive
Initialize	Allows you to initialize the virtual drives of a created RAID set
Objects	Allows you to initialize virtual drives or change the virtual drive parameters
Rebuild	Allows you to rebuild failed drives
Check Consistency	Allows you to check the data consistency of the virtual drives of a created RAID set

6.2.1 Creating a RAID set

The LSI Software RAID Configuration Utility allows you to create a RAID 0, RAID 1, or RAID 10 set using two types of configurations: Easy and New.

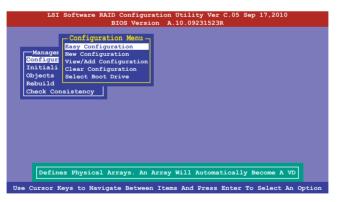
In Easy Configuration, the virtual drive parameters are set automatically.

In New Configuration, you manually set the virtual drive parameters.

Using Easy Configuration

To create a RAID set using the Easy Configuration option:

1. From the Management Menu, select Configure > Easy Configuration, and then press <Enter>.



 The ARRAY SELECTION MENU displays the available drives connected to the SATA ports. Use the up/down arrow keys to select the drives you want to include in the RAID set, and then press <Space>. When selected, the drive indicator changes from READY to ONLIN A[X]-[Y], where X is the array number, and Y is the drive number.

	Easy Conf	igu	ration - ARRAY S	ELECI	ION MENU	
Configure			PORT #			
Initializ			ONLIN A00-00			
Objects Rebuild			ONLIN A00-01			
Check Con			READY			
			READY			
				- I		



- The information of the selected hard disk drive displays at the bottom of the screen.
- You need at least two identical hard disk drives when creating a RAID 1 set.
- You need at least four identical hard disk drives when creating a RAID 10 set.
- 3. Select all the drives required for the RAID set, and then press <F10> to configure array setting.
- 4. Press <Space> to select the configurable array.

	LSI S —Managem Configure Initializ Objects Rebuild <u>Check Con</u>	oftware RAID Configuration Utility Ver C.05 Sep 17,2010 BIOS Version A.10.09231523R Easy Configuration - ARRAY SELECTION MENU Select Configurable Array(s) SPAN-1
(Cursor Keys,	SPACE-(De)Select F2-Chidinfo F3-SlotInfo F10-Configure Esc-Quit

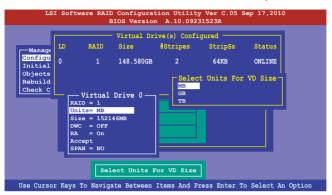
5. Press <F10> again, the virtual drive information appears including a **Virtual Drive** menu that allows you to change the virtual drive parameters.

			- Virtual Dr:	ive(s) Confi	gured ——	
Manage	LD	RAID	Size	#Stripes	StripSz	Status
nfigu itial			148.580GB	2	64KB	ONLINE
jects						
build						
eck C	<u> </u>	Virtual	Drive 0			
		ID = 1				
		its= MB ze = 1521	46MB			
		C = OFF				
		= On				
		cept AN = NO				

- 6. Select **RAID** from the **Virtual Drive** sub-menu, and then press <Enter>.
- 7. Select the RAID level from the menu, and then press <Enter>.

			- Virtual Dr	ive(s) Confi	igured ———	
-Manage	LD	RAID	Size	#Stripes	StripSz	Status
onfigu nitial	0		148.580GB	2	64KB	ONLINE
bjects ebuild						
heck C			Drive 0 —		Level — —	
		ID = 1 its= MB		RAID 0 RAID 1		
	Si	ze = 1521	46MB			
	Si	.ze = 1521 IC = OFF A = On	46MB	l –		
	Si Di Rž	IC = OFF	46MB			

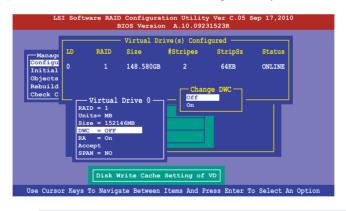
- 8. Select Units from the Virtual Drive sub-menu, and then press <Enter>.
- 9. Select the units for virtual drive size from the menu, and then press <Enter>.



 When creating a RAID 1 or a RAID 10 set, select DWC from the Virtual Drive menu, and then press <Enter>.

When creating a RAID 0 set, proceed to step 12.

11. Select On to enable the Disk Write Cache setting, and then press < Enter>.





Enabling DWC can improve the performance, but with the risk of data loss.

12. When finished setting the selected virtual drive configuration, select Accept from the menu, and then press <Enter>.

				A.10.092		
-Manage	LD	RAID	Size	#Stripes	StripSz	Status
Configu Initial Objects Rebuild	0		148.580GB	2	64KB	ONLINE
Check C	Ur Si DV RZ Ad	- Virtual HID = 1 Hits= MB Lze = 1521 HC = OFF A = On HC = NO	Drive 0			Ţ
	2	ccept Th	is VD Config	juration And	d Go To Next	VD

- 13. Follow step 2 to 12 to configure additional virtual drives.
- 14. Press <Esc> to finish RAID configuration. When prompted to save configuration, select Yes from the menu, and then press <Enter>.

Config Initia Object	ure lize s	Menu - M	Configurati Asy Configura New Configura View/Add Conf Clear Configu Select Boot E	ration ation figuration uration Drive	Yes No	Configuration? —
Rebui: Check	LD	RAID	- Virtual Dr: Size	ive(s) Confi #Stripes		Status
	00	KAID	2126	#Stripes	SCLIPSZ	Status
	0		148.580GB	2	64KB	ONLINE
			Seleo	ct Yes Or No		

Using New Configuration

When a RAID set already exists, using the New Configuration command erases the existing RAID configuration data. If you do not want to delete the existing RAID set, use the View/ Add Configuration command to view or create another RAID configuration.

To create a RAID set using the New Configuration option

1. From the Management Menu, select Configure > New Configuration, and then press <Enter>.

	re RAID Configuration Utility Ver C.05 Sep 17,2010 BIOS Version A.10.09231523R - Configuration Menu Easy Configuration
-Management Me	New Configuration
Configure	View/Add Configuration
Initialize	Clear Configuration
Objects	Select Boot Drive
Rebuild	
Check Consisten	y l

- 2. Follow step 2 to 9 of the previous section: Using Easy Configuration.
- 3. Select Size from the Virtual Drive menu, and then press < Enter>.
- 4. Key-in the desired virtual drive size, and then press < Enter>.



 Follow step 10 to 14 of the previous section: Using Easy Configuration to create the RAID set.

6.2.2 Adding or viewing a RAID configuration

You can add a new RAID configuration or view an existing configuration using the View/Add Configuration command.

Adding a new RAID configuration

To add a new RAID configuration:

1. From the Management Menu, select Configure > View/Add Configuration, and then press <Enter>.

LSI Softwar	re RAID Configuration Utility Ver C.05 Sep 17,2010 BIOS Version & 10,09231523B
Management Me Onfigure Initialize Objects Rebuild Check Consistency	BIOS Version A.10.09231523R - Configuration Menu Rew Configuration View/Add Configuration Clear Configuration Select Boot Drive
Use Cursor Keys To	Navigate Between Items And Press Enter To Select An Option

 The ARRAY SELECTION MENU displays the available drives connected to the SATA ports. Select the drive(s) you want to include in the RAID set, then press <Space>. When selected, the drive indicator changes from READY to ONLIN A[X]-[Y], where X is the array number, and Y is the drive number.

LSI S Manager Configur Initiali Objects Rebuild Check Co	oftware RAID Configuration Utility Ver C.05 Sep 17,2010 BIOS Version A.10.09231523R View/Add Configuration - ARRAY SELECTION MENU 0 ONLIN A00-00 1 ONLIN A00-01 2 READY	
	3 READY Port # 2 DISK 77247MB HDS72808PLA380 PF20A60A	
SPACE-Sel,EN	ER-EndArray,F10-Configure,F2-Drive Info,F3-Virtual Drives,F4-HSP	



The information of the selected hard disk drive displays at the bottom of the screen.

 Follow step 3 to 12 of section 6.2.1 Creating a RAID set: Using Easy Configuration to add a new RAID set.

6.2.3 Initializing the virtual drives

After creating the RAID set(s), you must initialize the virtual drives. You may initialize the virtual drives of a RAID set(s) using the Initialize or Objects command on the Management Menu.

Using the Initialize command

To initialize the virtual drive using the Initialize command

1. From the Management Menu, select Initialize, and then press <Enter>.

Configure Initialize Objects Rebuild Check Consistency	LSI Software RAID Configuration Utility Ver C.05 Sep 17,2010 BIOS Version A.10.09231523R
	Configure Fritilize Objects
Initialize VD(s) Use Cursor Keys to Navigate Between Items And Press Enter To Select An Option	

2. The screen displays the available RAID set(s) and prompts you to select the virtual drive to initialize. Use the arrow keys to select the virtual drive from the Virtual Drive selection, and then press <Space>.

LSI Software			ation Utilit on A.10.092		Sep 17,2010	
			- Virtual Dr	ive(s) Confi	.gured ———	
	LD	RAID	Size	#Stripes	StripSz	Status
Configure	0		148.580GB	2	64KB	ONLINE
Objects Rebuild						
Check Consistency						
Virtual Drive		Select	t VD			
	SPA	CE- (De) Se	lect, F10-In	itialize		

3. Press <F10> to start initialization. When prompted, select Yes from the Initialize? dialog box, and then press <Enter>.

	B	IOS Versi	on A.10.09	231523R		
			- Virtual Dr	ive(s) Confi	.gured ——	
	LD	RAID	Size	#Stripes	StripSz	Status
Management Menu Configure						
Initialize	0		148.580GB	2	64KB	ONLINE
Objects						
Rebuild				tialize?		
Check Consistency			Yes			
Virtual Drive						
Init W	ill De	stroy Dat	a On Select	ed VD(s)		



Initializing a virtual drive erases all data on the drive.

4. A progress bar appears on screen. If desired, press <Esc> to abort initialization. When initialization is completed, press <Esc>.

LSI Software	a RAID Configuration Utility Ver C.05 Sep 17,2010 BIOS Version A.10.09231523R
Management Menu Configure Initialize Objects Rebuild	Virtual Drive(s) Configured LD RAID Size #Stripes StripSz Status Init of VD Is In Process ONLINE VD 0 Initialization Complete. Press Esc
Check Consisten	: 100% Completed
Virtual Driv	
	SPACE-(De)Select, F10-Initialize

Using the Objects command

To initialize the virtual drives using the Objects command

1. From the Management Menu, select Objects > Virtual Drive, and then press < Enter>.

LSI Software RAID Configuration Utility Ver C.05 Sep 17,2010 BIOS Version A.10.09231523R
BIOS VERSION A.10.09231523R
Managament Configure Initialize Disots Rebuild Check Consistency
Change VD Parameters
Use Cursor Keys To Navigate Between Items And Press Enter To Select An Option

2. Select the virtual drive to initialize from the Virtual Drives sub-menu, and then press <Enter>.

LSI Software RAID Configuration Utility Ver C.05 Sep 17,2010 BIOS Version A.10.09231523R
Management Configure Initialize Depicts Rebuild Check Consistency
Press ENTER To Select A VD, To Delete A VD

3. Select Initialize from the pop-up menu, and then press <Enter> to start initialization.

LSI Software RAID Configuration Utility Ver C.05 Sep 17,2010 BIOS Version A.10.09231523R
Management Configure Initialize Difocts Wirtual Drive () Virtual Drive () Nebuild Check Consistency Victual Drive (0) Thitialize Check Consistency View/Update Parameters
Initialize VD
Use Cursor Keys To Navigate Between Items And Press Enter To Select An Option

 When prompted, press the <Space> to select Yes from the Initialize? dialog box, and then press <Enter>.

LSI Software RAID Configuration Utility Ver C.05 Sep 17,2010 BIOS Version A.10.09231523R
Management Configure Initialize Wirtual Drive () Wirtual Drive () Wirtual Drive () Wirtual Drive () Nebuid Check Consistency View/Update Parame No Initialize View/Update Parame No
Use Cursor Keys To Navigate Between Items And Press Enter To Select An Option

5. A progress bar appears on screen. If desired, press <Esc> to abort initialization. When initialization is completed, press <Esc>.

6.2.4 Rebuilding failed drives

You can manually rebuild failed hard disk drives using the Rebuild command in the Management Menu.

To rebuild a failed hard disk drive

1. From the Management Menu, select Rebuild, and then press < Enter>.

LSI Software RAID Configuration Utility Ver C.05 Sep 17,2010 BIOS Version A.10.09231523R
Management Nenu Configure Initialize
Objects Rebuild Check Consistency
Rebuild VD (s)
Use Cursor Keys to Navigate Between Items And Press Enter To Select An Option

2. The PHYSICAL DRIVES SELECTION MENU displays the available drives connected to the SATA ports. Select the drive you want to rebuild, and then press <Space>.

LSI S	oftware RAID Configuration Utility Ver C.05 Sep 17,2010 BIOS Version A.10.09231523R
Manager Configur Initiali Objects Rebuild Check Co	REBUILD - PHYSICAL DRIVES SELECTION MENU
	Port # 1 DISK 77247MB HDS72808PLA380 PF20A60A
SPACE- (De) Se	lect,F10-Start Rebuild,F2-Drive Information,F3-View Virtual Drives

 After selecting the drive to rebuild, press <F10>. When prompted, press <Y> to rebuild the drive.



4. When rebuild is complete, press any key to continue.

6.2.5 Checking the drives for data consistency

You can check and verify the accuracy of data redundancy in the selected virtual drive. The utility can automatically detect and/or detect and correct any differences in data redundancy depending on the selected option in the Objects > Adapter menu.



The Check Consistency command is available only for virtual drives included in a RAID 1 or RAID 10 set.

Using the Check Consistency Command

To check data consistency using the Check Consistency command

1. From the Management Menu, select Check Consistency, and then press <Enter>.

LSI Software RAID Configuration Utility Ver C.05 Sep 17,2010 BIOS Version A.10.09231523R
Management Menu Configure Initialize Objects Rebuild <u>Check Consistency</u>
CC of VD(s)

 The screen displays the available RAID set(s) and prompts you to select the virtual drive to check. Press <Space> to select the virtual drive from the Virtual Drive submenu, and then press <F10>.

LSI Software			tion Utilit n A.10.092		Sep 17,2010	1
			Virtual Dr	ive(s) Confi	gured ———	
	LD	RAID	Size	#Stripes	StripSz	Status
Configure Initialize	0		148.580GB	2	64KB	ONLINE
Objects Rebuild						
Check Consistency						
Check Consistency Virtual Drives Virtual Drive 0						
	SPACE	E-(De)Sel	.ect, F10-In	itialize		

3. When prompted, use the arrow keys to select Yes from the Consistency Check? dialog box, and then press <Enter>.

LSI Software			ation Utili on A.10.09		Sep 17,201	0
Management Menu Configure Initialize Objects	LD 0	10	- Virtual Dr Size 154494MB nsistency (ive(s) Confi #Stripes 2		Status ONLINE
Rebuild Check Consistency Virtual Drive		Yes No)	
		Select	VD(s)			
	SPACE	:- (De) Se	lect, F10-In	nitialize		

A progress bar appears on screen.

LSI Software RAID Configuration Utility Ver C.05 Sep 17,2010 BIOS Version A.10.09231523R					
Management Menu Configure Initialize Objects Rebuild <u>Check Consistency</u>	Virtual Drive(s) Configured LD RAID Size #Stripes StripSz CC Under Process VD 0 Consistency Check. Press Esc to Abort. 185% Completed	Status ONLINE			
Virtual Drive Virtual Drive The Data					
	SPACE-(De)Select, F10-Initialize				

- 4. While checking the disk consistency, press <Esc> to display the following options.
 - Stop Stops the consistency check. The utility stores the percentage of disk checked, and when you restart checking, it continues from the last percentage completed rather than from zero percent.
 - Continue Continues the consistency check.
 - Abort Abort the consistency check. When you restart checking, it continues from zero percent.
- 5. When checking is complete, press any key to continue.

Using the Objects command

To check data consistency using the Objects command:

- 1. From the Management Menu, select Objects, and then select Virtual Drive from the sub-menu.
- 2. Use the arrow keys to select the virtual drive you want to check, and then press <Enter>.
- 3. Select Check Consistency from the pop-up menu, and then press <Enter>.
- 4. When prompted, use the arrow keys to select Yes from the dialog box to check the drive.
- 5. When checking is complete, press any key to continue.

6.2.6 Deleting a RAID configuration

To delete a RAID configuration

1. From the Management Menu, select Configure > Clear Configuration, then press <Enter>.

LSI Software RAID Configuration Utility Ver C.05 Sep 17,2010				
LSI Softwa Management Me Configure Initialize Objects Rebuild Check Consistent	BIOS Version A.10.09231523R Configuration New Configuration View/Add Configuration Select Boot Drive			
	Clear Existing Configuration			
Use Cursor Keys T	o Navigate Between Items And Press Enter To Select An Option			

2. When prompted, use the arrow keys to select **Yes** from the Clear Configuration? dialog box, and then press <Enter>.

	LSI Softwa	are RAID Configuration Utility Ver C.05 Sep 17,2010 BIOS Version A.10.09231523R
[Management Me Configure Initialize Objects Rebuild Check Consisten	Configuration Menu Easy Configuration New Configuration Clear Configuration? Select Yes No Clear Existing Configuration
1	Use Cursor Keys I	o Navigate Between Items And Press Enter To Select An Option

The utility clears all the current array(s).

3. Press any key to continue.

6.2.7 Selecting the boot drive from a RAID set

You must have created a new RAID configuration before you can select the boot drive from a RAID set. Refer to the **Creating a RAID set: Using New Configuration** section for details.

To select the boot drive from a RAID set:

1. From the Management Menu, select Configure > Select Boot Drive, and then press <Enter>.

LSI Soft	ware RAID Configuration Utility Ver C.05 Sep 17,2010
	BIOS Version A.10.09231523R
Management M Configure Initialize Objects Rebuild Check Consist	View/Add Configuration Clear Configuration Select Boot Drive
Use Cursor Keys	To Navigate Between Items And Press Enter To Select An Option

 When prompted, use the arrow keys to select the bootable virtual drive from the list, then press <Enter>.

LSI Softwa	re RAID Configuration Utility Ver C.05 Sep 17,2010 BIOS Version A.10.09231523R
	- Configur. Bootable VDs(1): Current Boot VD(0) Easy Configuration New Configuration View/Add Configuration Clear Configuration Select Boot Drive
Use Cursor Keys To	Navigate Between Items And Press Enter To Select An Option

3. The virtual drive is selected as boot drive. Press any key to continue.

6.2.8 Enabling WriteCache

You may manually enable the RAID controller's WriteCache option after creating a RAID set to improve the data transmission performance.



When you enable WriteCache, you may lose data when a power interruption occurs while transmitting or exchanging data among the drives.



The WriteCache function is recommended for RAID 1 and RAID 10 sets.

To enable WriteCache:

- From the Management Menu, select Objects > Adapter, select an existing adapter, and then press <Enter> to display the adapter properties.
- 2. Select **Disk WC**, and then press <Enter> to turn on the option.



- From the Management Menu, select Objects > Virtual Drive, select an existing adapter and press <Enter>. Select View/Update Parameters and press <Enter> to display the adapter properties.
- 4. Select **Disk WC**, and then press <Enter> to turn on the option.

LSI Software RAID Configuration Utility Ver C.05 Sep 17,2010 BIOS Version A.10.09231523R					
	RAID Size Stripe Size #Stripes State Spans Disk WC Read Ahead	= 2 OPTIMAL = 1 = On = On ting of VD			
Use Cursor Keys To Navigate B	etween Items An	nd Press Enter To Select An Opti	on		

5. When finished, press any key to continue.

6.3 Intel[®] Rapid Storage Technology enterprise SCU/ SATA Option ROM Utility

The Intel[®] Rapid Storage Technology enterprise SCU / SATA Option ROM utility allows you to create RAID 0, RAID 1, RAID 10 (RAID 1+0), and RAID 5 set(s) from Serial ATA hard disk drives that are connected to the Serial ATA connectors supported by the Southbridge.

You can create RAID mode by use of onboard AHCI SATA ports. Also, when installed optional ASRK module, you can use onboard scu SAS ports to create RAID mode.

To use onboard SATA ports:

- 1. Install all the Serial ATA hard disk drives.
- Turning on the system. During POST, press <Delete> to enter BIOS. Go to Advanced Menu > PCH SATA Configuration > SATA Mode, then press <Enter>.
- 3. Set SATA Mode to RAID Mode and save, then reboot system.
- 4. During POST, press <Ctrl+l> to display the utility main menu.

To use SCU SATA ports:

- 1. Install all the SATA hard disk drives.
- 2. Turning on the system. During POST, press to enter BIOS. Go to Advanced Menu > PCH SCU SAS Configuration, then press <Enter>.
- Confirm all the SAS hard disk drives you installed are correctly displayed, then reboot system.
- 4. During POST, press <Ctrl+l> to display the utility main menu.

To enter the Intel® Rapid Storage Technology enterprise SATA/SCU option ROM utility:

- 1. Install all the Serial ATA/SAS hard disk drives.
- 2. Turn on the system.
- 3. During POST, press <Ctrl+l> to display the utility main menu.

	03-11 Intel Corporat:	se - SCU Option ROM - 3.0.0.1104 ion. All Rights Reserved.			
[MAIN MENU]					
2. Delete RAID Volu		L DISKS LO NON-RAID			
	=[DISK/VOLUME INFOR	MATION]			
RAID Volumes: None defined.					
Physical Disks:					
ID Drive Model 0 ST3300656SS	Serial # HWAS0000991753TR	Size Type/Status(Vol ID) 279.3GB Non-RAID Disk			
1 ST3300656SS		279.3GB Non-RAID Disk			
2 ST3300656SS 3 ST3300656SS					
3 ST3300656SS	GWC50000991756G6	279.3GB Non-RAID Disk			
[^↓]-Select	[ESC]-Exit	[ENTER]-Select Menu			

The navigation keys at the bottom of the screen allow you to move through the menus and select the menu options.

- If you want to use SAS HDD for RAID create, be sure you've already correctly installed the optional ASRK module on the motherboard.
- The RAID BIOS setup screThe RAID BIOS setup screens shown in this section are for reference only and may not exactly match the items on your screen.



The utility supports maximum four hard disk drives for RAID configuration.

6.3.1 Creating a RAID set

To create a RAID set:

- 1. From the utility main menu, select 1. Create RAID Volume and press <Enter>.
- 2. Key in a name for the RAID set and press <Enter>.



- Press the up/down arrow keys to select a RAID Level that you wish to create then press <Enter>.
- From the Disks item field, press <Enter> to select the hard disk drives that you want to include in the RAID set.

[SELECT DISKS]				
Port	Drive Model	Serial #	Size	Status
0	ST3300656SS	HWAS0000991753TR	279.3GB	Non-RAID Disk
1	ST3300656SS	37vn00009846raj1	279.3GB	Non-RAID Disk
2	ST3300656SS	397600009846UEDY	279.3GB	Non-RAID Disk
3	ST3300656SS	GWC50000991756G6	279.3GB	Non-RAID Disk
Select 2 to 6 disks to use in creating the volume.				
= ι ↑	↓]-Prev/Next [TAB]-(M)aster [SPACI	E]-(R)ecover	y [ENTER]-Done ===

 Use the up/down arrow keys to move the selection bar then press <Space> to select a disk. A small triangle before the Port number marks the selected drive. Press <Enter> when you are done. Use the up/down arrow keys to select the stripe size for the RAID array (for RAID 0, 10 and 5 only) then press <Enter>. The available stripe size values range from 4 KB to 128 KB. The following are typical values: RAID 0: 128KB RAID 10: 64KB RAID 5: 64KB



We recommend a lower stripe size for server systems, and a higher stripe size for multimedia computer systems used mainly for audio and video editing.

- 7. In the Capacity field item, key in the RAID volume capacity that you want to use and press <Enter>. The default value field indicates the maximum allowed capacity.
- 8. Press <Enter> to start creating the RAID volume.
- 9. From the following warning message, press <Y> to create the RAID volume and return to the main menu, or press <N> to go back to the CREATE VOLUME menu.



6.3.2 Creating a Recovery set

To create a recovery set:

1. From the utility main menu, select **1. Create RAID Volume** and press <Enter>. The following screen appears.

Intel(R) Rapid Storage Technology enterprise - SCU Option ROM - 3.0.0.1104 Copyright(C) 2003-11 Intel Corporation. All Rights Reserved.
[CREATE VOLUME MENU] Name: Volume0 RAID Level: RAID0(Stripe) Disks: Select Disks Strip Size: 128KB Capacity: 0.0 GB Sync: N/A Create Volume
[HELP]
$[\uparrow\downarrow]$ Change [TAB]-Next [ESC]-Previous Menu [ENTER]-Select

- 2. Enter a name for the recovery set and press <Enter>.
- When the RAID Level item is selected, press the up/down arrow keys to select Recovery, and then press <Enter>.
- 4. When the **Disks** item is selected, press <Enter> to select the hard disk drives you want to include in the recovery set. The **SELECT DISKS** screen appears.

Port	Drive Model	Serial #	Size	Status
U	ST3300656SS	HWAS0000991753TR	279.3GB	Non-RAID Disk
1	ST3300656SS	37VN00009846RAJ1	279.3GB	Non-RAID Disk
2	ST3300656SS	397600009846UEDY	279.3GB	Non-RAID Disk
3	ST3300656SS	GWC50000991756G6	279.3GB	Non-RAID Disk
	Select 1 1	Master and 1 Recov	ery disk t	o create volume.

- Use the up/down arrow keys to select a drive, press <TAB> to select a Master disk, and then press <SPACE> to select a Recovery disk. A small triangle marks the selected drive. Press <Enter> after completing your selection.
- When the Sync item is selected, use the up/down arrow keys to select a sync option that you want and press <Enter>.
- When the Create Volume item is selected, press <Enter>. The following warning message appears.



 Press <Y> to create the recovery set and return to the main menu, or <N> to go back to the CREATE VOLUME menu.



If a recovery set is created, you cannot add more RAID sets even when you have more non-RAID disks installed in your system.

6.3.3 Deleting a RAID set



Take caution when deleting a RAID set. You will lose all data on the hard disk drives when you delete a RAID set.

To delete a RAID set:

- 1. From the utility main menu, select 2. Delete RAID Volume and press <Enter>.
- 2. From the Delete Volume Menu, press the up/down arrow keys to select the RAID set you want to delete then press .

		Technology ente 03-12 Intel Corp			
		[DELETE VO	LUME MENU] =		
Name Volume	Level e0 RAIDO(Str		Capacity 298.0GB	Status Normal	Bootable Yes
1		[HE	LP]		
	Deleting a	a volume will re	set the disks	to non-RAID	
WARNING: ALL DISK DATA WILL BE DELETED. (This does not apply to Recovery volumes)					
	(This	does not apply	to Recovery V	/olumes)	
[î↓]-	Select	[ESC]-Previou	s Menu	[DEL]-Del	ete Volume

 Press <Y> to confirm deletion of the selected RAID set and return to the utility main menu, or press <N> to return to the DELETE VOLUME menu.



6.3.4 Resetting disks to Non-RAID



Take caution before you reset a RAID volume hard disk drive to non-RAID. Resetting a RAID volume hard disk drive deletes all internal RAID structure on the drive.

To reset a RAID set:

- 1. From the utility main menu, select 3. Reset Disks to Non-RAID and press <Enter>.
- Press the up/down arrow keys to select the drive(s) or disks of the RAID set you want to reset, then press <Space>. A small triangle before the Port number marks the selected drive. Press <Enter> when you are done.

[RESET RAID DATA] Resetting RAID disk will remove its RAID structures and revert it to a non-RAID disk. The structure of the second structures and the second structures of the second structures (This does not apply to Recovery volumes)				
Port	Drive Model	Serial #	Size	Status
0	ST3300656SS	HWAS0000991753TR	279.3GB	Member Disk
1	ST3300656SS	37VN00009846RAJ1	279.3GB	Member Disk
Select the disks that should be reset. == [^i]-Previous/Next [SPACE]-Selects [ENTER]-Selection Complete ==				

3. Press <Y> in the confirmation window to reset the drive(s) or press <N> to return to the utility main menu.

6.3.5 Exiting the Intel[®] Rapid Storage Technology enterprise SATA Option ROM utility

To exit the utility:

- 1. From the utility main menu, select 4. Exit then press <Enter>.
- 2. Press <Y> to exit or press <N> to return to the utility main menu.



6.3.6 Rebuilding the RAID



This option is only for the RAID 1 set.

Rebuilding the RAID with other non-RAID disk

If any of the SATA hard disk drives included in the RAID 1 array failed, the system displays the status of the RAID volume as "Degraded" during POST. You can rebuild the RAID array with other installed non-RAID disks.

To rebuild the RAID with other non-RAID disk:

- 1. During POST, press <Ctrl>+<l> at the prompt to enter the Intel Rapid Storage Technology option ROM utility.
- If there is a non-RAID SATA Hard Disk available, the utility will prompt you to rebuild the RAID. Press the up/down arrow keys to select the destination disk then Press <Enter> to start the rebuilding process, or press <ESC> to exit.





Select a destination disk with the same size as the original hard disk.

The utility immediately starts rebuilding after the disk is selected. When done, the status of the degraded RAID volume is changed to "Rebuild".

	Technology enterprise - Si 3-12 Intel Corporation.	ATA Option ROM - 3.6.0.1023 All Rights Reserved.
1. Create RAID 2. Delete RAID		t Disks to Non-RAID
	= [DISK/VOLUME INFORMATIC	[אס
RAID Volumes: ID Name Level1 1 Volume0 RAID1()		*=Data is Encrypted Fize Status Bootable OGB <mark>Rebuild</mark> Yes
Physical Devices: Port Drive Model S. 1 ST3160812AS 9: 2 ST3160812AS 3:	LSOF4HL 149.0GB	Member Disk(0)
Volumes with "Rebuild"	status will be rebuilt wi	thin the operating system.
[† ↓]-Select	[ESC]-Exit	[ENTER]-Select Menu

- 4. Press < Esc> to exit Intel Rapid Storage Technology and reboot the system.
- Select Start > Programs > Intel Rapid Storage > Intel Rapid Storage Console or click the Intel Rapid Storage Technology tray icon to load the Intel Rapid Storage Manager utility.
- 6. From the **View** menu, select **Advanced Mode** to display the details of the Intel Rapid Storage Console.
- 7. From the Volumes view option, select RAID volume to view the rebuilding status. When finished, the status is changed to "Normal".

Rebuilding the RAID with a new hard disk

If any of the SATA hard disk drives included in the RAID array failed, the system displays the status of the RAID volume as "Degraded" during POST. You may replace the disk drive and rebuild the RAID array.

To rebuild the RAID with a new hard disk:

1. Remove the failed SATA hard disk and install a new SATA hard disk of the same specification into the same SATA Port.

5	
1.	3/

Select a destination disk with the same size as the original hard disk.

 Reboot the system then follow the steps in section Rebuilding the RAID with other non-RAID disk.

6.3.7 Setting the Boot array in the BIOS Setup Utility

You can set the boot priority sequence in the BIOS for your RAID arrays when creating multi-RAID using the Intel[®] Rapid Storage Technology enterprise SATA Option ROM utility. To set the boot array in the BIOS:



Set at least one of the arrays bootable to boot from the hard disk.

- 1. Reboot the system and press to enter the BIOS setup utility during POST.
- 2. Go to the Boot menu and select the boot option priority.
- 3. Use up/down arrow keys to select the boot priority and press <Enter>. See the Boot menu section of Chapter 4 for more details.
- 4. From the Exit menu, select Save Changes & Exit, then press <Enter>.
- 5. When the confirmation window appears, select Yes, then press <Enter>.

6.4 Intel[®] Rapid Storage Technology enterprise (Windows)

The Intel[®] Rapid1 Storage Technology enterprise allows you to create RAID 0, RAID 1, RAID 10 (RAID 1+0), and RAID 5 set(s) from Serial ATA hard disk drives that are connected to the Serial ATA connectors supported by the Southbridge.



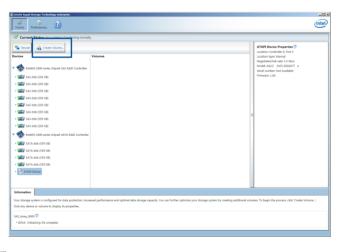
You need to manually install the Intel[®] Rapid Storage Technology enterprise utility on a Windows® operating system. Please refer to the installation instructions in Chapter 6.

To enter the Intel[®] Rapid Storage Technology enterprise utility under Windows operating system:

1. Turn on the system to windows desktop.

2. Click the Intel[®] Rapid Storage Technology enterprise icon to display the main menu.

Your storage system is configured for data protection, increased performance and optimal data storage capacity. You can create additional volumes to further optimize your storage system.



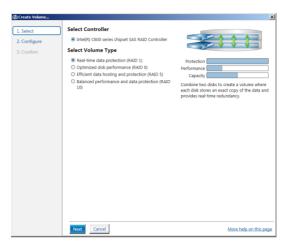


You can click Rescan to re-scan any attached hard disks.

6.4.1 Creating a RAID set

To create a RAID set:

- 1. From the utility main menu, select Create Volume and select volume type.
- 2. Click Next.



- 3. Enter a name for the RAID set, then select the array disks.
- 4. Select Volume Size tab, you can drag the bar to decide the volume size.
- 5. Click Next.

. Select	Configure Volume	Proposed Configurati
. Configure	Name: Volume_0000	New Array
I. Confirm	Select the array disks (minimum selection required):	Volume_0000
	SAS disk on Controller 1, Phy 0 (279 GB)	
	SAS disk on Controller 1, Phy 2 (279 GB)	
	SAS disk on Controller 1, Phy 4 (279 GB)	
	SAS disk on Controller 1, Phy 6 (279 GB)	
	Volume Size Advanced	
	Volume Size 4.468 MB	
	Array allocation: 2% 2%	
	L	
	Tack Text Cancel	More help on this p



- If you do not want to keep the data on one of the selected disks, select NO when prompted.
- If you want to Enable volume write-back cache or Initialize volume, click Advanced.

6. Confirm the volume creation, than click Create Volume to continue.

健 Create Volume		×
1. Select 2. Configure 3. Confirm	Confirm Volume Creation Review the selected configuration. O This process cold take a while depending on the number and size of the disks. You can continue using other applications during this time.	Propoed Configuration New Array

7. Wait until the process is completed, then click OK when prompted.

Volume Creation Complete	×
The volume was created successfully.	
• You still need to partition your new volume using Windows Disk Management* before addinary data.	g
More help OK	

You still need to partition your new volume using Windows Disk Management before adding any data.

The RAID set is displayed in the Volumes list and you can change the settings in Volume Properties.

🕸 Jarlető Rapid Storage Technology enterprise					
Harre Preferences	(intel)				
Current Status Your system is functioning normally.					
Image: Construction Versement Porter Versement Image: Construction Strategy SILAND Construction Self, Alexa, Strategy Image: Construction Strategy Self, Alexa, Strategy Image: Construction Self, Alexa, Strategy	Volume Properties (*) Home water Volume Constraints Volume Volume Constraints Volume Volume Volume Volume Volume Volume Volume Volume Volume Volume Instates in Logical (*) Montoner of data With Workshow of data With Work				
* 6 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1					

6.4.2 Changing a Volume Type

To change the volume type in Volume Properties:

- 1. Click the SATA array items you want to change in Volumes field.
- 2 From the Volume Properties field, select Type:RAID 1 Change type.



- 3. You can change the Name, Select the new volume type, and Select additional disks to include in the new volume if needed.
- Select the Data stripe size for the RAID array (for RAID 0, 10 and 5 only), and click OK. The available stripe size values range from 4 KB to 128 KB. The following are typical values: RAID 0: 128KB RAID 10: 64KB

-	ange Volume Type	2
	lame: Volume_0000	
S	elect the new volume type:	
	 Optimized disk performance (RAID 0) 	
1	 Efficient data hosting and protection (RAID 5) 	
	The new volume will automatically include the disks that are part of the existing volume.	
s	elect additional disks to include in the new volume: 💯	
	SAS disk on Controller 1, Phy 4	
	SAS disk on Controller 1, Phy 6	
D	bata stripe size: 🗗 🔽 🖉	
4	WARNING: Completing this action will immediately start the volume migration process. Any dat on the disks to be added to the volume will be permanently lost and should be backed up before continuing. Volume data will be preserved. Performing a driver upgrade or downgrade while a volume migration is in progress may make the volume inaccessible due to driver incompatibility.	а
-	More help OK Cancel	-



We recommend a lower stripe size for server systems, and a higher stripe size for multimedia computer systems used mainly for audio and video editing.

RAID 5: 64KB

6.4.3 Deleting a volume



Be cautious when deleting a volume. You will lose all data on the hard disk drives.Before you proceed, ensure that you back up all your important data from your hard drives.

To delete a volume:

1. From the utility main menu, select the volume (exp. Volume_0000) in Volumes field you want to delete.

logy enterprise	-			(intel)
r system is functioning norma s Volume	Volumes SA5_Array_0000	E	Volume Properties (*) Name: Volume, 0000 Rename Status Normal Type: RAID 1 Change type Size: 4.468 Mb Increase size System volume: No Delete Volume Write-back cache: Osable Grable (*) Initialized: No Initialize (*) Verification details Verify Parly errors: 0 Biolock with media errors: 0 Biolock with with with with with with with with	

2. Select Delete volume in Volume Properties field. The following screen appears.



 Click Yes to delete the volume and return to the utility main menu, or click No to return to the main menu.

6.4.4 Preferences

System Preferences

Allow you to set to show the notification area icon and show system information, warning, or errors here.

Intel® Rapid Storage Technolo Home Preferences	ov enterprine D	(intel)
System E-mail	System Preferences ✓ Show the notification area icon show the following notifications: ✓ Storage system information ✓ Storage system information ✓ Storage system remotes	
	More	telp on this page

E-Mail Preferences

Allow you to set to sent e-mail of the following events:

- Storage system information
- Storage system warnings
- Storage system errors

lintel® Rapid Storage Technology	/ enterprise	_ @ ×
Home Preferences		(intel)
System (E-mail	E-mail Preferences Notify ms by e mail of the following events: Storage system information Storage system events Bend configuration Storage system events Pert: Pert: Recipient e mail address 1: Recipient e mail e m	More belg on this page



Driver installation

This chapter provides instructions for installing the necessary drivers for different system components.

7

7.1 RAID driver installation

After creating the RAID sets for your server system, you are now ready to install an operating system to the independent hard disk drive or bootable array. This part provides the instructions on how to install the RAID controller drivers during OS installation.

7.1.1 Creating a RAID driver disk



The system does not include a floppy drive. You have to use a USB floppy drive when creating a SATA RAID driver disk.



If you have created RAID sets with the LSI Software RAID configuration utility, the boot priority of the SATA optical disk drive has to be manually adjusted. Otherwise, the system will not boot from the connected SATA ODD.

To create a RAID driver disk in Windows® environment

- 1. Start Windows®.
- 2. Place the motherboard support DVD into the optical drive.
- Go to the Make disk menu, and then select the type of RAID driver disk you want to create.
- 4. Insert a floppy disk into the USB floppy disk drive.
- 5. Follow succeeding screen instructions to complete the process.



Write-protect the floppy disk to avoid computer virus infection.

To create a RAID driver disk in Red Hat® Enterprise Linux server environment

- 1. Insert a blank formatted high-density floppy disk to the USB floppy disk drive.
- Type dd if=XXX.img of=/dev/fd0 to decompress the file into the floppy disk from the following path in the support DVD:

For LSI MegaRAID Driver

\Drivers\C610 LSI RAID\Driver\makedisk\Linux

3. Eject the floppy disk.

7.1.2 Installing the RAID controller driver

During Windows® Server 2008 R2 OS installation

To install the RAID controller driver when installing Windows® Server 2008 R2 OS

- 1. Boot the computer using the Windows[®] Server 2008 R2 OS installation disc. Follow the screen instructions to start installing Windows Server 2008 R2.
- 2. When prompted to choose a type of installation, click **Custom (advanced)**.

🇿 🏘 Install	Windows
Which	type of installation do you want?
N.	Upgrade Upgrade to a newer version of Windows and keep your files, settings, and programs. The option to upgrade is only available when an existing version of Windows is running. We recommend backing up your files before you proceed.
	Sustom (advanced) Instal a new copy of Windows. This option does not keep your files, settings, and pregvams. The registon is make change its data and partitions is available when you before you proceed.
Help me	decide

3. Click Load Driver.

	Name	Total Size	Free Space	Туре
P	Disk 0 Partition 1	153.4 GB	144.1 GB	System
Ŷ	Disk 1 Unallocated Space	148.1 GB	148.1 GB	
e <u>R</u> ef	resh d Driver		Drive option	s (<u>a</u> dvanced)

4. A message appears, reminding you to insert the installation media containing the driver of the RAID controller driver. If you have only one optical drive installed in your system, eject the Windows OS installation disc and replace with the motherboard Support DVD into the optical drive. Click **Browse** to continue.



- Locate the driver in the corresponding folder of the Support DVD then click OK to continue.
- 6. Select the RAID controller driver you need from the list and click Next.
- When the system finishes loading the RAID driver, replace the motherboard Support DVD with the Windows Server installation disc. Select the drive to install Windows and click Next.

	Name	Total Size	Free Space	
P	Disk 0 Partition 1	153.4 GB	144.0 GB	System
60	Disk 1 Partition 1	592.3 GB	584.9 GB	Primary
n Bef	rach		Drive option	r (advanced)
2.770	(62)(1		Drive option	s (auranceu)

8. Setup then proceeds with the OS installation. Follow screen instructions to continue.

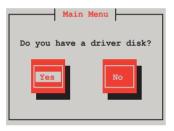
Red Hat[®] Enterprise Linux OS 5.x

To load the LSI MegaRAID controller driver when installing Red Hat® Enterprise OS:

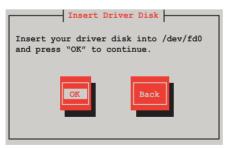
- 1. Boot the system from the Red Hat[®] OS installation CD.
- 2. At the boot:, type linux dd then press < Enter>.



 Select Yes using the <Tab> key when asked if you have the driver disk, then press <Enter>.

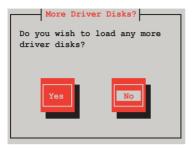


4. Insert the Red Hat® Enterprise RAID driver disk to the USB floppy disk drive, select OK, then press <Enter>.



The drivers for the RAID card are installed to the system.

 When asked if you will load additional RAID controller drivers, select No, then press <Enter>.



- 6. Follow the onscreen instructions to finish the OS installation.
- 7. When the installation is completed, DO NOT click **Reboot**. Press <Ctrl> + <Alt> + <F2> to switch to the command-line interface from graphic user interface.
- 8. Type the following commands when using a Legacy floppy.

```
mkdir /mnt/driver
mount /dev/fd0 /mnt/driver
cd /mnt/driver
sh replace_ahci.sh
reboot
```

Red Hat[®] Enterprise Linux OS 6.x

To install the LSI MegaRAID controller driver when installing Red Hat® Enterprise OS:

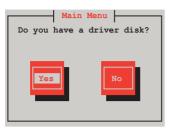
- 1. Boot the system from the Red Hat[®] OS installation CD.
- 2. Press <Tab> to edit options.



 While booting from DVD, press <ESC> to give the third party driver. Enter the following command at the boot: Linux dd blacklist=isci blacklist=ahci nodmraid, then press <ENTER>.



 Select Yes using the <Tab> key when asked if you have the driver disk, then press <Enter>.



5 . You have multiple devices which could serve as source for a driver disk. Choose one you like to use and select **OK**, then press <Enter>.

Driver Disk Sou8rce
You have multiple devices which could serve as source for a driver disk. Which would you like to use?
sdc
sdd
sdb
sr0
OK Cancel

6. Insert the Red Hat[®] Enterprise RAID driver disk to the USB floppy disk drive, select OK, then press <Enter>.



The drivers for the RAID card are installed to the system.

 When asked if you will load additional RAID controller drivers, select No, then press <Enter>.



8. Follow the onscreen instructions to finish the OS installation.

Preparing the Linux Driver

Ensure that there is another computer with a Linux-based OS to create the RAID driver. When creating the RAID driver, you may refer to the examples below which uses a 64bit SUSE Linux system to create a 64bit RAID driver for SUSE11 sp1.

1. Copy the image file into the Linux system.

Example: megasr-15.00.0120.2012-1-sles11-ga-x86_64.img

2. Create a folder.

Example: image

3. Mount the image file into the image folder using this command format:

```
mount -oloop [image file name] image
```

Example: mount -oloop megasr-15-15.00.0120.2012-1-sles11ga-x86_64.img image



4. Copy the contents of the image directory, labeled as **01**, into a FAT32 USB drive.

6		image - File Brows	er	_ = ×
<u>E</u> ile <u>E</u> dit ⊻iew <u>G</u> o	<u>B</u> ookmarks <u>T</u> abs <u>H</u> elp	0		
Back - Forward -	👍 区 Up Stop	Reload Home	Computer Search	* * * * *
📄 💷 tmp ima	ige 02			
Places ❤ 🗙				
🖾 Desktop	01	02		
🔜 File System				
Detwork				

5. Rename the **01** folder to **CD Image**.

Ð							er - File Bro			
<u>E</u> ile	<u>E</u> dit	⊻iew	<u>G</u> 0	<u>B</u> ookmarks	<u>T</u> abs <u>H</u>	elp				
🧔 Back	~	i Forwar	d	∱ Up	(X) Stop	🔁 Reload	E Home	Computer	long Search	• • • • •
	<	JE	NNY_	BOOT	u× driver					
Plac			×	ł						
🛄 De	sktop			C	d image					
🔜 Fil 😰 Ne	-									

Installing SUSE 11 Linux OS

To install the LSI MegaRAID controller driver when installing SUSE Linux Enterprise Server OS:

- 1. Boot the system from the SUSE OS installation CD.
- 2. Use the arrow keys to select Installation from the Boot Options menu.

BUEE Linx Enterplise Server	-	
	Boot from Hard Disk	
	Installation	
	Repair Installed System	
	Rescue System	
	Check Installation Media	
	Firmware Test	
	Memory Test	
		Yes
Boot Option	ns	No
		File
F1 Help F2 Language F3 V	/ideo Mode F4 Source F5 Kernel	URL F6 Driver
	300 x 600 DVD Default	No

3. Press <F6>, then select **Yes** from the menu. Press <Enter>.

SUSE. Linax Enterprise Server		
	Boot from Hard Disk	
	Installation	
	Repair Installed System	
	Rescue System	
	Check Installation Media	
	Firmware Test	
	Memory Test	
		Yes
		No
Boot Option		File
		URL
	ideo Mode F4 Source F5 Kernel F 00 x 600 DVD Default	6 Driver No

4. Use the USB drive to provide the third-party driver during the OS installation. Type the command **brokenmodules=ahci** in **Boot Options** field, and press <Enter>.

SUSE. Linux Enterprise Ser						
		Boot from	Hard Disk			
		Installatio	n			
		Repair Ins	talled System			
		Rescue S	ystem			
		Check Ins	tallation Med	lia		
		Firmware	Test			
		Memory T	est			
	Boot C	pptions brokenn	nodules=ahc	1		
F1 Help	F2 Language English (US)	F3 Video Mode 800 x 600	F4 Source DVD	F5 Kernel Default	F6 Driver Yes	

5. When below screen appears, select the USB floppy disk drive (sda) as the driver update medium. Select **OK**, then press <Enter>.

Please choose the Driver Update medium.	
sda: USB Floppy other device	
Back	

6. Select **Back** and follow the onscreen instructions to finish the installation.

7.2 Management applications and utilities installation

The support DVD that is bundled with your motherboard contains drivers, management applications, and utilities that you can install to maximize the features of your motherboard.

- The contents of the support DVD are subject to change at any time without notice. Visit the ASUS website (www.asus.com) for the latest updates on software and utilities.
 - The support DVD is supported on Windows[®] Server 2008 R2 and Windows[®] Server 2012.

7.3 Running the Support DVD

When you place the support DVD into the optical drive, the DVD automatically displays the main screen if Autorun is enabled in your computer. By default, the Drivers tab is displayed.



If Autorun is NOT enabled in your computer, browse the contents of the support DVD to locate the file **ASSETUP.EXE** from the **BIN** folder. Double-click the **ASSETUP.EXE** to run the support DVD.

The main screen of the Support DVD contains the following tabs:

- 1. Drivers
- 2. Utilities
- 3. MakeDisk
- 4. Manual
- 5. Contact



The main screen of the Support DVD looks exactly the same on the Windows[®] Server 2008 R2 and on the Windows[®] Server 2012 Operating System (OS).

7.3.1 Drivers menu tab

The Drivers Menu shows the available device drivers if the system detects installed devices. Install the necessary drivers to activate the devices.



7.3.2 Utilities menu tab

The Utilities menu displays the software applications and utilities that the motherboard supports.



7.3.3 MakeDisk menu tab

The MakeDisk menu contains items to create the Intel RAID driver disks.

Press the arrow down button in the lower part of the menu to view more items. MB Intel C610 series Chipset SATA/sSATAA... Intel C610 series ChipsetSATA/sSATA A.... Intel C610 series Chipset SATA/sSATAA.... Intel C610 series Chipset SATA/sSATAA.... Intel C610 series Chipset SATA/sSATAA.... Intel C610 series Chipset SATA/sSATA A....

7.3.4 Manual menu

The Manual menu provides the link to the Broadcom NetXtreme II Network Adapter user guide.



You need an internet browser installed in your OS to view the User Guide.

<u>F</u> ile <u>E</u> dit ⊻iew <u>S</u> earch <u>T</u> erminal <u>H</u> elp
root@localhost Desktop]# cd /
<pre>root@localhost //# mkdir test prot@localhost //# mkoir test</pre>
root@localhost test]# ls
<pre>docs firmware mlnxofedinstall repodata RPMS src uninstall.sh root@localhost test]# ./mlnxofedinstall</pre>
this program will install the MLNX_OFED_LINUX package on your machine. lote that all other Mellanox, OEM, OFED, or Distribution IB packages will be rem yed.
Do you want to continue?[y/N]:
× ×
R.

7.3.5 Contact information menu

The Contact menu displays the ASUS contact information, e-mail addresses, and useful links if you need more information or technical support for your motherboard.

r C610 Se ek COMPOTER INC. s : 15 Li-Te Road, Peitou one : +886-2-2894-3447 i86-2-2890-7798 info@asus.com.tw e : http://www.asus.com Tainai Taiwan 11250 sus com tv Telephone : +86-21-38429911 FAX : +86-21-58668722, ext. 9101# Online Support : http://support.asus. ASUSTeK COMPUTER INC.(Taiwan) Tek COMPUTER INC. (China) : COMPUTER INC. (China) : COMPUTER INTERNATIONAL (America) : COMPUTER GmbH (Germany & Austria)

7.4 Intel[®] chipset device software installation

This section provides the instructions on how to install the Intel[®] chipset device software on the system.

You need to manually install the Intel® chipset device software on a Windows operating system.

To install the Intel® chipset device software:

- 1. Restart the computer, and then log on with Administrator privileges.
- Insert the motherboard/system support DVD to the optical drive. The support DVD automatically displays the **Drivers** menu if Autorun is enabled in your computer.



If Autorun is NOT enabled in your computer, browse the contents of the support DVD to locate the file **ASSETUP.EXE** from the **BIN** folder. Double-click the **ASSETUP.EXE** to run the support DVD.

3. Click the item Intel Chipset Device Software from the menu.



 The Intel(R) Chipset Device Software window appears. Click Next to start installation.



5. Select Yes to accept the terms of the License Agreement and continue the process.



6. Read the Readme File Information and press Next to continue the installation.



7. Toggle **Yes**, I want to restart the computer npw and click **Finish** to complete the setup process.



7.5 Installing the Intel[®] I210 Gigabit Adapters driver

This section provides the instructions on how to install the Intel® I210 Gigabits Adapter Driver on the system.

To install the Intel® I210 Gigabit Adapters Driver on the Windows® operating system:

- 1. Restart the computer.
- 2. Log on with Administrator privileges.
- 3. Insert the motherboard/system support DVD to the optical drive.



If Autorun is NOT enabled in your computer, browse the contents of the support DVD to locate the file **ASSETUP.EXE** from the **BIN** folder. Double-click the **ASSETUP.EXE** to run the support DVD.

 Click Intel[®] I350-AM1/I350-AM2/I210/X540-BT2 Gigabit Adapters Drivers in the Drivers menu of the main screen to start the installation.



5. Click Install Drivers and Software option to begin installation.



6. Click Next when the Intel(R) Network Connections–InstallShield Wizard window appears.

₿	Intel(R) Network Connections Install Wizard	×
	ne to the install wizard for Intel(R) k Connections	(intel)
	Installs drivers, Intel(R) Network Connections, and Advanced Networking Services.	
	WARNING: This program is protected by copyright law and international treaties.	
	< Back Next >	Cancel

7. Tick I accept the terms in the license agreement and click Next to continue.



8. From the Setup Options window, click Next to start the installation.



By default, Intel(R) PROSet for Windows Device Manager and Windows PowerShell Module are ticked.

	Intel(R) Network Conr	lections	
Setup Options Select the program feature	ures you want installed.		intel
Advanced Netw 	a Center Bridging Center Bridging		
Feature Description			
	< <u>B</u> ack	Next >	Cancel

9. Click Install to start the installation.



10. When the installation is done, press Finish to complete the installation.



7.6 VGA driver installation

This section provides the instructions on how to install the ASPEED Video Graphics Adapter (VGA) driver.

You need to manually install the ASPEED VGA driver on a Windows^ ${\ensuremath{^\circ}}$ operating system.

To install the ASPEED VGA driver:

- 1. Restart the computer, and then log on with Administrator privileges.
- Insert the motherboard/system support DVD to the optical drive. The support DVD automatically displays the **Drivers** menu if Autorun is enabled in your computer.



If Autorun is NOT enabled in your computer, browse the contents of the support DVD to locate the file **ASSETUP.EXE** from the **BIN** folder. Double-click the **ASSETUP.EXE** to run the support DVD.

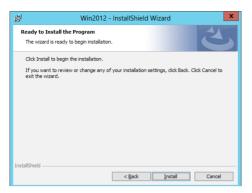
3. Click the ASPEED AST2300 / AST2400 Display Driver to begin installation.



4. From the installation window, click **Next** to start the installation.



5. Click **Install** to proceed with the installation.



6. Click **Finish** to complete the installation.

븅 Win	2012 - InstallShield Wizard	x
S.	InstallShield Wizard Completed The InstallShield Wizard has successfully installed Win2012. Click Finish to exit the wizard.	
	< Back Einish Cancel	

7.7 Intel[®] Rapid Storage Technology enterprise 4.0 installation

This section provides the instructions on how to install the Intel[®] Rapid Storage Technology enterprise 4.0 on the system.

You need to manually install the Intel[®] Rapid Storage Technology enterprise 4.0 utility on a Windows[®] operating system.

To install the Intel® Rapid Storage Technology enterprise 4.0 utility:

- 1. Restart the computer, and then log on with Administrator privileges.
- Insert the motherboard/system support DVD to the optical drive, and find the utility menu.
- 3. Click the Intel[®] Rapid Storage Technology enterprise 4.0 to begin installation.



4. When the Welcome to the Setup Program appears, click Next to start the installation.



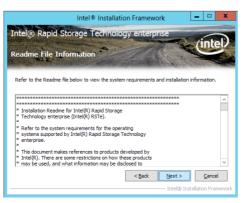
5. Read the Warning message and click Next to continue.



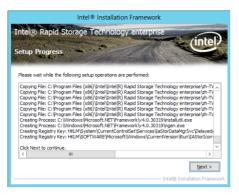
6. Read the License Agreement and click Yes to continue.



7. Read the Readme File Information and click Next to continue.



8. After completing the installation, click Next to complete the setup process.



9. Select **Yes**, **I want to restart my computer now** and click **Finish** to restart your computer before using the program.



ASUS contact information

ASUSTeK COMPUTER INC.

Address
Telephone
Fax
E-mail
Web site

15 Li-Te Road, Peitou, Taipei, Taiwan 11259 +886-2-2894-3447 +886-2-2890-7798 info@asus.com.tw http://www.asus.com

Technical Support

Telephone	+86-21-38429911
Fax	+86-21-58668722 ext: 9101
Online Support	http://support.asus.com/techserv/techserv.aspx

ASUSTeK COMPUTER INC. (Taiwan)

Address Telephone Fax E-mail Web site 15 Li-Te Road, Peiťou, Taipei, Taiwan 11259 +886-2-2894-3447 +886-2-2890-7798 info@asus.com.tw http://www.asus.com.tw

Technical Support

Telephone	+886-2-2894-3447 (0800-093-456)
Online Support	http://support.asus.com/techserv/techserv.aspx

ASUSTeK COMPUTER INC. (China)

Address

Telephone Fax Web site No.508, Chundong Road, Xinzhuang Industrial Zone, Minhang District, Shanghai, China. +86-21-5442-1616 +86-21-5442-0099 http://www.asus.com.cn

Technical Support

Telephone Online Support 400-620-6655 http://support.asus.com/techserv/techserv.aspx

ASUS contact information

ASUS COMPUTER INTERNATIONAL (America)

Address Fax Web site 800 Corporate Way, Fremont, CA 94539, USA +1-510-608-4555 http://usa.asus.com

Technical Support Support fax General support Online support

+1-812-284-0883 +1-812-282-2787 http://support.asus.com/techserv/techserv.aspx

ASUS COMPUTER GmbH (Germany and Austria)

Address Fax Web site Online contact Harkort Str. 21-23, D-40880 Ratingen, Germany +49-2102-959911 http://www.asus.de http://www.asus.de/sales

Technical Support

Telephone +49-1805-010923 Support Fax +49-2102-959911 Online support http://support.asus.com/techserv/techserv.aspx

ASUS Czech Service s.r.o. (Europe)

Address Na Rovince 887, 720 00 Ostrava – Hrabová, Czech Republic Telephone +420-596766888 Web site http://www.asus.cz

Technical Support

Telephone +420-596-766-891 Fax +420-596-766-329 E-mail advance.rma.eu@asus.com Online Support http://support.asus.com/techserv/techserv.aspx

ASUS contact information

ASUS Holland BV (The Netherlands)

Address	Marconistraat 2, 7825GD	EMMEN, The Netherlands
Web site	http://www.asus.com	

Technical Support

+31-(0)591-5-70292
+31-(0)591-666853
advance.rma.eu@asus.com
http://support.asus.com/techserv/techserv.aspx

ASUS Polska Sp. z o.o. (Poland)

Address	Ul. Postępu 6,	02-676	Warszawa,	Poland
Web site	http://pl.asus	.com		

Technical Support

Telephone	+48-225718033
Online Support	http://support.asus.com/techserv/techserv.aspx

ASK-Service (Russia and CIS)

Address Telephone Web site г.Москва, ул. Орджоникидзе, д.10, Россия (495) 640-32-75 http://ru.asus.com

Technical Support

Telephone	008-800-100-ASUS (008-800-100-2787)
Online Support	http://vip.asus.com/eservice/techserv.aspx?SLanguage=ru

